Town of Allenstown New Hampshire



Zoning Ordinance

Adopted February 18, 1978

Updated November 06September 16, 2021

Effective Date TBD

Town of Allenstown, New Hampshire 16 School Street, Allenstown NH 03275 [Working Draft]

Guide to Navigating the PDF File

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> 🗍 Preface	In the Bookmarks Panel, click on an entry to jump to any part of the document. Click on the thin right arrow next to each entry to display bookmarks for subsections.
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1 / 187	In the number range region, enter a page number on the left side and press Enter to go to that page.
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<u></u> ⊕ + ⊕	Cross references appear in a paragraph as bold text that includes a chapter number or a section number. The cursor changes from an open hand to a pointer hand. Click on the cross reference text to jump to that section. Press Alt+Left Arrow to return to the cross reference text.

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Preface

Preface

Section 1. Adoption of Code By Reference

- 1. Pursuant to RSA 155-A, the Town of Allenstown adopts the following Codes by reference: The most current "International Building Code" and its revisions and the most current "International Residential Code" and its revisions.
- **2.** Pursuant to RSA 155-A, the Town of Allenstown adopts the following Code by reference: The most current National Electrical Code (NFPA NO. 70) as recommended by the National Fire Protection Association.
- **3.** Pursuant to RSA 155-A, the Town of Allenstown adopts the following Code by reference: The most current Life Safety Code (NFPA No. 101) as recommended by the National Fire Protection Association.

Section 2. Administration and Enforcement by the Building Inspector

The provisions of this Ordinance and of this Code shall be administered and enforced by the Building Inspector who shall be appointed by the Board of Selectmen, and who shall report violations of this Ordinance and of this Code to the Board of Selectmen.

Section 3. Board of Appeal

The Allenstown Board of Adjustment shall serve as the Board of Appeal under this Ordinance and this Code.

Section 4. Penalty

Whoever violated any provision of this Ordinance or this Code shall be subject to a fine not exceeding \$25 for each separate offense. Each and every day or portion thereof, during which any violation is committed or continued, shall be deemed a separate offense, and each and every violation shall be deemed a separate offense.

Section 5. Fees

The Board of Selectmen shall prescribe the fees for permits or certificates issued under this Ordinance or this Code, and each application for a permit or certificate shall be accompanied by the prescribed fee.

Section 6. Severability Clause

This looks similar to Section 2105 and Chapter 33 (old Article XXXI) on Severability. Can we delete those other instances?

If any section, subsection, or clause of this Zoning Ordinance shall be deemed unconstitutional or otherwise invalid, the validity of the remaining sections, subsections, and clauses shall not be affected. This is also called the separability clause.

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Section 7. Other Provisions			
Nothing in this Ordinance or this Code aws or regulations, which prescribe mo		enforcement of other	
The manufacture and installation of all Zoning Ordinance, must also comply w			
Section 8. Effective Date			
This Zoning Ordinance and this Code s Town Election. This date is shown on the the Revision History.			
Effective Date appears here, and in Cha	pter 1, 16, 19, 22, 24, 27, and 35.		
Some may actually refer to what's in a s			
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Section 9. Audience		•	For
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Chapter 1. General Information

Chapter 1. General Information

The old style main headings (e.g., Article XII) were replaced with the newer style (e.g., Chapter 12). This matches the usage of "Chapter" and "Section" in the NH RSA laws.

Section 101. Former Ordinance Repealed

The Zoning Ordinance of the Town of Allenstown, New Hampshire, enacted in 1970, and amended, and the Mobile Home Ordinance of the Town of Allenstown, enacted in 1964, are hereby repealed rather than amended, and the following Ordinance is enacted.

Section 102. Conflicting Ordinances Repealed

All other ordinances or parts of other ordinances in conflict with the provisions of this ordinance are hereby repealed. [content moved here from old chapter 34]

Section 1032. Title

This Ordinance shall be known and may be cited as the Town of Allenstown Zoning Ordinance of 1978, as amended.

Section 1043. Purpose and Authority

This Ordinance is adopted pursuant to the authority conferred by RSA 31:60-89, for the purpose contained in RSA 31:62.

Section 1054. Effective Date

This Ordinance shall take effect immediately upon passage. (March 12, 2002)

This statement first appeared in the Preface and then in other chapters. We need only one such statement. The date is also incorrect

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Chapter 1. General Information

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Chapter 2. Definitions

Section 201. General

In the interpretation and enforcement of this Ordinance, all words other than those defined specifically below, shall have the meanings implied by their context in the Ordinance or their ordinarily accepted meanings.

The word *person* includes a firm, association, organization, partnership, trust company or corporation as well as an individual.

The present tense includes the future tense, a singular number includes the plural, and the plural number includes the singular.

The *shall* is mandatory, the word *may* is permissive.

The word *lot* includes the words lot or parcel.

Site plan review by the Planning Board is required for all uses other than one-or-two family dwellings.

Section 202. Specific Definitions

- 1. Abandon The visible or otherwise apparent intention of an owner to discontinue a nonconforming use of a building or premises; or the removal of the characteristic equipment or furnishings used in the performance of the non-conforming use and replacing it with a conforming use.
- 2. Abutter Shall be as defined in RSA 672:3, as amended and means any person whose property is located in New Hampshire and adjoins or is directly across the street or stream from the land under consideration by the local land use board. For purposes of receiving testimony only, and not for purposes of notification, the term "abutter" shall include any person who is able to demonstrate that his land will be directly affected by the proposal under consideration. For purposes of receipt of notification by a municipality of a local land use board hearing, in the case of an abutting property being under a condominium or other collective form of ownership, the term abutter means the officers of the collective or association, as defined in RSA 356-B:3, XXIII. For purposes of receipt of notification by a municipality of a local land use board hearing, in the case of an abutting property being under a manufactured housing park form of ownership as defined in RSA 205-A:1, II, the term "abutter" includes the manufactured housing park owner and the tenants who own manufactured housing which adjoins or is directly across the street or stream from the land under consideration by the local land use board.
- **3.** Access —Management <u>—</u> Providing or managing access to land development while simultaneously preserving the flow of traffic on the surrounding road system in terms of safety, capacity and speed.
- 4. <u>Accessory</u> Agricultural (<u>Accessory</u> Use) Any agricultural use that is customary, incidental and accessory to a single family home for the purpose of providing food and/or other agricultural products to the residents of that Home.

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- **5.** Accessory Dwelling Unit (ADU) As defined per RSA 674:21.b, as amended and means a second dwelling unit, attached or detached, which is permitted by a land use control regulation to be located on the same lot, plat, site, or other division of land as the permitted principal dwelling unit.
- **6.** Accessory Structure A structure, the use of which is customarily incidental and subordinate to that of the principal building and is located on the same lot or premises as the principal building. For example, a garage, utility shed, or greenhouse.
- **7.** Accessory Structure (Agricultural/Farming) Any structure including but not limited to seasonal housing for seasonal farm employees, barns, equipment storage, feed storage, farm stand, greenhouses, lath houses, energy producing devices that provide energy primarily for farm use, cold storages, manure and compost storage, and product processing centers.
- Accounting/bookkeeping/Administrative support Individual or organization engaged in the system of recording and summarizing business and financial transactions and analyzing, verifying, and reporting the results.
- 8. Adjacent Bordering, contiguous, or neighboring. The term includes wetlands that directly connect to other waters of the United States, or that are in reasonable proximity to these waters, but physically separated from them by man-made dikes or barriers, natural river berms, beach dunes, and similar obstructions.
- 9. <u>Adult Business See Chapter 30 for regulations.</u>
- 10. Adult Daycare An establishment for the care and supervision of adults and which regularly receives for care individuals who are eighteen (18) years or older and unrelated to the operator of the agency, and which provides that care and supervision for any part of a day but less than twenty four (24) hours.
- **11.10.Agriculture and Farming** Agriculture and farming as defined in RSA 21:34-a, as amended and mean all operations of a farm.
- **12.11.Agritourism** attracting visitors to a working farm for the purpose of eating a meal, making overnight stays, enjoyment of the farm environment, education on farm operations, or active involvement in the activity of the farm which is ancillary to the farm operation.
- 13.12.Alternative Energy Systems Structures, equipment, devices or construction techniques used for the production of heat, light, cooling, electricity or other forms of energy on site and may be attached to or separate from the principal structure. Specifically, wind or solar
- **14.13.Alteration** Any construction, reconstruction or other action resulting in a change in the structural parts, height, number of stories, number of exits, use or location of a building or other structure.
- 15.14.Apartment Any dwelling unit for rent, including but not limited to a room, suite of rooms, enclosed porch, addition, or above garage space for the use of one or more persons as a housekeeping unit with space for eating, living, and sleeping and containing permanent provisions for cooking or sanitation. This definition replaces and supersedes any other definition of "Apartment" contained anywhere in these ordinances.
- **16.15.Apartment Building** Any building or portion thereof which contains three or more Apartments or dwelling units. This definition supersedes any definition of "Apartment"

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House" contained anywhere in these ordinances.

17.16.Air Pollution Control Act (APCA) - Air Pollution Control Act.

18.17.Aquifer – a geological formation composed of rock, sand, or gravel that contains significant amounts of potentially recoverable water.

19.18. Arterial Road A road whose primary function is mobility, moving people and goods over long distances quickly and efficiently.

20.19.Art Studio/Gallery – Site where the creation or display of art takes place.

21-20. Assisted Living Facility – As defined per RSA 151-E:2.I and means a facility with individual living units where medical and social support services are provided on the basis of an individualized plan of care and which provides other common social support services.

21. Bed & Breakfast – As defined per RSA 175:1.VI and means a building or buildings regularly used and kept open as such in a bona fide manner for the feeding and lodging of transient guests. A bed and breakfast shall have at least 4 rentable rooms and an area of dining capable of accommodating the number of registered guests and be housed in the primary residence of the owners or operators and whose posted room rates shall include breakfast.

22. <u>Best Management Practice (BMP) – Structural, non-structural and managerial techniques</u> that are recognized to be the most effective and practical means to prevent and/or reduce increases in stormwater volumes and flows, reduce point source and non-point source pollution, and promote stormwater quality and protection of the environment.

23. Bog – A wetland distinguished by stunted evergreen trees and shrubs, peat deposits, poor drainage, and/or highly acidic soil or water conditions.

24. Buffer, Wetland The protected upland areas adjacent to wetlands and surface waters.

25. Building – A structure of more or less permanent construction, having a roof and intended to be used for sheltering people, animals, property or business activity i.e. houses, garages, factories and barns. Temporary structures such as tents are not buildings.

 Building/Contractor Yard – A facility for the storage and maintenance of contractor's supplies and operational equipment.

27. Building Height – The vertical distance from the mean finished grade of the ground adjoining the building to the highest point of the roof. Not included are spires, TV antennae, chimney, or other part of structures which do not include potentially habitable floor space.

- Building Integrated Photovoltaic (BIPV) Systems (Solar Siting) A solar energy system that consists of integrating photovoltaic modules into the building structure, such as the roof or the facade and which does not alter the relief of the roof.
- 29. Backage Road Refers to a road located to the rear of a parcel that is not counted as, or is long enough to be frontage per density requirements in this Ordinance.

30. Best Management Practice (BMP) — Structural, non-structural and managerial techniques that are recognized to be the most effective and practical means to prevent and/or reduce increases in stormwater volumes and flows, reduce point source and non-point source pollution, and promote stormwater quality and protection of the environment.

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- **30.31.Business Use Accounting/bookkeeping/Administrative support** Individual or organization engaged in the system of recording and summarizing business and financial transactions and analyzing, verifying, and reporting the results.
- 31.32. Café/Wine Bar/Coffee House Small, informal establishment serving refreshments such as coffee, wine, made-to-order sandwiches, pastries and other light snacks made in an onpremise kitchen Games, conversation, small-scale musical entertainment and art for sale and display can be part of a café/wine bar/coffee house establishment. Such establishments are limited only to those that are eligible for an On-Premises Beverage and Wine License as described in RSA 178:20, as amended. Uses eligible for license under RSA 178-20-a and/or RSA 178-21 and/or RSA 178-22 as amended, are not included in this definition.
- **32.33.**Campground A plot plan of land upon which two or more campsites are located, established or maintained for occupancy by camping units as temporary living quarters for recreation, education or vacation purposes.
- 33.34.Carwash (commercial activity) A permanent or fixed place or business equipped for washing cars and other motor vehicles. May include: hand-wash facility where employees wash car by hand; coin-operated self-wash facility; in-bay automatics; tunnel wash facility; waterless car wash; and, steam car wash. A temporary car-wash activity (such as a fund raising event) is not included in this commercial car wash definition.
- **35.** Carport A structure having a roof with at least three sides intended to shelter a motor vehicle, equipment or materials.
- **36.** Child Care Center (Group) A building where care, protection and supervision is provided on a regular schedule, at least twice a week to seven (7) or more children including children of the adult provider.
- **34.37.<u>Family-Child Care Home (Family)</u>** A private residence where care, protection and supervision are provided for a fee, at least twice a week to no more than six (6) children at one time, including children of the adult provider and in which the operator resides.

35.38.<u>Group Child Care Center</u> A building where care, protection and supervision is provided on a regular schedule, at least twice a week to seven (7) or more children including children of the adult provider.

36.39. Clubs, social – As defined in RSA 175.1.XXI and means a group of individuals, incorporated under the laws of this state and may be affiliated with any national fraternal organization approved by the commission, either of which shall have been in existence for at least one year before the club's application for license. The premises occupied by the club, whether owned or leased shall not have been operated for pecuniary gain for that one-year period. The club shall be for the use of members and their guests and the property and fixtures of the club shall belong to the members. The members shall have the right to vote in club affairs and run for office.

37.40. Cluster Housing – Cluster housing is housing in a cluster development. A division of land into lots for use as individual residential building sites where said lots are arranged into one or more groups having area and yard measurements less than the minimum otherwise required by the Zoning Ordinance.

38.41.Code Enforcement Officer – The individual designated by the local governing body to

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administer and enforce the zoning ordinance, building codes and other building related codes unless otherwise specified in the Code as adopted by the Town.

- **39.<u>42.</u>Collector Road** A road connecting arterial roads to local roads, whose function is divided between providing mobility and access.
- 40.43.Collective Solar (Solar Siting) Solar installations owned collectively through subdivision homeowner associations, college student groups, "adopt a solar panel" programs, or other similar arrangements.
- 41.44. Commercial Greenhouse Is a building in which plants are grown for commercial purposes. A greenhouse may be glass or plastic and includes a so-called "high-tunnel" structure. This definition does not include a so-called "cold frame" of reasonable size as used subordinate to a private residence.
- 42.<u>45.</u>Commercial Stable A site where horses are kept and housed, a majority of which are not owned by the person/entity that owns the site.
- 43.46.Common Area Any land area set aside for common ownership including areas for common facilities as part of a cluster-type development.
- **44.<u>47.</u>Common Facilities** Built facilities which are commonly owned by the property owners within a cluster development. They may include streets, rights-of-way, common buildings, wells, water and waste treatment systems, and recreation facilities.
- **45.<u>48.</u>Community Center** A meeting place used by members of a community for social, cultural, or recreational purposes.
- **46.49.** Condominium Conversions A <u>structure n apartment building</u> with <u>twothree</u> or more living units for the use of individual families including the common ownership of the land.
- 50. Condominiums Shall be defined per RSA 356-B:3, as amended and means real property, and any interests therein, lawfully submitted to this chapter by the recordation of condominium instruments pursuant to the provisions of this <u>ordinancechapter</u>. No project shall be deemed a condominium within the meaning of this <u>ordinancechapter</u> unless the undivided interests in the common area are vested in the unit owners.
- 51. Daycare (Adult) An establishment for the care and supervision of adults and which regularly receives for care individuals who are eighteen (18) years or older and unrelated to the operator of the facility, and which provides that care and supervision for any part of a day but less than twenty-four (24) hours.
- **47.52.Daycare (Child)** An establishment for the care and supervision of children and which regularly receives for care individuals who are eighteen (18) years or younger and unrelated to the operator of the facility, and which provides that care and supervision for any part of a day but less than twenty-four (24) hours.
- 48.53.Convenience Store A retail store less than 7,500 square feet that is open long hours and sells some staple groceries and caters to local tastes. This definition does not include the sale of gasoline and is separate from a "filling station" as defined in this ordinance.
- 49.54.Consumable Manufactured Goods Sale and/or consumption of goods which are manufactured or created on site.

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- 50.55.Curb A stone, concrete or other improved boundary usually marking the edge of the roadway or paved area.
- 51.56.Curb Cut The opening along the curb line at which point access to a public roadway is provided.
- 52:57.Curve Number (CN) A numerical representation used to describe the stormwater runoff potential for a given drainage area based on land use, soil group, and soil moisture, derived as specified by the U.S. Department of Agriculture, Natural Resources Conservation Service (USDA/NRCS).
- 53.58.Developer A person who undertakes or proposes to undertake land disturbance activities.
- **54.59.Development** Development includes any human-made change to improved or unimproved real estate, including but not limited to buildings or other structures, mining, dredging, filling, grading, excavation or drilling activities. Development also includes alterations to the landscape that create, expand or change the location of impervious surfaces or alters the natural drainage of a site
- 55.60.Disconnected Impervious Cover Impervious cover that does not contribute directly to stormwater runoff from a site, but directs stormwater runoff to on site pervious cover to infiltrate into the soil or be filtered by overland flow so that the net rate and volume of stormwater runoff from the disconnected impervious cover is not greater than the rate and volume from undisturbed cover of equal area.
- 56.61.Drainage Area Means a geographic area within which stormwater, sediments, or dissolved materials drain to a particular receiving water body or to a particular point along a receiving water body.
- 57.62. Driveway A private roadway providing access to a street or highway.
- **58.63.Duplex** A single building designed for occupancy by two separate households which at a minimum has separate entrances and exits for each household, separate utility hook ups and metering, separate heating and cooling systems, separate kitchen, living areas, sleeping quarters and bathrooms.
- **59.64.** Easement A grant of one or more of the property rights by the owner to, or for the use by, the public, a corporation or another person or entity.
- 60.65.Effective Date This Zoning Ordinance and this Code shall take effect upon adoption by the voters at the annual Town Election. This date is shown on the title page. A list of specific changes are documented in the Revision History.
- 61.66.Effective Impervious Cover Impervious cover that is not disconnected impervious cover.
- 62.67. Erosion The detachment and movement of soil, rock, or rock fragments by water, wind, ice or gravity.
- 63.68.Family Child Care Home A private residence where care, protection and supervision are provided for a fee, at least twice a week to no more than six (6) children at one time, including children of the adult provider and in which the operator resides.

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- **64.69.Farm** Any land, buildings, or structures on or in which agriculture and farming activities are carried out or conducted and shall include the residence or residences of owners, occupants, or employees located on such land. Structures shall include all farm outbuildings used in the care of livestock, and in the production and storage of fruit, vegetables, or nursery stock; in the production of maple syrup; greenhouses for the production of annual or perennial plants; and as defined in RSA 21:34-a. as amended.
- 65.70.Farm Large Animal/Equine/Livestock Veterinary Facility Is a facility that can provide all facilities of veterinary medicine for large/equine/livestock animals including surgery, radiology, clinical pathology, dispensary and ward accommodation and provision for the 24 hour surveillance of animal patients. Services are also available on an emergency basis; the facility may be open 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.
- 66.71.Farm Live-stock Animals typically raised on farms or for agricultural purposes such as pigs, poultry including but limited to chickens, turkeys, pheasants, ducks and geese, horses, cows and cattle, sheep and goats and wild animals being domesticated for sale, labor or consumption including but limited to llamas, ostrich, buffalo, deer and catfish regardless of
 - whether they intend to be kept as household pets. Dogs, domestic cats weighing less than 30 pounds and birds kept exclusively in a personal residence shall not be considered livestock.
- 67.72.Farmers' Market Means farmers' market as defined in RSA 21:34-a.
- **68.**73.**Farm Parcel** A tract or parcel of land devoted primarily to agricultural uses may contain a dwelling or other accessory uses.
- 69.74.Farm Roadside Stand Means an on-farm, agricultural retail operation provided that: (A) at least 35 percent of the product sales in dollar volume is attributable to products from the farm or farms of the farm stand owner or farm stand operator; and (B) product sales not attributable to the farm or farms of the farm stand owner or farm stand operator shall be agriculturally related and may include, but not necessarily limited to, the sale of garden accessories, cheese, home crafts, cut flowers, dried flowers, value added products such as jams, jellies and baked goods from a farm stand kitchen. Proof of farm income may be required to determine conformity with these provisions.
- **75. Farm Worker Dwelling** A dwelling located on a farm for the purpose of housing an employee of that farm operation and his/her family. Also included in this use type would be multi-family dwelling(s) for seasonal employees in connection with an orchard or other agricultural use, which relies on seasonal employees who must be housed.
- 70.76.Farming See definition under Agricultural and Farming.
- 71.77.Fence An artificially constructed barrier of metal, wood, or other industry recognized materials to separate land areas. No fence shall exceed eight (8) feet in height in any zone. Fences shall be constructed with materials approved by the Building Inspector. No plastic (construction) or other construction fencing shall be permitted as permanent fencing.
- 72.78.Filling Station/Gasoline Station A facility that dispenses petroleum products including but not limited to gasoline and diesel and may also offer for sale other goods items and supplies to motorists.
- 79. Flea Market (,-Indoor) or Outdoor is a type of bazaar where inexpensive or secondhand

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goods are sold or bartered. It may be indoors or outdoors. The flea market vendors may range from a family that is renting a table for the first time to sell a few unwanted household items to a commercial operation including a large variety of new or used merchandise. Flea markets may have food vendors who sell snacks and drinks to the patrons.

- 73-80.Flea Market (Outdoor) Flea Markets is a type of bazaar where inexpensive or secondhand goods are sold or bartered. It shall be defined as any commercially run Flea Market, run for profit when held outside of the building/buildings of any property, not including privately held yard or tag sales.
- 74.81.Food/Beverage Processing The creation, processing, packaging or bottling of foodstuffs and/or beverages for wholesale purposes.
- 75.82.Freestanding or Ground-Mounted Solar Energy System (Solar Siting) A solar energy system that is directly installed in the ground and is not attached or affixed to an existing structure.
- 76-83.Front Lot Line Shall be defined as the side of a lot that contains at least the minimum required frontage on any street as dictated by the zone in which that lot lies and shall be dictated by that line which any landowner plans to, or does declare as its intended street address. The lot line that the front entrance of any home or building shall abut as declared on any site plan. This definition replaces and supersedes any other definition of "Front Lot Line" contained anywhere in these ordinances.
- **77.84.**Frontage The length of any one property line of a premise that abuts a legally accessible street right-of-way.
- 78:85.Funeral Home An establishment in which human remains are prepared for burial and in which wakes and funerals may be held.
- 79.<u>86. Garden Nursery</u> A place where young trees or other plants are raised for transplanting, for sale, or for experimental study.
- 87. Governmental Uses Excluding "Municipal;" a state or federal use of land.
- 80.88.<u>Commercial-Greenhouse (Commercial)</u> Is a building in which plants are grown for commercial purposes. A greenhouse may be glass or plastic and includes a so-called "hightunnel" structure. This definition does not include a so-called "cold frame" of reasonable size as used subordinate to a private residence.
- 81.89.Group Child Care Center A building where care, protection and supervision is provided on a regular schedule, at least twice a week to seven (7) or more children including children of the adult provider.
- 82.90. Grocery store/food market A store that specializes in, primarily, the retail of food products. Such stores may also offer nonfood household items including but not limited to household cleaners, pharmacy products and pet supplies.
- 83.91.Groundwater As defined in RSA 485-C.2.VIII, as amended and means subsurface water that occurs beneath the water table in soils and geologic formations.
- 84.92.Guardhouse for night-watchman A building occupied by a guard on duty.

85.93.Health/personal care store - Retail store specializing in the sale of items, including

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medical equipment (hospital equipment, convalescent equipment, and hearing aids) and personal care products (cosmetics, hair care, toiletries and perfumes), etc.

- 86.94.Heavy Manufacturing A manufacturing effort that is subject to state or federal environmental protection laws pertaining to manufacturing and industry.
- **87:95.Hospital** As defined in RSA 151-C:2 means an institution which is engaged in providing to patients, under supervision of physicians, diagnostic and therapeutic services for medical diagnosis, treatment and care of injured, disabled, or sick persons, or rehabilitation services for the rehabilitation of such persons. The term "hospital" includes psychiatric and substance abuse treatment hospitals.
- **88.96.Home Occupation** Any activity carried on for gain by a resident and conducted as a customary, incidental and accessory use in the resident's dwelling.
- **89.**<u>97.</u>**Homeowners Association** A private non-profit organization (corporation, association, or other legal entity) established by the developer to operate, manage, maintain, support, and finance the common area of an open space development. The Homeowners Association shall also enforce certain covenants and restrictions.
- **90.98.Hotel** A building with rooms offering transient lodging accommodations with a daily/weekly rate to the general public.
- 91.99.Hydrie Soils Soils that are saturated or flooded during a sufficient portion of the growing season to develop anaerobic conditions in the upper soil layers.
- **92.100.Industrial Use** Any manufacturing, compounding, processing, packing or treatment of goods and products.
- 93.101.Infiltration The process by which water enters the soil profile (seeps into the soil).
- 94.102.Impervious Cover/Impervious Surface A structure or land surface with a low eapacity for liquid infiltration, including but not limited to pavement, roofs, roadways, compact soils and has a Curve Number of 98 or greater.
- 95.103.Junk As defined by RSA 236:91 and means old or scrap copper, brass, rope, rags, batteries, paper, trash, rubber debris, waste, or junked, dismantled, or wrecked motor vehicles, or parts thereof, iron, steel, and other old or scrap ferrous or nonferrous material.
- 96.104.Junk Yard/Salvage Yard An establishment or place of business which is maintained, operated, or used for storing, keeping, buying, or selling junk, or for the maintenance or operation or an automotive recycling yard. The work does not include motor vehicle dealers registered with the director of motor vehicles under RSA 261:104 and controlled under RSA 236:126. Defined as in RSA 236:112, (I), as amended.
- **97.105.Lab/Research & Development/Biotechnology Research** Facility for scientific experimentation, observation, testing and analysis.
- 98.106.Land Disturbance or Land Disturbing Activity For the purposes of this Article, refers to any exposed soil resulting from activities such as clearing of trees or vegetation, grading, blasting, and excavation.
- 99.107.Large Animal/Equine/Livestock Veterinary Facility Is a facility that can provide all facilities of veterinary medicine for large/equine/livestock animals including surgery,

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radiology, clinical pathology, dispensary and ward accommodation and provision for the 24 hour surveillance of animal patients. Services are also available on an emergency basis; the facility may be open 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.

100.<u>108. Live stock</u> Animals typically raised on farms or for agricultural purposes such as pigs, poultry including but limited to chickens, turkeys, pheasants, ducks and geese, horses, cows and cattle, sheep and goats and wild animals being domesticated for sale, labor or consumption including but limited to llamas, ostrich, buffalo, deer and catfish regardless of whether they intend to be kept as household pets. Dogs, domestic cats weighing less than 30 pounds and birds kept exclusively in a personal residence shall not be considered livestock.

101.109. Local Road - A road whose primary function is to provide access to adjacent development.

- 102.110.Lodging House A building in which rooms are rented with or without meals to three or more but not exceeding twenty persons. A boarding house, rooming house or a furnished room house shall be deemed a lodging house.
- 103.111.Lumberyard A commercial establishment where lumber is stored and sold to the general public.
- 104.<u>112.</u>Marine Sales/Service Facility for the sales, service, and storage of marine vessels (boats, etc.).
- 105.113. Manufactured Home A structure, designed to be a dwelling unit with or without a permanent foundation, that is transportable in one or more sections which in the traveling mode is eight feet wide or more in width or 40 feet or more in length or, when erected, is 320 or more square feet in area, and which is built on a permanent chassis.
- **106.**<u>114</u>.<u>Manufactured Home Site</u> An area or tract of land, or portion thereof, intended for the placement of one manufactured home within a manufactured home park.
- 107.115. Manufactured Home Presite Built Housing A factory-built, single-family structure, which is manufactured or constructed under authority of 42 U.S.C. Sec. 5403, Federal Manufactured Home Construction and Safety Standards, and is to be used as a place for human habitation, but which is not constructed with a permanent hitch or other device allowing it to be moved other than for the purpose of moving to a permanent site and which does not have permanently attached to its body or frame any wheels or axles. A manufactured home is not a presite built home unless it has been converted to real property (i.e. affixed to a cellar/basement) and is taxed as a site-built dwelling. For the purpose of this Ordinance, a presite built home shall be considered the same as any site-built, single-family detached dwelling.
- **108.116.Manufactured Home Site** An area or tract of land, or portion thereof, intended for the placement of one manufactured home within a manufactured home park.
- <u>117.</u>Manufacturing Is the use of machines, tools and labor to make things for use or sale. Manufacturing is industrial production, in which raw materials are transformed into finished goods on a large scale. Such finished goods may be used for manufacturing other, more complex products, such as household appliances or motor vehicles, or sold to wholesalers, who in turn sell them to retailers, who then sell them to end users (consumers).

118. Manufacturing - Consumable Manufactured Goods - Sale and/or consumption of goods

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which are manufactured or created on-site.

- <u>119.Manufacturing Food/Beverage Processing The creation, processing, packaging or</u> <u>bottling of foodstuffs and/or beverages for wholesale purposes.</u>
- <u>120.Manufacturing Heavy Manufacturing A manufacturing effort that is subject to state or</u> federal environmental protection laws pertaining to manufacturing and industry.
- 109.121.Manufacturing Newspaper or printing plant Facility engaged in the means of producing reproductions of written material or images in multiple copies.
- 110.122. Median A barrier placed between lanes of traffic flowing in opposite directions or between parking spaces.
- 111.123. Meteorological tower (met tower) (Small Wind Systems) Includes the tower, base plate, anchors, guy wires and hardware, anemometers (wind speed indicators), wind direction vanes, booms to hold equipment for anemometers and vanes, data loggers, instrument wiring, and any telemetry devices that are used to monitor or transmit wind speed and wind flow characteristics over a period of time for either instantaneous wind information or to characterize the wind resource at a given location. For the purpose of this ordinance, met towers shall refer only to those whose purpose are to analyze the environmental factors needed to assess the potential to install, construct or creet a small wind energy system.
- 112.124.Modification (Small Wind Systems) Any change to the small wind energy system that materially alters the size, type or location of the small wind energy system. Like kind replacements shall not be construed to be a modification.

113.125. Manufacturing - Sawmill – A plant or factory where logs are sawed into boards.

- **114.126.Manufacturing Timber Activities/Timber Operations** Facility involved with processing timber from a raw material into a useable material (i.e. logs into lumber).
- 115.127.Motel motor vehicle as defined in RSA 353:4 and means are only those pPublic lodging buildings, including cabins and motor courts, where entrance is gained thereto directly from the outdoors to guest rooms.
- 116.128. Motor Vehicle Garage Facility wherein technicians maintain or repair motor vehicles. Including Towing and storage incidental to repair provided outdoor storage of motor vehicles is screened from public view by solid fencing or permanent landscaping. The storage area shall not exceed 100,000 square feet without special exception.
- 117.129. Motor Vehicle Rental Facility wherein vehicles are loaned to patrons for a period of time and returned to the owner as part of a financial exchange.
- 118.130. Motor Vehicle Sales Sale of passenger vehicles and light trucks; includes sale of motorcycles and off-road personal vehicles (4-wheelers, ATVs, etc.).
- 119.131. Multi-modal Transportation Hub/Facility Place where interface occurs between various transportation systems. Travelers may enter the facility by one means and leave by another. Modes include pedestrian, bus/rail, bike or motor vehicle.

<u>120.132.</u> Municipality – The Town of Allenstown.

121.133. Municipal Recreation (outdoor or indoor) – A recreation facility owned and operated by the Town of Allenstown.

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- **122.134.Municipal Uses** A building or structure, together with accessory buildings, structures and appurtenances, owned and operated by the Town of Allenstown for the provision of essential public services, including privately owned and operating facilities under a continuing contract with a unit of government, for the provision of essential public services.
- **123.135.**Net metering The difference between the electricity supplied to a customer over the electric distribution system and the electricity generated by the customer's energy system that is fed back into the electric distribution system over a billing period.
- 124.<u>136</u>.<u>Newspaper or printing plant Facility engaged in the means of producing</u> reproductions of written material or images in multiple copies.
- 125.137. Nontraditional/nonstructural stormwater management measures Design approaches to reduce runoff rates, volumes, and pollutant loads. Such techniques include, but are not limited to, minimization and/or disconnection of impervious surfaces; development design that reduces the rate and volume of runoff; restoration or enhancement of natural areas such as riparian areas, wetlands, and forests; and use of practices that intercept, treat, and infiltrate runoff from developed areas distributed throughout the site (e.g. bioretention, infiltration dividers or islands, or planters and rain gardens). <u>Garden NNursery (Garden) —</u> A place where young trees or other plants are raised for transplanting, for sale, or for experimental study.
- 126.138. Office Park Development in which many office buildings are grouped together. Offices may include but are not limited to service, professional or administrative uses. An office park may also include a small restaurant or café to provide day-time meals (lunch) to office park employees or workers.
- **127.139.Open Space** Undeveloped land set aside for common or individual ownership as a result of a cluster development, with conservation easements and other deeded restrictions to ensure that the land will remain permanently open and undeveloped.
- 128.140. Outdoor Flea Markets Shall be defined as any commercially run Flea Market, run for profit when held outside of the building/buildings of any property, not including privately held yard or tag sales.
- **129.141.Outdoor Storage** Storage of materials where they are not protected from the elements by a roof, walls, and a floor with an impervious surface.
- 130.142. Owner A person with a legal or equitable interest in a property.
- **131.143. Parking Aisle** The area of a parking lot that allows motor vehicles ingress and egress from the driveways or streets.
- 132.144. Parking Lot An outdoor area where motor vehicles may be stored for the purposes of temporary, daily or overnight off-street parking.
- 133.145. Parking Space A temporary storage area for a motor vehicle.
- **134.146.** Pedestrian A person travelling on foot; a walker. A person operating a pushcart; a person riding on, or pulling a coaster wagon, sled, scooter, tricycle, bicycle with wheels less than 14 inches in diameter, or a similar conveyance, or on roller skates, skateboard wheelchair or a baby in a carriage. Pedestrian shall also include operators of so-called "Segway" personal transportation devices.

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135.147.Personal Service – Facility where the talents of a person which are unusual, special or unique and cannot be performed exactly the same by another person. Examples include, but are not limited to massage parlor, photographer, cobbler, portrait painter, wood carver or hair/nail salon.

136.148. Pervious Cover - A land surface with a high capacity for infiltration.

- **137.149.** Petroleum bulk plant or terminal Means that portion of the property where petroleum products are received by tank vessel, pipeline, tank car, or tank vehicle and are stored or blended in bulk for distributing such liquids by tank vessel, pipeline, tank car, tank vehicle, portable tank, or container.
- 138.150.Pharmacy Store engaged in the preparing, preserving, compounding or dispensing (via retail sale) of drugs. A pharmacy may also be engaged in the sale of personal care items, minor household items, snacks and other miscellaneous non-grocery items.
- 139.151.Power grid The transmission system created to balance the supply and demand of clectricity for consumers in New England.
- 140.<u>152</u>.Presite Built Housing A factory-built, single-family structure, which is manufactured or constructed under authority of 42 U.S.C. Sec. 5403, Federal Manufactured Home Construction and Safety Standards, and is to be used as a place for human habitation, but which is not constructed with a permanent hitch or other device allowing it to be moved other than for the purpose of moving to a permanent site and which does not have permanently attached to its body or frame any wheels or axles. A manufactured home is not a presite built home unless it has been converted to real property (i.e. affixed to a cellar/basement) and is taxed as a site built dwelling. For the purpose of this Ordinance, a presite built home shall be considered the same as any site-built, single-family detached dwelling.
- 141.<u>153</u>. Prime Wetlands Those areas designated Prime Wetlands in accordance with RSA 482-A:15, and the N.H. Code of Administrative Rules Env-Wt 700.
- 142.154. Private Recreation (outdoor or indoor) Recreational facility owned and operated by a private business or not-for-profit entity; a recreational facility owned by an entity other that the Town of Allenstown, the State of New Hampshire, or the United States Federal Government.
- 143-155. Professional Offices An office wherein services are provided by individuals or employees in a recognized profession. Examples include but are not limited to: attorney, doctor, architect, accountant, chiropractor, dentist, engineer, surveyor, etc.
- **144.<u>156.</u>Public Utility** As defined in RSA 374-C:2.VI and means any corporation, company, association, joint stock association, partnership or person within the state which owns, operates or manages any plant or equipment for the manufacture or furnishing of light, heat, power or water for the public, or in the generation, transmission or sale of energy ultimately sold to the public and which is regulated by the New Hampshire public utilities commission.
- **157.Public Utility Electrical Power Ggrid** The transmission system created to balance the supply and demand of electricity for consumers in New England.
- 145.158.Public Utility Telecommunications Tower A structure situated on a non-residential site that is intended to be used for transmitting and receiving television, radio or telephone communications. Should be constructed of non-flammable material and not create a hazard

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to the surrounding area.

- 146.159. Public Utility Water System A system for the provision to the public of piped water for human consumption, if such system has at least fifteen service connections or regularly serves an average of at least twenty-five individuals daily at least sixty days out of the year.
- 147.160.Qualified Solar Installer (Solar Siting) A person who has skills and knowledge related to the construction and operation of solar electrical equipment and installations and has received safety training on the hazards involved. Persons who certified as a solar installer by the North American Board of Certified Energy Practitioners (NABCEP), shall be deemed to be qualified solar installers for the purposes of this definition.
 - Persons who are not on NABCEP's list of certified installers may be deemed to be qualified solar installers if the Allenstown Building Inspector determines such persons have had adequate training to determine the degree and extent of the hazard and the personal protective
 - equipment and job planning necessary to perform the installation safely.
 - Such training shall include the proper use of special precautionary techniques and personal protective equipment, as well as the skills and techniques necessary to distinguish exposed energized parts from other parts of electrical equipment and to determine the nominal voltage of exposed live parts.

148.161. Recreation Vehicle A vehicle which is:

- A. Built on a single chassis.
- B. 400 square feet or less as measured at the largest horizontal projection.
- C. Designed to be self propelled or permanently towable by a light duty truck.
- D. Primarily designed not for use as a permanent dwelling, but as a temporary living quarters for recreational, eamping, travel or seasonal use.
- 149.162. Real Estate/Leasing Office An office engaged in the sale or leasing of real estate.
- 150.<u>163</u>.Recharge The amount of water from precipitation that infiltrates into the ground and is not evaporated or transpired.
- **164.Redevelopment** The reuse of a site or structure with existing man-made land alterations. A site is considered a redevelopment if it has 35 percent or more of existing impervious surface, calculated by dividing the total existing impervious surface by the size of the parcel and convert to a percentage.
- 151.165. Redoximorphic features Also called soil mottling. These are color patterns in the soil formed by the oxidation and reduction of iron or manganese or both caused by saturated conditions within the soil. Redoximorphic features are used to estimate the depth to seasonal high water table.
- 152.166. Recycling Facility, Household Waste Facility involved in the processing of used household materials (including but not limited to glass, paper, metal, plastic) into raw materials for use in new products. Includes facilities engaged in actual materials processing as well as collection stations (i.e., "transfer stations") and shall be consistent with RSA 149-M, as amended. Does not include materials associated with RSA 236:112. (I), as amended.

153.167.Regulated Substance - As defined in Env-Ws 421.03 (f) or successor rule, Env Wq

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401.03 (h). Includes petroleum, petroleum products and substances listed under 40CFR 302, 7-1-05 edition, excluding the following substances: (1) ammonia, (2) sodium hypochlorite, (3) sodium hydroxide, (4) acetic acid, (5) sulfuric acid, (6) potassium hydroxide, (7) potassium permanganate and (8) propane and other liquefied fuels which exist as gasses at normal atmospheric temperature and pressure.

<u>154.168.</u>Restaurant – Includes the following:

- A. Sit-Down Restaurant An eating establishment wherein table-side service is provided to diners; no drive-through or car-side service is provided. Can be combined with a takeout restaurant.
- B. **Take-Out Restaurant** An eating establishment where food is prepared and primarily taken off-site for consumption by patrons. Can be combined with a sit-down restaurant.
- C. Drive-In Restaurant An eating establishment that provides drive-up or car-side service.
- 169.Restaurant (Café/Wine Bar/Coffee House) Small, informal establishment serving refreshments such as coffee, wine, made-to-order sandwiches, pastries and other light snacks made in an on-premise kitchen Games, conversation, small-scale musical entertainment and art for sale and display can be part of a café/wine bar/coffee house establishment. Such establishments are limited only to those that are eligible for an On-Premises Beverage and Wine License as described in RSA 178:20, as amended. Uses eligible for license under RSA 178-20-a and/or RSA 178-21 and/or RSA 178-22 as amended, are not included in this definition.
- <u>170.</u>**Retail _ Commercial Greenhouse** A Commercial Greenhouse (see definition above) that sells products to end-users.
- 155-171.Retail Convenience Store A retail store less than 7,500 square feet that is open long hours and sells some staple groceries and caters to local tastes. This definition does not include the sale of gasoline and is separate from a "filling station" as defined in this ordinance.
- **156.172. Retail Grocery store/food market** A store that specializes in, primarily, the retail of food products. Such stores may also offer nonfood household items including but not limited to household cleaners, pharmacy products and pet supplies.
- **157.173. Retail Health/personal care store** Retail store specializing in the sale of items, including medical equipment (hospital equipment, convalescent equipment, and hearing aids) and personal care products (cosmetics, hair care, toiletries and perfumes), etc.
- **158:174. Retail __Landscape Supply** A retail facility dedicated to the sale of landscape items and supplies used for end-users (tools, mulch, stone, flowers, trees, etc.).
- **159**.<u>175.Retail Lumberyard A commercial establishment where lumber is stored and sold to the general public.</u>
- **160. 176. Retail Marine Sales/Service** Facility for the sales, service, and storage of marine vessels (boats, etc.).
- **161.177.Retail Pharmacy**—Store engaged in the preparing, preserving, compounding or dispensing (via retail sale) of drugs. A pharmacy may also be engaged in the sale of personal

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care items, minor household items, snacks and other miscellaneous non-grocery items.

162.<u>178.Retail -</u>	Real Estate/Leasing	Office –	An office	engaged i	in the sa	ale or l	leasing	of real
estate.								

163.179. Retail - Sales - Sales of goods to end-users.

- 180.Right-of-Way An easement held by the municipality or the state over the land owned by the adjacent property owners that allows the holder of the easement to exercise control over the surface and above and below the ground of the right-of-way.
- <u>181.</u><u>Arterial-Road (Arterial)</u> A road whose primary function is mobility, moving people and goods over long distances quickly and efficiently.</u>
- 182.Backage Road (Backage) Refers to a road located to the rear of a parcel that is not counted as, or is long enough to be frontage per density requirements in this Ordinance.
- **<u>183. Collector</u>** Road (Collector) A road connecting arterial roads to local roads, whose function is divided between providing mobility and access.
- **164.184. Road (Curb)** A stone, concrete or other improved boundary usually marking the edge of the roadway or paved area.
- **165.185.Road** (Curb Cut) The opening along the curb line at which point access to a public roadway is provided.
- 166.186.<u>Local</u> A road whose primary function is to provide access to adjacent development.
- **167.187.Road** (<u>Median</u>) A barrier placed between lanes of traffic flowing in opposite directions or between parking spaces.
- 168.188. Sawmill A plant or factory where logs are sawed into boards.
- 169.189.Season High Water Table The depth from the mineral soil surface to the uppermost soil horizon that contains 2% or more distinct or prominent redoximorphic features that increase in percentage with increasing depth as determined by a licensed or registered Hydrogeologist, Soils Scientist, Wetlands Scientist, Engineer, or other qualified professional approved by the Planning Board.
- 170.190.Road (Sideage) Road Refers to a road located on the side of a parcel that is not counted as, or is long enough to be frontage per density requirements in this Ordinance.
- **171.191.Severability Clause** If any section, subsection, or clause of this Zoning Ordinance shall be deemed unconstitutional or otherwise invalid, the validity of the remaining sections, subsections, and clauses shall not be affected. This is also called the separability clause.
- 172.192.Rooftop or Building Mounted Solar System (Solar Siting) A solar power system in which solar panels are mounted on top of the structure of a roof either as a flush mounted system or as modules fixed to frames which can be tilted toward the south at an optimal angle.
- 173.193.Secondary Containment A structure such as a berm or dike with an impervious surface that is adequate to hold at least 110% of the volume of the largest regulatedsubstances container that will be stored there.

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- 174.<u>194.Sediment</u>—Solid material, mineral or organie, that is in suspension, is being transported, or has been moved from its site of origin by air, water or gravity as a product of erosion.
- 175.195.Senior Housing Housing that houses at least one person who is 55 years of age or older in at least 80% of the OCCUPIED units and adheres to a policy that demonstrates an intent to house persons who are 55 years of age or older. This definition shall also include over 62 age-restricted communities.
- 176.196.Sensitive Area For the purpose this Article include lakes, ponds, perennial and intermittent streams, vernal pools, wetlands, and highly erodable soils.
- 177.197.Sideage Road Refers to a road located on the side of a pareel that is not counted as, or is long enough to be frontage per density requirements in this Ordinance.

198.Signs – See Chapter 12 for regulations.

- **178.199.** Single Family Dwelling Is a detached, free-standing residential building. It is home to no more than one family.
- 179.200.Shadow flicker (Small Wind Systems) The visible flicker effect when rotating blades of the wind generator cast shadows on the ground and nearby structures causing a repeating pattern of light and shadow.
- 180.201.Sheet Flow Runoff that flows or is directed to flow across a relatively broad area at a depth of less than 0.1 feet for a maximum distance of 100 feet in such a way that velocity is minimized.
- 181.202.Site The lot or lots on upon which development is to occur or has occurred.
- 182,203.Street <u>Road. See definitions.</u> Any vehicular way that is: 1) an existing state or municipal roadway; 2) shown upon a plat approve pursuant to law; or 3) approved by other official action; including rights-of-way, whether improved or unimproved.
- 183.204. Small Scale Solar (Solar Siting) For purposes of this Article, the term "small scale solar" refers to solar photovoltaic systems that produce up to ten kilowatts (kW) per hour of energy or solar thermal systems which serve the building to which they are attached, and do not provide energy for any other buildings.
- 184.205. Small wind energy system (Small Wind Systems) A wind energy conversion system consisting of a wind generator, a tower, and associated control or conversion electronics, which has a rated capacity of 100 kilowatts or less and will be used primarily for onsite consumption.
- **185**,206.Snow Dump For the purposes of this ordinance, a location where snow, which is cleared from roadways and/or motor vehicle parking areas, is placed for disposal.
- **186.207.Soil Redoximorphic features** Also called soil mottling. These are color patterns in the soil formed by the oxidation and reduction of iron or manganese or both caused by saturated conditions within the soil. Redoximorphic features are used to estimate the depth to seasonal high water table.
- 208.Solar Access (Solar Siting) Space open to the sun and clear of overhangs or shade including the orientation of streets and lots to the sun so as to permit the use of active and/or

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passive solar energy systems on individual properties.

- **187.209.Solar BIPV (Building-Integrated Photovoltaic)** (BIPV) Systems (Solar Siting) A solar energy system that consists of integrating photovoltaic modules into the building structure, such as the roof or the façade and which does not alter the relief of the roof.
- <u>210.</u>Solar Collector (Solar Siting) A solar photovoltaic cell, panel, or array, or solar hot air or water collector device, which relies upon solar radiation as an energy source for the generation of electricity or transfer of stored heat.
- 188.211. <u>Collective Solar (Collective Solar) (Solar Siting) Solar installations owned</u> <u>collectively through subdivision homeowner associations, college student groups, "adopt-a-</u> <u>solar-panel" programs, or other similar arrangements.</u>
- **189.212.Solar Easement** (Solar Siting) An easement recorded at the Merrimack County Registry of Deeds, the purpose of which is to secure the right to receive sunlight across real property of another for continued access to sunlight necessary to operate a solar collector.
- 213. Solar Energy Equipment/System (Solar Siting) Solar collectors, controls, energy storage devices, heat pumps, heat exchangers, and other materials, hardware or equipment necessary to the process by which solar radiation is collected, converted into another form of energy, stored, protected from unnecessary dissipation and distributed. Solar systems include solar thermal, photovoltaic and concentrated solar.
- 190.214.Solar (Freestanding or Ground-Mounted Solar Energy System) (Solar Siting) A solar energy system that is directly installed in the ground and is not attached or affixed to an existing structure.
- **191.215.Solar Panel** (Solar Siting) A device for the direct conversion of solar energy into electricity.
- <u>216. Flush-Mounted-Solar Panel, Flush Mounted</u> (Solar Siting) Photovoltaic panels and tiles that are installed flush to the surface of a roof and which cannot be angled or raised.

192-217.Solar - Qualified Solar Installer (Solar Siting) – A person who has skills and knowledge related to the construction and operation of solar electrical equipment and installations and has received safety training on the hazards involved. Persons who certified as a solar installer by the North American Board of Certified Energy Practitioners (NABCEP), shall be deemed to be qualified solar installers for the purposes of this definition. Persons who are not on NABCEP's list of certified installers may be deemed to be qualified solar installers if the Allenstown Building Inspector determines such persons have had adequate training to determine the degree and extent of the hazard and the personal protective equipment and job planning necessary to perform the installation safely. Such training shall include the proper use of special precautionary techniques and personal protective equipment, as well as the skills and techniques necessary to distinguish exposed energized parts from other parts of electrical equipment and to determine the nominal voltage of exposed live parts.

193.218.Solar - Rooftop or Building Mounted Solar System (Solar Siting) – A solar power system in which solar panels are mounted on top of the structure of a roof either as a flushmounted system or as modules fixed to frames which can be tilted toward the south at an optimal angle.

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194.219.Solar - Small-Scale Solar (Solar Siting) – For purpos scale solar" refers to solar photovoltaic systems that product hour of energy or solar-thermal systems which serve the bu and do not provide energy for any other buildings.	e up to ten kilowatts (kW) per		
195.220.Solar Storage Battery (Solar Siting) – A device that makes it available in an electrical form.	stores energy from the sun and		
221.Solar-Thermal Systems (Solar Siting) – Solar thermal sy liquid using sunlight. The heated liquid is used for such pur cooling, domestic hot water, and heating pool water.			
222.Solid Waste - See Chapter 22 for regulations		Fo	rmatted: Font: Not Bold
223.Solid Waste - <u>Recycling Facility, Household Waste – Facility</u> , <u>Household Waste – Facility</u> , <u>Household materials</u> (including but not limited to gimaterials for use in new products. Includes facilities engage as well as collection stations (i.e., "transfer stations") and s M, as amended. Does not include materials associated with	lass, paper, metal, plastic) into raw ed in actual materials processing hall be consistent with RSA 149-	For	r matted: Font: Not Bold
196-224. <u>Commercial Stable</u> (Commercial) – A site where he commercial purposes, a majority of which are not owned b site.			
197.225.Stratified Drift Aquifer A geological formation of sediment deposited by or in bodies of glacial meltwater, in which contains sufficient saturated permeable material to y to wells.	predominantly well sorted sluding gravel, sand, silt, or elay, ield significant quantities of water		
226. Stormwater – As defined per RSA 149-I:6-a.II and mear precipitation, snow melt runoff, and street wash waters rela maintenance, infiltration, and drainage.			
198, 227. Stormwater - Curve Number (CN) – A numerical restormwater runoff potential for a given drainage area based moisture, derived as specified by the U.S. Department of A Conservation Service (USDA/NRCS).	on land use, soil group, and soil		
228.Stormwater - Disconnected Impervious Cover – Impervious contribute directly to stormwater runoff from a site, but dir pervious cover to infiltrate into the soil or be filtered by ov volume of stormwater runoff from the disconnected imperviate and volume from undisturbed cover of equal area.	ects stormwater runoff to on-site erland flow so that the net rate and		
229.Stormwater - Drainage Area – Means a geographic area sediments, or dissolved materials drain to a particular recei point along a receiving water body.			
199.230.Stormwater - Effective Impervious Cover – Imperv impervious cover.	ious cover that is not disconnected		
200.231.Stormwater - Erosion – The detachment and movem fragments by water, wind, ice or gravity.	<u>ent of soil, rock, or rock</u>		
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- 201-232.Stormwater Groundwater As defined in RSA 485-C.2.VIII, as amended and means subsurface water that occurs beneath the water table in soils and geologic formations.
- 202.233.Stormwater Hydric Soils Soils that are saturated or flooded during a sufficient portion of the growing season to develop anaerobic conditions in the upper soil layers.
- 203.234.Stormwater Infiltration The process by which water enters the soil profile (seeps into the soil).
- 204.235.Stormwater Impervious Cover/Impervious Surface A structure or land surface with a low capacity for liquid infiltration, including but not limited to pavement, roofs, roadways, compact soils and has a Curve Number of 98 or greater.
- 205.236.Stormwater Nontraditional/nonstructural stormwater management measures Design approaches to reduce runoff rates, volumes, and pollutant loads. Such techniques include, but are not limited to, minimization and/or disconnection of impervious surfaces; development design that reduces the rate and volume of runoff; restoration or enhancement of natural areas such as riparian areas, wetlands, and forests; and use of practices that intercept, treat, and infiltrate runoff from developed areas distributed throughout the site (e.g. bioretention, infiltration dividers or islands, or planters and rain gardens).

206-237. Stormwater - Pervious Cover – A land surface with a high capacity for infiltration.

- 207.238.Stormwater Prime Wetlands Those areas designated Prime Wetlands in accordance with RSA 482-A:15, and the N.H. Code of Administrative Rules Env-Wt 700.
- **208.239.Stormwater Recharge** The amount of water from precipitation that infiltrates into the ground and is not evaporated or transpired.
- **200.240.Stormwater _ Runoff** Water flow on the surface of the ground or in storm sewers, resulting from precipitation.
- 210.241.Stormwater Season High Water Table The depth from the mineral soil surface to the uppermost soil horizon that contains 2% or more distinct or prominent redoximorphic features that increase in percentage with increasing depth as determined by a licensed or registered Hydrogeologist, Soils Scientist, Wetlands Scientist, Engineer, or other qualified professional approved by the Planning Board.
- **211.242.Stormwater Secondary Containment** A structure such as a berm or dike with an impervious surface that is adequate to hold at least 110% of the volume of the largest regulated-substances container that will be stored there.
- 212.243.Stormwater Sediment Solid material, mineral or organic, that is in suspension, is being transported, or has been moved from its site of origin by air, water or gravity as a product of erosion.
- 213.244.Stormwater Sensitive Area For the purpose of this ordinanceArticle include lakes, ponds, perennial and intermittent streams, vernal pools, wetlands, and highly erodable soils.
- **214.245.Stormwater Sheet Flow** Runoff that flows or is directed to flow across a relatively broad area at a depth of less than 0.1 feet for a maximum distance of 100 feet in such a way that velocity is minimized.

215.246.Stormwater - Stratified-Drift Aquifer - A geological formation of predominantly

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well-sorted sediment deposited by or in bodies of glacial meltwater, including gravel, sand, silt, or clay, which contains sufficient saturated permeable material to yield significant quantities of water to wells.

- <u>216.247.Stormwater Total Impervious Cover The sum of Disconnected Impervious Cover</u> <u>plus Effective Impervious Cover.</u>
- 217.248.Stormwater Traditional stormwater management measures Stormwater management methods that focus primarily on diverting and redirecting stormwater from a site as quickly as possible (e.g., stormwater ponds, vegetated swales).
- **218.249**. **Structure** Anything constructed or erected that requires location on the ground (excluding swimming pools, fences, and walls used as fences).
- **219.250.** Surface Waters of the State Pursuant to RSA 485-A:2.XIV, perennial and seasonal streams, lakes, ponds, and tidal waters within the jurisdiction of the state, including all streams, lakes, or ponds bordering on the state, marshes, water courses, and other bodies of water, natural or artificial.
- 220.251. System height (Small Wind Systems): The vertical distance from ground level to the tip of the wind generator blade when it is at its highest point.
- 221.252. Telecommunications Tower A structure situated on a non-residential site that is intended to be used for transmitting and receiving television, radio or telephone communications. Should be constructed of non-flammable material and not create a hazard to the surrounding area.
- 222.253. Timber Activities/Timber Operations Facility involved with processing timber from a raw material into a useable material (i.e. logs into lumber).
- 223.254. Total Impervious Cover The sum of Disconnected Impervious Cover plus Effective Impervious Cover.
- 224.255. Tower (Small Wind Systems) The monopole, guyed monopole or lattice structure that supports a wind generator.
- 225.256. Tower height (Small Wind Systems) The height above grade of the fixed portion of the tower, excluding the wind generator.
- 226.257. Traffic Study A traffic impact study to determine the effect of a proposed development, both on and off site, and propose appropriate mitigation measures.
- 227.258. Traditional stormwater management measures Stormwater management methods that focus primarily on diverting and redirecting stormwater from a site as quickly as possible (e.g., stormwater ponds, vegetated swales).
- 228,259. Undisturbed Cover A natural land surface whose permeability has not been altered by human activity.
- **229.Power grid** The transmission system created to balance the supply and demand of electricity for consumers in New England.
- <u>260.</u> **Vegetation** Is defined to include a tree, plant, shrub, vine or other form of plant growth.

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- 230.261. Vehicle (GasFilling Station)/Gasoline Station A facility that dispenses petroleum products including but not limited to gasoline and diesel and may also offer for sale other goods items and supplies to motorists.
- 231-262. Vehicle (Motor Vehicle Garage) Facility wherein technicians maintain or repair motor vehicles. Including Towing and storage incidental to repair provided outdoor storage of motor vehicles is screened from public view by solid fencing or permanent landscaping. The storage area shall not exceed 100,000 square feet without special exception.
- **232.263.Vehicle (Motor Vehicle Rental)** Facility wherein vehicles are loaned to patrons for a period of time and returned to the owner as part of a financial exchange.
- 233.264. Vehicle (Motor Vehicle Sales) Sale of passenger vehicles and light trucks; includes sale of motorcycles and off-road personal vehicles (4-wheelers, ATVs, etc.).
- **234.265. Vehicle Multi-modal Transportation Hub/Facility** Place where interface occurs between various transportation systems. Travelers may enter the facility by one means and leave by another. Modes include pedestrian, bus/rail, bike or motor vehicle.

235.266. Vehicle - Recreation Vehicle - A vehicle which is:

- A. Built on a single chassis.
- B. 400 square feet or less as measured at the largest horizontal projection.
- C. Designed to be self-propelled or permanently towable by a light-duty truck.
- D. <u>Primarily designed not for use as a permanent dwelling, but as a temporary living quarters for recreational, camping, travel or seasonal use.</u>
- 236. Vernal Pool A body of water, typically seasonal, that provides essential breeding habitat for certain amphibians and invertebrates, does not support viable fish population, and meets the criteria established by the New Hampshire Fish and Game Department, Nongame and Endangered Wildlife Program, Identification and Documentation of Vernal Pools in New Hampshire, rev 2004 and as amended.
- 237.267. Veterinary Hospital Is a facility that can provide all facilities of veterinary medicine including surgery, radiology, clinical pathology, dispensary and ward accommodation and provision for the 24 hour surveillance of patients. Services are also available on an emergency basis; the facility may be open 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.
- 238.268. Veterinary Office Is a facility smaller than a veterinary hospital that can provide some or all facilities of veterinary medicine including surgery, radiology, and clinical pathology on an out-patient basis. A veterinary office may also provide emergency services during daily business hours (such as but not limited to 9AM to 5PM) but not 24 hours/7 days a week.
- 239,269. Warehouse A place where goods or merchandise are stored for commercial purposes. Example: rental storage for end-users, regional warehouse distribution to retail facilities, etc.
- **240.270. Wind Systems Meteorological tower (met tower)** (Small Wind Systems) Includes the tower, base plate, anchors, guy wires and hardware, anemometers (wind speed indicators), wind direction vanes, booms to hold equipment for anemometers and vanes, data loggers, instrument wiring, and any telemetry devices that are used to monitor or transmit

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Chapter 2. Definitions

wind speed and wind flow characteristics over a period of time for either instantaneous wind information or to characterize the wind resource at a given location. For the purpose of this ordinance, met towers shall refer only to those whose purpose are to analyze the environmental factors needed to assess the potential to install, construct or erect a small wind energy system.

- **241.271.Wind Systems Modification** (Small Wind Systems) Any change to the small wind energy system that materially alters the size, type or location of the small wind energy system. Like-kind replacements shall not be construed to be a modification.
- 242:272. Wind Systems Shadow flicker (Small Wind Systems) The visible flicker effect when rotating blades of the wind generator cast shadows on the ground and nearby structures causing a repeating pattern of light and shadow.
- 243-273. Wind Systems Small wind energy system (Small Wind Systems) A wind energy conversion system consisting of a wind generator, a tower, and associated control or conversion electronics, which has a rated capacity of 100 kilowatts or less and will be used primarily for onsite consumption.
- **244.274. Wind Systems System height** (Small Wind Systems): The vertical distance from ground level to the tip of the wind generator blade when it is at its highest point.
- **245.275.Wind Systems Tower** (Small Wind Systems) The monopole, guyed monopole or lattice structure that supports a wind generator.
- **246.276. Wind Systems Tower height** (Small Wind Systems) The height above grade of the fixed portion of the tower, excluding the wind generator.
- 247.277. Wind Systems Wind generator (Small Wind Systems) The blades and associated mechanical and electrical conversion components mounted on top of the tower whose purpose is to convert kinetic energy of the wind into rotational energy used to generate electricity.
- 248:278. Wellhead Protection Area/Sanitary Protective Radius As defined in RSA 485C:2, XVIII or the area around a public water supply well that must be maintained in its natural state as required by Env-Dw 301 or 302 (for community water systems); Env-Dw 373.12 and ENV-Dw 372.14 (for other public water systems).
- <u>279.</u>Wetland Pursuant to RSA 482-A:2.X, an area that is inundated or saturated by surface or groundwater at a frequency and duration sufficient to support, and that under normal conditions does support, a prevalence of vegetation typically adapted for life in saturated soil conditions.
- 249.280.<u>Buffer, Wetland (Buffer)</u> The protected upland areas adjacent to wetlands and surface waters.
- 281. Wetland (Undisturbed Cover) A natural land surface whose permeability has not been altered by human activity.
- 250.282. Wetland (Vernal Pool) A body of water, typically seasonal, that provides essential breeding habitat for certain amphibians and invertebrates, does not support viable fish population, and meets the criteria established by the New Hampshire Fish and Game Department, Nongame and Endangered Wildlife Program, Identification and Documentation

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Chapter 2. Definitions

of Vernal Pools in New Hampshire, rev 2004 and as amended.

251.283. Wind generator (Small Wind Systems) — The blades and associated mechanical and electrical conversion components mounted on top of the tower whose purpose is to convert kinetic energy of the wind into rotational energy used to generate electricity.

Allenstown, NH Zoning Ordinance

Chapter 2. Definitions

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Chapter 3. Administration Chapter 3. Administration Section 301. Building Inspector 252.1. The provisions of this Ordinance and any amendments thereto shall be administered and Formatted: Numbered + Level: 1 + Numbering Style: 1, 2, 3, ... + Start at: Indent at: 0.25" .. + Start at: 1 + Alignment: Left + Aligned at: 0" enforced by the Building Inspector, who shall be appointed by the Board of Selectmen, and who shall report violations of this Ordinance to the Board of Selectmen. 253.2. Enforcement of this Zoning Ordinance shall be pursuant to RSA 676:17-b. Section 302. Building Permit Required Written application for a building permit must be filed by the owner, his agent or lessee with the Building Inspector for any of the following, and except as provided for emergencies under RSA 31:70, until a building permit has been obtained from the Building Inspector (or, if the permit is denied, until the Board of Adjustment has directed that a permit be issued), none of the following shall be commenced: **254.1.** The erection of any new building, exterior sign or other structure. Formatted: Numbered + Level: 1 + Numbering Style: 1, 2, 3, ... + Start at: 1 + Alignment: Left + Aligned at: 0" -Indent at: 0.25" 255.2. The alteration, restoration, moving or demolition of any building, structure, exterior sign or part thereof. **256.3.** The establishment of a professional office or home occupation pursuant to Section 1102. Accessory and Home Occupation. **257.4.** Any use of premises which is provided for in this Ordinance, including but not limited to a change in the nature of the use of any building or premises to a non-conforming use from any lawful prior use, or any change in lot size or shape which would result in a violation of area or dimensional restriction. 258.5. Temporary structures such as campers, park trailers and recreational vehicles used as living quarters in the RI & RII zone, open space and farm zone and used at residences located in a commercial/light industrial zone, industrial zone or business zone, shall not be occupied more than 21 days in a calendar year. Anyone obtaining a temporary permit shall be entitled to one 21-day extension unless the Code Enforcement Officer determines there is a substantial threat to public health, safety and/or welfare. The Board of Selectmen shall establish a fee for temporary permits. Section 303. Application for Building Permit Application for a building permit shall be upon an appropriate form as prescribed by the Building Inspector and shall be accompanied by: **259.1**. Plans drawn to scale, showing actual shape, dimensions and location of the lot to be used, Formatted: Numbered + Level: 1 + Numbering Style: 1, 2, .. + Start at: 1 + Alignment: Left + Aligned at: 0" of existing buildings upon it, of alterations proposed for existing buildings and of proposed Indent at: 0.25" new dwellings. 260.2. Information as to the existing and intended use of each building, lot or part thereof, and as to the number of families, lodgers, or other occupants any building upon the premises is designed to accommodate. Allenstown, NH Zoning Ordinance Working Draft Page 41 of 217

Chapter 3. Administration

<u>261.3.</u>Such further details as the Building Inspector may require to determine and evaluate the application for building permit.

Section 304. Action on Application for Building Permit

The Building Inspector shall determine whether an application for a building permit is in compliance with a permitted use as defined in this Ordinance. If the Building Inspector determines that it is, the application for permit shall be approved and a building permit issued. If the Building Inspector determines that it is not, the application shall be denied. The Building Inspector shall act upon any application within thirty (30) days after it has been filed.

Section 305. Effect of Building Permit

Issuance of a building permit pursuant to this Ordinance constitutes approval by the Town for the proposed use only under the requirements of this Zoning Ordinance.

Section 306. Building Permit

A building permit shall be valid for one (1) year from the date of issuance provided that work is commenced under the permit within six (6) months after issuance. Said permit may be renewed for a further period of one (1) year. On new building, "construction commenced" shall mean the completion of at least the foundation. After a foundation is constructed, buildings must be completed within one (1) year unless the time is extended by the Building Inspector for good cause. All permits issued prior to the enactment of this amendment shall expire one (1) year from the date of enactment of this amendment unless renewed under the above provision.

Section 307. Duration of Building Permit

A building permit shall become void if construction is not begun there under within twelve (12) months from the date of issuance of the permit. Permits may be extended once for no more than an additional twelve (12) months by the Building Inspector upon receipt of a written request for extension at least fourteen (14) days prior to the expiration of the original permit.

Section 308. Transferability of Building Permit

No building permit issued hereunder shall be transferable to a subsequent owner.

Section 309. Building Permit of the Board of Adjustment

On approval of an application, a variance, special exception or appeal to an administrative decision by the Board of Adjustment, the Building Inspector shall issue a building permit upon receipt of the written notice of the approval by the Board of Adjustment.

Section 310. Fees

The fees for building permits and use permits shall be established by the Board of Selectmen. Said fee shall accompany each application for a building permit or application for a use permit.

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Chapter 3. Administration

Section 311. Use Permits

Prior to a business occupying an existing building in any zone, including an approved location for an accessory and home occupation in accordance with **Section 1102.** Accessory and Home **Occupation**.

262.1. A written application for a use permit shall be submitted to the Building Inspector upon an appropriate form as prescribed by the Building Inspector.

263.2. A floor plan showing items such as, but not limited to, exits, interior walls, counter space, showcases and any other "obstacles", sprinkler heads if applicable and fire extinguisher and emergency lighting locations shall be submitted with the application for review by the Fire Prevention Officer.

Prior to the issuance of a use permit, inspection must be conducted by the Building Inspector and Fire Prevention Officer or Fire Chief. If the property is serviced by Town water and/or sewer, the Allenstown Sewer Department and Pembroke Water Works may conduct inspection as necessary. Use permit fees shall be set by the Board of Selectmen.

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Chapter 3. Administration

Allenstown, NH Zoning Ordinance

Chapter 4. Board of Adjustment

Section 401. Creation and Appointment

The establishment of a Board of Adjustment, in accordance with RSA 673:1, as amended, is hereby authorized and the Board of Adjustment which existed prior to the adoption of this Ordinance is hereby dissolved. The members of the Board of Adjustment shall be appointed by the Board of Selectmen. They shall be residents of the Town and shall serve without compensation. In accordance with the laws of the State of New Hampshire, the following provisions shall apply:

- 1. The Board of Adjustment shall consist of five (5) members. When the Board is first organized, one member shall be appointed to serve for one (1) years, one for two (2) years, and one for three (3) years, one for four (4) years and one for five (5) years, and thereafter the appointing authority shall annually appoint one member for a term of three (3) years. Said members shall be removable by the appointing authority upon written charges, and after public hearings.
- **2.** The Board of Adjustment shall also include such alternate members as may be appointed by the Board of Selectmen pursuant to RSA 669:75, as amended.
- **3.** No person may serve as a regular or alternate member of the Board of Adjustment while simultaneously serving as the Building Inspector (regular or assistant) for the Town of Allenstown. In addition, no more than one regular or alternate member of the Planning Board may simultaneously serve as a regular or alternate member of the Board of Adjustment.
- **4.** When there is a permanent vacancy, the Board of Selectmen shall appoint a person to serve for the unexpired term.
- 5. The Board of Adjustment shall elect a chairman and secretary from its own membership.

Section 402. Jurisdiction

The Board of Adjustment shall have the following powers and duties of RSA 674:33, as amended, including the authority to:

- 1. To determine whether the administrative decision is in conformity with the provisions of this Ordinance and to interpret the meaning of the Ordinance in cases of uncertainty.
- **2.** To authorize, upon appeal in specific cases, a variance from the terms of the Zoning Ordinance if the provisions of RSA 674:33.I, as amended are met.
- 3. This itemsection was REPEALED on 3/2003.

Section 403. Hearings

For all appeals to administrative decisions on applications for permits authorized by this Ordinance, the Board of Adjustment shall hold a public hearing as prescribed by RSA 676:5, as amended.

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The individual, or representative of the board issuing the administrative decision being considered for appeal, unless prevented by illness or absence from the State, shall attend all hearings and shall present to the Board of Adjustment, all plans, photographs or any other factual material which is appropriate to an understanding of the appeal.

The Board of Adjustment shall not continue a hearing to a future date except for good cause. Written notice of the decision of the Board shall be sent to the appellant and the Building Inspector forthwith.

Section 404. Appeal Procedures

Any person or any municipal department aggrieved by an administrative decision may appeal such decision to the Board of Adjustment.

Within thirty (30) days of the date of the decision of the Building Inspector, the appeal shall be entered at the Town Hall upon forms to be approved by the Secretary of the Board of Adjustment. The appellant shall set forth on said forms the grounds of this appeal and shall refer to the specific provisions of the Zoning Ordinance involved. Following the receipt of any appeal, the Secretary shall notify the Chairman of the Board of Adjustment. The appeal shall be in order for hearing at the next meeting of the Board of Adjustment followed by at least seven days and the publication or posting of the notice appeal.

An aggrieved party may appeal the decision of the Board of Adjustment to the Superior Court as provided by the laws of the State of New Hampshire.

Section 405. Special Exceptions

The Zoning Board of Adjustment shall hear all requests for special exception provided for in this ordinance. The Zoning Board of Adjustment shall grant such applications for special exception as meet the requirements of this section, the requirements of the section authorizing the exception and with such appropriate conditions as are deemed necessary and reasonable.

- 1. Special exceptions shall meet the following standards:
 - A. No hazard to the public or adjacent property on account of potential fire, explosion, toxic materials or hazardous activity.
 - B. No detriment to property values in the vicinity or change in the essential characteristics of a residential neighborhood due to the location or scale of buildings and other structures, parking areas, access ways, odor, smoke, gas, dust or other pollutants, noise, glare, heat, vibration or unsightly outdoor storage of equipment, vehicles or other materials.
 - C. No creation of a traffic safety hazard or unmitigated substantial increase in the level of traffic congestion in the vicinity.
 - D. No excess demand on municipal services including but not limited to water, sewer, waste disposal, police and fire protection and schools.
 - E. No significant increase of stormwater runoff on to adjacent properties or public ways.
 - F. In an appropriate location for the proposed use.

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- G. No adverse effect on the health and safety of residents and others in the area and the proposed use shall not be detrimental to the use or development of adjacent or neighboring properties.
- H. In the public interest and in the spirit of the ordinance
- I. Requirements set forth in the ordinance for the particular use permitted by special exception.
- **2.** Special exception approvals may be subject to appropriate conditions including but not limited to the following:
 - A. Front, side or rear setbacks in excess of the minimum requirements of this ordinance.
 - B. Screening of the premises on the street or adjacent properties by walls, fences or other methods.
 - C. Modification of the exterior features or appearance of buildings or other structures.
 - D. Limitations on the number of occupants, methods and hours of operations.
 - E. Alteration, grading and contouring of physical features the property.
 - F. Regulation of the design of access drives, sidewalks and other traffic features.
 - G. Regulation of the number, size, and lighting of signs more stringent than the requirements of this ordinance.

Allenstown, NH Zoning Ordinance

Chapter 5.	Establishment of Zones			
Chapter 5Establish	ment of Zones <mark>and Dist Districts</mark>	rictsand		
Section 501. Types of Zones	and Districtsand Districts			
For the purpose of this Ordinance, the To types of use zones:	own of Allenstown is hereby divided inte	o the following		
Need a warrant article to add the missing	items and cross references.			rmatted: Font: Times New Roman, Pattern: Clear
 Open Space and Farming Zone (white Park) (Chapter 6)- 	h includes the area encompassing Bear	Brook State	Fo	Istom Color(RGB(176,224,230))), Not Highlight rmatted: Font: Times New Roman, Not Highlight rmatted: Font: Times New Roman
2. Residential zones (Chapter 7) as fol	lows:		\sim \succ	rmatted: Font: Bold
A. Residential Zone 14 being all that	land served by Town water and Town	sewer.		
<u>B.</u> Residential Zone $2H$ being all the	t land not being served by Town water	and Town sewer.		
C. Residential Zone 3 being all that	land served by Town water only.			
B. D. Residential Zone 4 being all t	hat land served by Town sewer only.			
3. Business Zone_(Chapter 8)				
4. Industrial Zone (Chapter 9)				
5. Commercial/Light Industrial Zone (Chapter 10)			
5.6. Agriculture Conservation District (C	hapter 25 <u>)</u>			
6.7.Suncook Village Infill Development	<u>DistrictZone (</u> Chapter 26)			
8. Groundwater Protection Overlay Dis	trict (Chapter 27)		Fo	matted: Font: Bold
9. Need Manufactured Housing Overlay	<u>/ District</u>			
7.10.Need MS4 Stormwater Managemer	t District			
Section 502. Location of Zon	es <u>and Districts</u>			
The zones described in Section 501 are l map, which, together with all explanator Ordinance. The zone in which the major	y matter thereon, is adopted and made p	art of this		
Section 503. Official Zoning I	Мар			
Regardless of the existence of other prin may be made or published, the Official 2 Office of the Selectmen shall be the final water areas, building and other structures Allenstown is- <u>attached to this ordinance</u> Map of the Town of Allenstown," as pre Commission.	Coning Map which shall be located in the authority as to the current zoning status in the Town. The official zoning map of dated March 14, 2017 and is entitled "O	e Town Hall of the land and of the Town of fficial Zoning		
Allenstown, NH Zoning Ordinance	Working Draft	Page 49 of 217		

Chapter 5. Establishment of Zones

Section 504. Interpretation

Any use which is not expressly permitted in a zone <u>or district</u> shall be deemed forbidden<u>-in the</u> zone.

Section 505. Prior Non-Conforming Uses

Prior lawful building and uses, which are rendered non-conforming by the Ordinance or any amendment thereto, may be continued indefinitely to the extent that such buildings and uses are provided such action does not increase the degree of non-compliance, but may not be:

- 1. Moved, enlarged, altered or extended.
- 2. Changed by another non-conforming use.
- **3.** Re-established if such use has been abandoned or discontinued for a period of one (1) year or has been changed to, or replaced by, a conforming use, or
- **4.** Restored to other than a non-conforming use after damage from any cause, unless the non-conforming use is substantially re-instated within two (2) years.

Section 506. Prohibited Subdivisions

No subdivision shall be permitted in any zone unless all road frontage used to comply with the frontage and dimensional requirements for that zone is on a class V or better public way.

Section 507. Non-Conforming Lots

- 1. A non-conforming lot is any lot of record in the Registry of Deeds in a zone that it fails to meet the dimensional requirements for that zone for road frontage or lot size.
- **2.** Non-conforming lots in the residential and the open space and farm zones may obtain a building permit without a variance so long as they meet all other requirements for the zone including all setbacks.
- **3.** A non-conforming lot or lots in any zone which are adjoining and have the same owner of record shall be required to eliminate the non-conformity to the maximum extent possible.
- **4.** Nothing in this section shall relieve any owner of the need to comply with the site plan review of any other requirements of a zone.

Chapter 6. Open Space and Farming	
Chapter 6. Open Space and Farming Zone	
Section 601. Uses	
In an Open Space and Farming Zone, land may be used and buildings may be erected for or used for:	
1. Single-family dwellings, provided that no such dwelling shall be located on a lot with less than two hundred (200) feet of frontage along a class V or better public wayone street with a minimum of five (5) acres in size. Two family dwellings may also be permitted on lots with two hundred (200) feet of frontage along one (1) <u>class V or better public waystreet</u> with a minimum of ten (10) acres in size.	
2. General purpose farm, forestry, agriculture or nurseries, or the selling of produce provided such uses are located and conducted in a manner not injurious, offensive and/or obnoxious to the general neighborhood and traffic.	
3. Municipal Recreation (Outdoor)	
4. Golf courses	
5. Family child care home	
6. Accessory-Small-Scale Solar <u>Siting</u>	
7. Accessory Small-Scale Wind Systems	
8. Cluster Housing (Refer to Section 1311. Cluster Housing)	Formatted: Font: Bold
9. Carports that do not encroach on setbacks.	
Section 602. Special Exceptions and Conditional Uses	
10.1.Exceptions . In an Open Space and Farming Zone, the following exception may be permitted upon approval of the Board of Adjustment, subject to such conditions as may be imposed by the Board of Adjustment:	Formatted: Numbered + Level: 1 + Numberir 3, + Start at: 1 + Alignment: Left + Aligned Indent at: 0.25"
A. Motels, hotels or lodging houses	
B. Campgrounds or overnight camps	
C. Airports	
D. Cemeteries	
E. Governmental Uses	
F. <u>Commercial r</u> Removal of fill, gravel, stone, or loam from the premises	
G. Warehouses	
H. Carports that would encroach on setback requirements	
I. Telecommunication Towers	
J. <u>Commercial</u> Private Recreation (Outdoor <u>or Indoor</u>)	
K. Commercial Stable	

Chapter 6. Open Space and Farming

- L. Assisted Living Facility
- M. Group Child Care Home
- N. Retail Sales, Unobtrusive to the neighborhood.
- **11.2.Conditional Uses**. In an Open Space and Farming Zone, the following may be permitted upon the Planning Board granting a Conditional Use Permit:
 - Manufactured Housing Parks. Parcel must also be located entirely within the Manufactured Housing Park Overlay District.

Section 603. Repealed 3/1998

Section 604. Dimensional Restrictions

No structure **shall be closer than** twenty (20) feet from any street, and thirty (30) feet from any rear or side lot line.

12.<u>1.</u>A swimming pool may be installed not closer than fifteen (15) feet from the rear lot line.

- **13.2.** A garage accessory to a one or two-family need not be set back more than ten (10) feet from the rear lot line; and
- **14.3.** A maximum of One (1) utility shed or greenhouse not larger than two hundred (200) square feet of floor area with a height not greater than seven (7) feet to the eaves and ten (10) feet from the floor to the ridge, need not be set back more than five (5) foot from any side or rear lot line and be no closer than six (6) feet from any residence.
- **15.4.** The driveway shall be located on the portion of the property which has road frontage conforming with the dimension and requirements for frontage in this zone. In the case of non-conforming buildable lots the driveway shall be located on the portion of the property which has the most road frontage conforming with the dimensional requirements of this zone. *Effective March 13, 2007*

Section 605. Uses Not Permitted

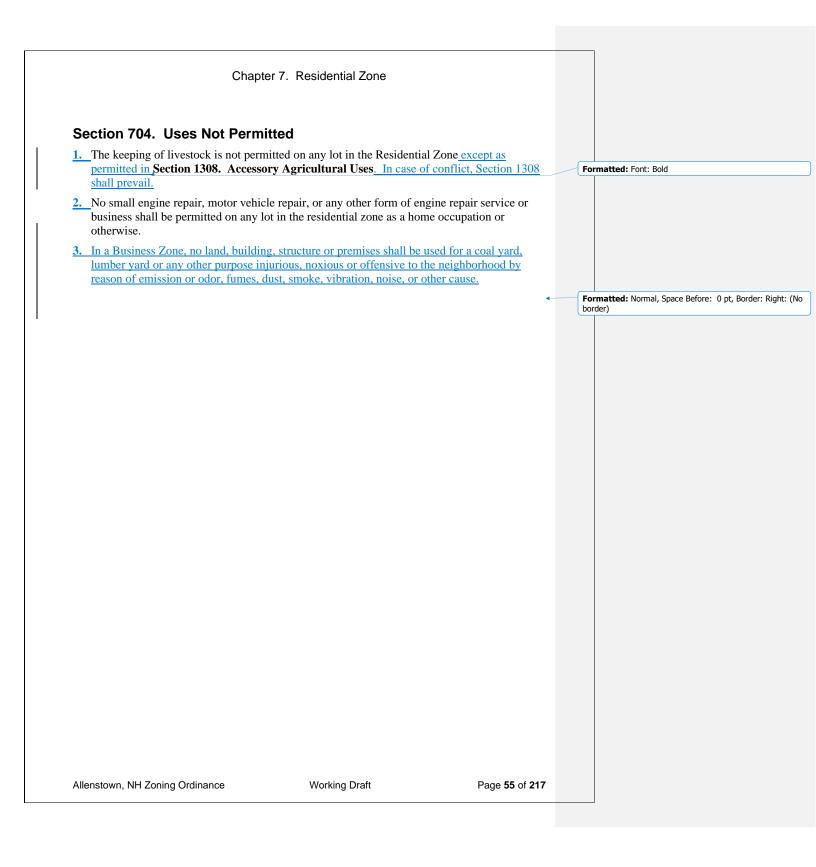
In a Business Zone, no land, building, structure or premises shall be used for a coal yard, lumber yard or any other purpose injurious, noxious or offensive to the neighborhood by reason of emission or odor, fumes, dust, smoke, vibration, noise, or other cause.

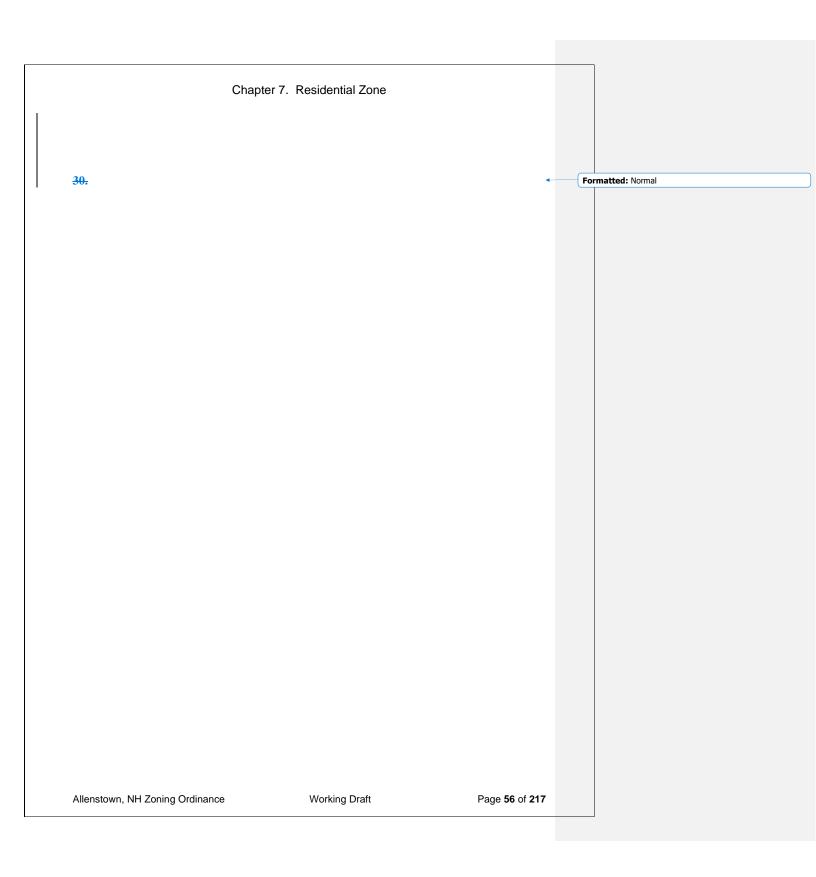
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Allenstown, NH Zoning Ordinance

Chapter 7. Residential Zone	
Chapter 7. Residential Zone	
Section 701. Uses	
In a Residential Zone, land may be used and buildings may be erected or used for:	
16.1.Single-family dwellings	Formatted: Numbered + Level: 1 + Numbering 9
1.2.Community Center	3, + Start at: 1 + Alignment: Left + Aligned at: Indent at: 0.25"
2.3. Family Child Care Home	Formatted: Numbered + Level: 1 + Numbering S 3, + Start at: 1 + Alignment: Left + Aligned at:
3.4. Municipal Recreation (Outdoor or Indoor)	Indent at: 0.25"
4.5. Private Recreation (Outdoor or Indoor)	
5.6.Gardens when incidental to primary residential use by excluding any use injurious, noxious or offensive to the neighborhood	
6-7. Accessory Small-Scale Solar	
7-8. Cluster Housing - Refer to Section 1311. Cluster Housing Supplemental Regulations Section 1125	Formatted: Font: Bold
8-9. Carports that do not encroach upon setbacks	
Section 702. Exceptions	
In a Residential Zone, the following may be permitted upon approval of the Board of Adjustment, subject to such conditions as may be imposed by the Board of Adjustment:	
9. <u>1.Municipal usesdelete this item</u>	Formatted: Numbered + Level: 1 + Numbering S
10.2. Public utility uses necessary for public welfare	3, + Start at: 1 + Alignment: Left + Aligned at: Indent at: 0.25"
11.3.Funeral parlors	
12.4. Professional offices	
13.5. Two-family dwellings	
14.6. Carports that would encroach on setback requirements	
15.7. Group child care center (more than 6 children)	
16.8.Kindergartens	
17.9.Multi-family dwelling	
18,10. Home Occupation	
19-11. Assisted Living Facility	
20.12. Adult Daycare	
21.13. Personal Service less than 5,000 Square Feet of the structure	
22.14.Sit-Down/Take out restaurant less than 5,000 Square Feet (no drive in)	Formatted: Pattern: Clear (Custom Color(RGB(176,224,230)))
should this state "Indoor/Outdoor Restaurant?	Formatted: Pattern: Clear (Custom
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Chapter 7. Residential Zone		
Section 703. Dimensional Restrictions		
The following restrictions apply in a Residential Zone:		
23.1. No structure shall exceed two (2) stories or thirty (30) feet in height from the highest point on no less than three sides of the structure exclusive of accessory accessory antennas.		Formatted: Numbered + Level: 1 + Numbering Style: 3, + Start at: 1 + Alignment: Left + Aligned at: 0" + Indent at: 0.25"
24.2. No structure shall be closer than twenty (20) feet from any street, or closer feet from any rear lot line or closer than fifteen (15) feet from any side lot line		
A. A swimming pool can be installed not closer than fifteen (15) feet from th	e rear lot line;	
 B. A garage accessory to a one or two-family dwelling need not be set back r (10) feet from the rear lot line; and 	nore than ten	
25.3. One utility shed or greenhouse not larger than one hundred forty-four (144) s floor area with a height not greater than seven (7) feet to the eaves and ten (10 floor to the ridge need not be set back more than one (1) foot from any side lo line and be no closer than six (6) feet from any residence.)) feet from the	
26.4. When Town water and sanitary sewers are available, no lot shall have less the (100) feet of frontage on any one accepted street, nor an area of less than ten t (10,000) square feet.		
27.5. When town water or sanitary sewers are not available, no lot shall have less hundred (200) feet of frontage along any one accepted street, nor an area of le thousand (40,000) square feet.		
28.6. No more than forty (40%) percent of the area of any lot may be covered by b structures.	ouildings or	
29.7. All two (2) family dwellings, apartment houses, and multifamily dwellings h water and sewer available shall have at least ten thousand (10,000) square feet each dwelling unit. All two (2) family dwellings, apartment houses and multif dwellings not having Town water and sewer available shall have at least forty (40,000) square feet of lot size for each dwelling unit.	t of lot size for family	
8. With the exception of lots described under Section 1304. Lot Access Section Ordinance, driveways shall be located on the portion of the property which has conforming with the dimensional requirements for frontage in this zone. In the conforming buildable lots the driveway shall be located on the portion of the portion of the portion of the portion.	as road frontage e case of non- property which	Formatted: Font: Bold
has the most road frontage conforming with the dimensional requirements of t <i>Effective March 13, 2007.</i>	his zone.	
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Chapt	er 8. Business Zone		
Chapter	8. Business Zon	e	
Section 801. Uses			
In a Business Zone, land may be used an	d buildings may be erected or	used for:	
1. Community Center			
2. Family Child Care Home			
1. Any purpose permitted in a Resident	ial Zone under Section 701. U	sesSection 701, b. and c.	Formatted: Pattern: Clear (Custom
2. Churches	•		Color(RGB(176,224,230))) Formatted: Font: Bold, Pattern: Clear (Custom
3. Hospitals			Color(RGB(176,224,230)))
4. Municipal Uses			
5. Funeral parlors			
6. Filling stations and motor vehicle rep	bair garages		
7. Garden nursery/Commercial greenho			
8. Museums			
9. Lodging houses, hotels or motels			
10. Clubs, private or public			
11. Newspaper or job printing plants			
12. Professional Offices			
13. Banks			
14. Restaurants			
15. Adult Daycare			
16. Assisted Living			
17. Municipal Recreation (Indoor or Out	door)		
18. Private Recreation (Indoor or Outdoo	or)		
19. Office Park			
20. Car Wash			
21. Personal Service, any size			
22. Marine Sales/Service			
23. Public Utility			
24. Retail Sale of goods			
25. Retail Landscape Supply			
26. Consumable Manufactured Goods			
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Chapter 8. Business Zone

27. Kindergarten

28. Group child care center (<u>7 or more more than 6</u> children)

29. Accessory Small-Scale Solar

Section 802. Exceptions

- 1. Telecommunications Towers
- 2. Carports
- 3. Manufacturing
- 4. Motor vehicle Sales
- 5. Veterinary Office/Hospital
- 6. Motor vehicle Rental
- 7. Multimodal Transportation Hub/Facility

Section 803. Uses Not Permitted

- 1. In a Business Zone, no land, building, structure or premises shall be used for a coal yard, lumber yard or any other purpose injurious, noxious or offensive to the neighborhood by reason of emission or odor, fumes, dust, smoke, vibration, noise, or other cause.
- 2. The keeping of livestock.

Section 804. Dimensional Restrictions

The following restrictions apply in a Business Zone:

- 1. No structure shall exceed three (3) stories or forty-five (45) feet in height from the ground to the highest point on any one side, exclusive of accessory chimneys or accessory antennas.
- 2. No structure shall be erected closer than fifteen (15) feet to any side lot line, unless a fire wall, approved by the Fire Chief, shall protect both structures facing such side lot line.
- 3. No structure shall be erected closer than forty (40) feet to the nearest rear lot line.
- 4. No structure shall be erected closer than twenty (20) feet to the front lot line.
- **5.** No more than seventy (70%) percent of the land area of any lot may be covered by buildings or structures.
- 6. No lot shall have less than seventy-five (75) feet frontage on any one accepted street.

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Ch	apter 9. Industrial Zone		
	er 9. Industrial Zo	ne	
Section 901. Uses			
In an Industrial Zone, land may be used a	and buildings may be erected or	used for:	
1. Professional Offices			
2. Office Park			
3. Consumable manufactured goods.			
4. Restaurants			
5. Filling Stations and motor vehicle rep	pair garages.		
6. Newspaper or printing plants			
7. Warehouses			
8. Banks			
9. Guardhouse for watchman, without li	iving space		
10. Schools			
11. Heavy Manufacturing			
12. Timber activities/lumber yard.			
13. Flea Markets in accordance with Sec	tion 1120 of this Ordinance		
14.13. Retail Commercial Greenhouse			
15.14. Retail Landscape Supply			
16.15.Lab/Research & Development/Bio	technology Research		
17.<u>16.</u>Car Wash			
18.17. Food/Beverage Processing			
19.18. Building/Contractor Yard			
20.19. Veterinary Office/Hospital			
<u>21.20.</u> Personal Services of any size			
21. Marine Sales/Service			
22. Indoor/Outdoor Flea Market. Outdoor Flea Markets in accordance	with Section 1104. Outdoor F	ea Markets	
23. Household Waste Recycling Facility	(including collection facilities)		
24. Accessory Small-Scale Solar			
Section 902. Exceptions			
In an Industrial Zone, uses consistent wit sales, may be permitted upon approval by imposed by the Board of Adjustment.			
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Chapter 9. Industrial Zone

Section 903. Uses Not Permitted

In an Industrial Zone, no land, building, structure or premises shall be used for a coal yard, or for any other purpose injurious, noxious or offensive to the neighborhood by reason of emission of odor, fumes, dust, smoke, vibration, noise, or other cause.

Section 904. Dimensional Restrictions

The following restrictions apply in an Industrial Zone:

- **1.** No structure shall exceed three (3) stories or forty-five (45) feet in height from the ground to the highest point on any one side, exclusive of accessory chimneys or accessory antennas.
- **2.** No structure shall be *erected closer than fifteen (15) feet to any side lot line*, unless a fire wall, approved by the Fire Chief, shall protect both structures facing such side lot line.
- 3. No structure shall be erected closer than forty (40) feet to the rear lot line.
- 4. No structure shall be erected closer than twenty (20) feet to the front lot line.
- **5.** When parking is provided other than in front of the building, a setback from the sidewalk line of not less than five (5) feet shall be required. When parking is provided in front of a building, a setback from the sidewalk line of not less than twenty (20) feet shall be required.
- **6.** No more than seventy (70%) percent of the land area of any lot may be covered by buildings or structures.
- 7. No lot shall have less than seventy-five (75) feet frontage on any one accepted street.
- **8.** Keeping of livestock may be permitted by the Zoning Board of Adjustment by special exception upon the applicant meeting the following conditions:
 - A. Livestock shall be housed in an appropriate structure.
 - B. Livestock shall not be kept closer than 250 feet to any abutting residence.
 - C. Livestock shall not be kept closer than 200 feet from any abutting property line.
 - D. All livestock housing shall be erected prior to allowing animals to be kept on the property.
 - E. Submission of a detailed manure management plan consistent with the Manual of Best Management Practices for Agriculture in New Hampshire.
 - F. The property is suitable for the keeping of livestock such as, but not limited to, grazing area, etc.
 - G. The keeping of livestock will not diminish surrounding property values.
 - H. The use shall be consistent with the character of the neighborhood.
 - I. The use shall not be contrary to the spirit of the zoning ordinance.
 - J. Submission of a surface water runoff plan which shall include, but is not limited to, the impact of runoff from the livestock operations on surface water, groundwater, abutting properties and municipal sewers. The use shall not adversely impact surface water or groundwater, abutting properties or municipal sewers.
 - K. Implementation of appropriate measures to mitigate odor, noise, and vectors and shall provide an appropriate visual buffer.
 - L.-The use shall not otherwise adversely affect the environment, public health or safety.

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	Chapter 9. Industrial Zone	•	(
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Chapter 10. Commercial/Light Industrial Zone

Section 1001. Uses

In a Commercial/Light Industrial Zone, land may be used and buildings erected or used for:

1. Hospitals

- 2. Municipal Uses
- 3. Schools
- 4. Filling stations and motor vehicle repair garages
- 5. Garden nursery/Commercial Greenhouse
- **6.** Newspaper or job printing plants
- 7. Professional Offices
- 8. Banks
- 9. Public Recreation (Indoor or Outdoor)
- 10. Restaurants
- 11. Retail Sales of goods
- 12. Lumber Yards/Timber Operations
- 13. Retail Landscape Supply
- 14. Warehouses/self storage units
- 15. Food/Beverage processing
- 16. Building/Contractor Yard
- 17. Veterinary Office/Hospital
- 18. Personal Service of any size
- **19.** Marine Sales/Service
- 20. Adult Daycare/Nursing Home/Assisted Living
- 21. Office Park
- 22. Lab/Research and Development/Biotechnology Research
- 23. <u>AutoMotor Vehicle</u> Sales
- 24. Car Wash
- 25. Outdoor Flea Markets in accordance with Section 1104. Outdoor Flea Markets
- 26. Large Animal/Equine/Livestock Veterinary Facility
- **27.** Consumable Manufacturing
- 28. Accessory Small-Scale Solar

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Section 1002. Exceptions

Telecommunications Towers

Section 1003. Uses Not Permitted

In a Commercial/Light Industrial Zone, no land, building, structure, or premises shall be used for a coal yard, or for any other purpose injurious, noxious or offensive to the neighborhood by reason of emission of odor, fumes, dust, smoke, vibration, noise, or other cause.

Section 1004. Dimensional Restrictions

The following restrictions apply in a Commercial/Industrial Zone:

- **29.1.**No structure shall exceed three (3) stories or forty-five (45) feet in height from the ground to the highest point on any one side, exclusive of accessory chimneys or accessory antennas.
- **30.**<u>2.</u>No structure shall be erected *closer than fifteen (15) feet to any side lot line*, such side lot line unless a fire wall, approved by the Fire Chief, shall protect both structures facing such side lot line.
- 31.3. No structure shall be erected closer than forty (40) feet to the nearest rear lot line.
- **32.4.** When parking is provided other than in front of the building, a setback from the sidewalk line of not less than five (5) feet shall be required. When parking is provided in front of a building, a setback from the sidewalk line of not less than twenty (20) feet shall be required.
- **33.5.**No more than seventy (70%) percent of the land area of any lot in the zone may be covered by buildings or structures.
- **34.6.**No lot shall have less than seventy-five (75) feet frontage on any one accepted street.
- **35.**<u>7.</u>Keeping of livestock may be permitted by the Zoning Board of Adjustment by special exception upon the applicant meeting the following conditions:
 - A. Livestock shall be housed in an appropriate structure.
 - B. Livestock shall not be kept closer than 250' to any abutting residence.
 - C. Livestock shall not be kept closer than 200' from any abutting property line.
 - D. All livestock housing shall be erected prior to allowing animals to be kept on the property.
 - E. Submission of a detailed manure management plan consistent with the Manual of Best Management Practices for Agriculture in New Hampshire.
 - F. The property is suitable for the keeping of livestock such as, but not limited to, grazing area, etc.
 - G. The keeping of livestock will not diminish surrounding property values.
 - H. The use shall be consistent with the character of the neighborhood.
 - I. The use shall not be contrary to the spirit of the zoning ordinance.
 - J. Submission of a surface water runoff plan which shall include, but is not limited to, the impact of runoff from the livestock operations on surface water, groundwater, abutting

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properties and municipal sewers. The use shall not adversely impact surface water or groundwater, abutting properties or municipal sewers.

- K. Implementation of appropriate measures to mitigate odor, noise, and vectors and shall provide an appropriate visual buffer.
- L. The use shall not otherwise adversely affect the environment, public health, or safety.

Allenstown, NH Zoning Ordinance

Allenstown, NH Zoning Ordinance

Chapter 11. Businesses at a Residence Chapter 11. Businesses at a Residence

Nothing in this Article shall relieve a property owner/applicant from complying with any other applicable provisions of the Allenstown Zoning Ordinance, including the provisions of any overlay districts or supplemental regulations or ordinances. In the event there are any conflicts between this Article and any other provisions of the Allenstown Zoning Ordinance, the more restrictive requirement shall control, with the exception of any applicable overlay districts at which time the provisions of the applicable overlay districts is shall control.

Section 1101. Accessory Uses

Nothing herein shall be construed to forbid an accessory use which is customary and incidental to the dominant use is permitted under this Ordinance, and if such accessory use is not injurious or detrimental to the neighborhood.

Section 1102. Accessory and Home Occupation

Nothing herein shall be construed to prevent a physician, surgeon, dentist, musician or a member of another recognized profession from conducting a business in his residence or in an adjoining accessory building, nor shall this Ordinance be construed to prevent the carrying out in a residence of a customary home occupation, including dressmaking or music instruction, provided that such business or occupation shall not be injurious, noxious or objectionable to the general neighborhood.

Section 1103. Casual Sales

Casual sales, such as garage sales, yard sales and tag sales, when otherwise prohibited by the ordinance, may be authorized by the selectmen for Saturdays, Sundays, and legal Monday holidays on such terms and conditions as they may impose in order to ensure that such yard sales, tag sales, and flea markets are not detrimental or injurious to the neighborhood. No person or premises shall be granted permission to conduct such sale on more than one (1) weekend per calendar month and no person shall be granted permission to conduct sales before 7 a.m. or after 7 p.m. Need to revisit the changes to these types of business worked on in 2020.

Section 1104. Outdoor Flea Markets

Outdoor flea markets in Allenstown proposing more than two (2) such events between April 15 and October 15 of the same year must obtain a Conditional Use Permit (CUP) from the Allenstown Planning Board. Fees for the Conditional Use Permit application will be as set by the Board of Selectmen. Outdoor flea markets that will occur 2 times or less between April 15 and October 15 of the same year shall not require a permit provided they are in operation between April 15th and October 15th of the same year, are limited to weekend days and operation is limited between 7:00 a.m. and 7:00 p.m. The Planning Board shall issue a CUP for an outdoor flea market if all of the following have, in the opinion of the board, been met:

- 1. Flea Market dates are limited to Saturdays, Sundays, and legal Monday Holidays;
- 2. Is limited between the hours of 7:00 AM and 7:00 PM;
- 3. Does not take place before April 15th or after October 15th;
- 4. Said CUP shall not be in effect until April 15th of the year of issuance and shall expire October 16th of that same year;

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Chapter 11. Businesses at a Residence

- 5. Sufficient "off street" parking shall be provided for by the proprietor/manager of the outdoor flea market;
- 6. Refuse collection and removal shall be provided;
- 7. Shall not be detrimental to the neighborhood or abutting properties;
- 8. The outdoor flea market shall comply with any other applicable provisions of this Ordinance.

Section 1105. Uses Not Permitted

9. In a Business at a Residence, no land, building, structure or premises shall be used for a coal yard, lumber yard or any other purpose injurious, noxious or offensive to the neighborhood by reason of emission or odor, fumes, dust, smoke, vibration, noise, or other cause.

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Chapter 12. Signage Regulations

Chapter 12. Signage Regulations

This section was separated from old Article XI.

Section 1201. Intent

This article is adopted for the regulation of signs with in the town of Allenstown and it is based on the compelling governmental interests of protecting traffic safety, serving the requirements of emergency response, protecting property rights or the rights of persons on property, protecting property values, supporting the local business community and enhancing the visual environment and aesthetic appeal of the town.

- 1. This Article does not regulate every form and instance of visual communication that may be displayed anywhere within the town. Rather, this Article is intended to regulate those forms and instances that are most likely to meaningfully affect one or more of the purposes set forth above.
- 2. This Article is not intended to and does not apply to signs erected, maintained or otherwise posted, owned or leased by the State of New Hampshire (the "State"), the federal government or the town of Allenstown (the "Town"). The inclusion of "government" in describing some signs does not intend to subject the government to regulation, but instead, helps illustrate the type of sign that falls within the immunities of the government from any regulations.

Section 1202. Signage Definitions

<u>A-Frame/Sandwich Board Sign:</u> A self-supporting freestanding sign, sized a maximum of 4' in height and 2' in width shaped like an A that is easily moveable and temporary in nature.

<u>Animated or Moving sign</u>: Any sign that has moving or rotating components, flashing lights, or special materials to illustrate action or create a special effect or scene.

Awning sign: Any visual message (letters, words, logos) incorporated into an awning attached to a building. If the awning only contains a street address and no other letters or words it is not considered a sign.

Changeable Copy Sign: A sign on which the visual message may be manually changed.

<u>Complex</u>: Either commercial or industrial structure(s) with two or more tenant spaces or divisions.

<u>Directional Sign</u>: A sign limited to providing directional or guide information on the most direct or simple route for on sight public safety and convenience.

<u>Double-faced Sign:</u> A single, freestanding structure designed with the intent of providing advertising on both sides.

Electronic Reader Board: A sign, or portion thereof, with characters, letters, or illustrations that can be electronically changed or rearranged without altering the face or the surface of the sign.

<u>Freestanding Sign</u>: Any sign supported by structures or supports that are placed on, or anchored in, the ground and that are independent from any building or other structure.

Government Sign: Shall mean a sign that is constructed, placed or maintained by the federal,

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Chapter 12. Signage Regulations

state or local government or a sign that is required to be constructed, placed or maintained by the federal, state or local government either directly or to enforce a property owner's rights.

<u>Grandfathered/Non-conforming Sign</u>: Shall mean any nonconforming sign in any zone legally in existence prior to enactment of this Article.

<u>Height of Sign</u>: The Greatest vertical distance measured from the finished ground below the middle of the sign to the highest elements of the sign.

<u>Historic Plaque:</u> A Marker, erected by federal, state or local authority identifying a historic place, name or date.

Illuminated Sign: Any sign illuminated from the interior or exterior of the sign.

<u>Portable Sign:</u> Any sign not permanently set in the ground or attached to a building or other structure

<u>Projecting Sign:</u> Any sign affixed to a building or wall in such a manner that its leading edge extends more that twelve inches beyond the surface of the building or wall.

Reader board. A sign or part of a sign specifically designed to allow for the convenient display of temporary messages.

<u>Roof Line</u>: Shall be the lower border of a roof that overhangs the wall (the projecting edge of the roof).

Roof Sign: Any sign that extends above the roofline of the building to which it is attached.

Seasonal Agricultural Sign: Sign displayed during the harvest season of the item advertised.

Sign: A name, identification, description, display or illustration, which is affixed to, painted or represented directly or indirectly upon a building, or other outdoor surface which directs attention to or is designed or intended to direct attention to the sign face or to an object, product, place, activity, person, institution, organization or business and where sign area means the space enclosed within the extreme edges of the sign for each face, not including the supporting structure or where attached directly to a building wall or surface, the outline enclosing all the characters of the word(s). Signs located completely within an enclosed building, and not exposed to view from a street, public way, or adjacent property, shall not be considered a sign. Each display surface of a sign or sign face shall be considered to be a sign.

<u>Temporary sign:</u> A banner, pennant, poster or advertising display constructed of paper, cloth, canvas, plastic sheet, cardboard, wallboard, plywood or other like materials and that appears to be intended to be displayed for a limited period of time.

Unit: Shall consist of only one primary structure per lot with one and only one tenant space.

<u>Wall Sign:</u> Any sign attached parallel to, but within twelve (12) inches of a wall, painted on the all surface, or erected and confined within the limits of an outside wall of any building or structure, which is supported by such wall or building, and which displays only one sign.

<u>Window Sign:</u> Illuminated and non-illuminated signs placed in the windows of a structure and viewed or intended to be viewed from outside the structure.

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		7
Chapter 12. Signage Regulations		
Section 1203. Construction		
All signs (except for grandfathered pre-existing legal non-conforming signs) must conform to these regulations and the most recently adopted building code.		
Section 1204. Sign Permits		
1204.1 It shall be unlawful for any person to erect, construct, enlarge, move or convert any sign in the town of Allenstown, or cause the same to be done, without first obtaining a sign permit except as specified in Section 1207. Signs That Do Not Require a Permit from the Townsection 1111.7 of this Article.	F	ormatted: Font: Bold
1204.2 Application for any sign permit shall be submitted in writing on appropriate forms to the Code Enforcement Officer for the Town of Allenstown. Such application shall contain the following information:		
1. Names, addresses and telephone number of the applicant.		
2. Location and position of sign or structure.		
3. Plans or drawings with dimensional specifications.		
4. Written consent of the property owners.		
5. Such other information which the Town may require.		
1204.3 The Code Enforcement Officer or Building Inspector or his/her designee will promptly process the sign permit application and approve the application, reject the application or notify the applicant of deficiencies in the application within fifteen (15) days. Any sign application that complies with all provisions of this Article, the Zoning Ordinance, the building code, and all other applicable laws, regulations and ordinances will be approved.		
1204.4 If the Code Enforcement Officer or his/her designee denies the permit application, he/she will provide a list of the reasons for the rejection in writing. An application must be rejected for non-compliance with the terms of this Article, the Zoning Ordinance, building code, or other applicable laws or regulations.		
1204.5 Permit Fee: \$35 <u>for each sign</u>		
1204.6 Appeals: If the Code Enforcement Officer denies an application for a sign permit, the applicant may appeal said administrative decision to the Zoning Board of Adjustment pursuant to Section 404. Appeal ProceduresArticle IV, section 404 of the Town's Zoning Ordinance.	G	
Section 404. Appear Procedures Afficie 17, section 404 of the Town's Zoning Ordinance.	F	ormatted: Font: Bold
Section 1205. Zones – Regulations by Zoning District		
The Sign Specifications by District Table Table 12-1 Sign Specifications by District (which · ·	F	ield Code Changed
<u>follows</u>) depicts the maximum allowable number and dimensions of signs permitted in each zoning district. Other requirements as applicable are noted herein.	$ \rangle > \geq$	ormatted: Font: Bold, Highlight
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1205.1 Residential 1, 2, <u>3, and 4, Open Space, and Farming Zones</u>		ormatted: Border: Right: (Single solid line, Red, 2.25 pt ine width)
In Residential 1, 2, <u>3</u> , and <u>4</u> . Open Space, and Farming Zones a single non-commercial permanent sign shall be allowed. Such sign shall not be internally illuminated and no Town sign	F	ormatted: Highlight
permit is required.	(F	ormatted: Font: 12 pt, Bold, Highlight
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Chapter 12. Signage Regulations

1205.2 Home Occupations

Home occupations may have one (1) wall or one (1) free standing commercial sign. Said sign shall not be internally illuminated. Home occupation signs require a sign permit from the Town.

Table 12-1 Sign Specifications by District

-	Res. 1 <u>,2,3,4</u>	OSF	Business	Industrial	CLI
Minimum Setback (ft)					
Front lot line	20	20	20	20	5/20*
side lot line	15	30	15	15	15
rear lot line	30	30	40	40	40
Maximum Height (ft)					
from grade (artificial grading of the landscape is not allowed for the purpose of enhancing the sign's height)					
Freestanding sign	6	6	12	12	12
Maximum Sign Area (<u>sq</u> ft 2)					
freestanding sign	3	3	32	32	32
structure					
freestanding sign					
Complex	3	3	60	60	60
Wall Sign	3	3	75 a	75 a	75 e
Home occupation	3	3	np	np	np
Changeable copy	NP	NP	32 <u>a</u> b	32 <u>a</u> b	32 <u>a</u> ŧ
NP = Not Permitted					
a = up to that amount <mark>allowed in</mark> t enant façade.	<mark>-1111.8</mark> or 10%	of the tota	al square foo	tage of the bi	uilding or
$\underline{ab} = Not \text{ to exceed } 50\% \text{ of the to}$	tal sign area, ar	oplicable	only to a free	estanding sig	n.
tenant façade.					

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1205.3 Business, Industrial, Commercial/Light Industrial Zones

- 1. One (1) freestanding commercial sign identifying the commercial complex or unit shall be allowed. A free standing sign for a complex may identify the individual occupants of the complex in addition to the name of the complex. If a common back plate is used for support, it shall not exceed one and one half times the area of said occupants sign.
- 2. One (1) commercial wall sign for each side of a building facing a public or private right-ofway is permitted. For complexes one (1) commercial wall sign is permitted per occupant on the building façade of each tenant space, except that where the occupant space has more than one (1) façade facing a public or private right-of-way. In the latter case, one (1) commercial wall sign per each occupant space façade facing a public or private right-of-way is permitted up to a maximum of two (2) commercial wall signs. Buildings fronting more than one rightof-way may not combine the permissible sign square footage for the purpose of placing one sign on one frontage.

Section 1206. General Sign Regulations – All Districts

1206.1 Prohibited Signs

The following signs shall be prohibited in all zoning districts of the Town.

- **<u>1.</u>** Beacon or flashing signs. Signs which feature flashing or rotating lights, strobes, strands of lights, animation, scrolling, or moving parts.
- **3-2. Electronic Reader boards**. A sign or part of a sign specifically designed to allow for the convenient display of temporary messages.
- **4.3.Hazardous signs.** Signs that interfere with pedestrian or vehicular traffic, distract or confuse motorist, are in a state of disrepair, or are otherwise potentially hazardous to the public.
- **5.4.Inflatable signs.** Any sign of flexible material that maintains its shape by means of inflation is not permitted.
- **6-5.Offsite signs.** Signs or billboards advertising or identifying businesses not located on the same parcel or lot as the sign-except where allowed by other sections of this ordinance.
- **7.6.Signs on vehicles/trailers.** No sign affixed to a transportation vehicle either independently propelled or towable which is parked on a location for the purpose of advertising shall be allowed except where allowed by other sections of this ordinance.
- **8.7.Sign height.** No sign shall extend above the roof line of the building to which it is attached. No roof signs are allowed.
 - A. Illumination shall be installed in a manner so as not to create an unsafe condition for vehicular traffic or become a nuisance to abutting property owners. No flashing, moving, scrolling or animated signs will be allowed.
 - B. The limitation as to the number of signs does not apply to government signs as defined in Section 1202. Signage Definitions in section 1111.2 of this Article.
 - C. No permanent sign shall be affixed to any object within the town right-of-way except as may be authorized elsewhere within this Article.

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- D. No sign shall interfere with clear sight and no sign shall be positioned so as to obstruct or be a hazard to traffic on a road or to traffic entering or leaving the premises. Further, no sign shall create dangerous conditions with respect to pedestrians or vehicular traffic. No signs shall be erected so as to obstruct any doors, windows, or fire escapes of a building.
- E. On all externally illuminated signs, down lit illumination is encouraged unless good cause can be shown.
- F. Eight inch (8") high street numbers shall be included on all commercial freestanding signs for identification purposes and will not count towards the sign size.
- G. Up to eight inch (8") high street numbers shall be included on commercial building wall signs for identification purposes and will not count towards the wall sign size and/or as a wall sign if placed separately on the wall of a building.

Section 1207. Signs That Do Not Require a Permit from the Town

1207.1 Grandfathered signs

That term is defined in **Section 1202. Signage Definitions**<u>section 1111.2 of this Article</u>. Grandfathered signs shall be replaced within one (1) year of their discontinuance with a sign which does not exceed in size that which it replaces. A sign larger or less conforming in any other aspect shall require a variance from the Zoning Board of Adjustment. A nonconforming sign shall be allowed to continue in a nonconforming status until its use has been discontinued for a period of one year. At that time, it shall be removed promptly by the property owner. When replacing several signs, the total square footage of the new sign(s) shall not exceed the aggregate square footage of the sign(s) to be replaced. The number of replacement signs shall not exceed that of the grandfathered status and shall not be less conforming in any way.

1207.2 Government Signs

Although this Article does not apply to signs erected, maintained or posted by the State, federal, or Town government, government signs are allowed in every zoning district which form the expression of the government when erected and maintained in accordance with applicable law.

1207.3 Numerals and Letters

Each property owner must mark their property using numerals that identify the address of the property so that public safety departments can easily identify the address from the public street. Unless otherwise required under this Zoning Ordinance or other law, the identification must be curbside and may be on the principal building on the property. For non-residential zoned property, tThe size and location of the identifying numerals and letters must be proportional to the size of the building and the distance from the street to the building and in no case larger than four (4) inches. In cases where the building is not located within view of the public street, the identifier must be located on the mailbox or other suitable device such that it is visible from the street.

1207.4 Posting a Sign

Where a federal, State or local law requires a property owner to post a sign on the owner's property to warn of a danger or to prohibit access to the property either generally or specifically,

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the owner must comply with the federal, State, or local law to exercise that authority by posting a sign on the property.

Section 1208. Temporary Signs

- 1. In addition to other permitted signs, a property owner may place one temporary sign with a sign face no larger than two (2) square feet in accordance with the Sign Specifications by District Table, on his/her property at any time.
- **9.2.** In addition to other permitted signs, one temporary sign per .25 acres of land may be located on the owner's property for a period of thirty (30) days prior to an election involving candidates for federal, State or local office or an issue on the ballot of an election. Where the size of the property is smaller than .25 acres these signs may be posted on the property for each principal building lawfully existing on the property. Pursuant to RSA 664:17, such signs shall not be affixed to any public property including highway rights-of-way or private property without the owner's consent. Further, any such sign shall be removed no later than the second Friday following the election unless the election is a primary and the sign concerns a candidate who is the winner of the primary or an issue which will be on the ballot at the official election.
- **10.3.** In addition to signs otherwise permitted, one temporary sign may be located on a property when:
 - A. The owner consents and that property is being offered for sale through a licensed real estate agent.
 - B. If not offered for sale through a licensed real estate agent, when the sign is owned by the property owner and that property is being offered for sale by the owner.
 - C. For a period of five (5) days following the date on which a contract of sale has been executed by a person purchasing the property.
 - D. The property is being offered for lease by the owner of the property.
 - E. One temporary sign may be located on the owner's property on a day when the property owner is opening the property to the public; provided, however, the owner may not use this type of sign in residential zones more than thirty (30) days per year and may not use this type of sign in a commercial or industrial district for more than thirty (30) days per year.
 - F. One temporary sign identifying the business name of an electrician, plumber, architect, engineer or other contractor performing work at a property may be located at the property with the consent of the owner. Said sign may be located at on the property for the duration of the work being performed.
 - G. Official notices or advertisements posted or displayed by or under the direction of any public or court officer in the performance of official or directed duties; provided that all such signs must be removed no more than ten (10) days after their purpose has been accomplished.

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- H. One (1) temporary commercial sign thirty two (32) sq. ft. in size advertising "Coming Soon", "Grand re-opening" or similar event may be displayed while a business is under construction and until its open. The "Coming Soon", "Grand re-opening" or similar sign must meet the setback requirements of the Zoning district in which it is located.
- **11.4.** The permitted size of temporary signs will be governed by the Sign Specifications by District Table.
- **12.5.** For purposes of this Section, the lessor of a property is considered the property owner as to the property the lessor holds a right to use exclusive of others (or the sole right to occupy). If there are multiple lessors of a property then each lessor must have the same rights and duties as the property owner as to the property the lessor leases and has the sole right to occupy and the size of the property must be deemed to be the property that the lessor has the sole right to occupy under the lease.
- **13.6.** Temporary signs tacked, nailed, posted or otherwise attached to trees, stakes, fences or other objects advertising matter not applicable to the premises where located shall not be permitted unless as specifically allowed herein.
- **14.**<u>7</u>**.**Per RSA 236:69 89, no temporary sign may be placed on state owned property or within the State right-of-way.
- **15.8.** Temporary signs shall be securely anchored at a stationary location, shall not be motorized or moving and shall not be lit or illuminated in any way.

Section 1209. Other Sign Regulations

- 1. Repainting, cleaning and other normal maintenance or repair of a sign or sign structure, as long as the sign copy or structure is not modified in any way.
- 16.2.Signs placed in windows are allowed without a sign permit provided that they comply with the provisions outlined in Section 1205. Zones – Regulations by Zoning DistrictSection 1111.5.1.1 – 1111.5.1.3 and 1111.5.1.5.
- **17.3.** "Open" flags measuring fifteen (15) sq. ft. in size and attached to the business building or a permanent base shall be allowed in all zones. Only one (1) flag is allowed per business. National, State, and U.S. Military flags are exempt.
- **18.4.**Commercial A-frame/sandwich board signs which are a maximum of four feet (4') in height and two feet (2') in width. These signs must be placed on the sidewalk or area directly in front of the business at a distance no greater than two feet (2') from the building, and must not impede pedestrian or handicapped access to the business or adjacent businesses. The sandwich board sign shall be removed when the business is not in operation, or when weather conditions, such as wind, create potential hazardous situations.

19.5. Signs permitted by Section 1205. Zones – Regulations by Zoning District of this Article.

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Chapter 13. Building and Land Regulations

These sections were separated from Article XI.

Section 1301. Apartment Houses and One-Family Attached

The following additional restrictions shall govern apartment houses:

- 1. No building shall include more than eight (8) dwelling units.
- 2. No portion of any dwelling unit shall be located below ground level.
- 3. No building shall be within forty (40) feet of any property or street line.
- 4. There shall be a total of not less than ten thousand (10,000) square feet of lot area per dwelling unit.

4.5. No person shall utilize a foundation as a dwelling or business.

Section 1302. Regulations ==> One Residential Building per Lot

Only one (1) residential building, together with such buildings which are customarily accessory thereto, shall be located on each lot.

Section 1303. Parking Requirements

- Unless otherwise specified in this ordinance or the subparagraph or on site plan review regulation for the Allenstown Planning Board, all parking spaces shall be a minimum of ten (10) feet in width and twenty (20) feet in length except the parking spaces which are located parallel to a travel isle shall be ten (10) feet in width and twenty two (22) feet in length.
- 2. Each dwelling shall have at least one (1) parking space on the same lot therewith or on land adjacent thereto for each dwelling unit.
- **3.** Each hotel, motel or lodging house shall have at least one (1) paved all-weather parking space on the lot therewith or on land adjacent thereto for each lodging unit.
- **4.** Each place of public assembly shall have at least one (1) paved all-weather parking space on the same lot therewith, on land adjacent thereto, to within three hundred (300) feet of the entrance thereof, for each five (5) available seating spaces and for each eight hundred (800) square feet of floor area in public use, except that schools through the tenth grade shall have at least one such parking space for each twenty (20) seating spaces for each three thousand, two hundred (3,200) square feet of floor area in public use.
- **5.** Each retail store or office building shall have at least one (1) paved all-weather parking space on the lot therewith or on land adjacent thereto for each two hundred (200) square feet of first floor area and for each four hundred (400) square feet of floor area above the ground floor.
- **6.** Each restaurant shall have at least one (1) paved all-weather parking space on the lot therewith or on land adjacent thereto for each fifty (50) square feet of floor space devoted to patron use.

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- **7.** Each roadside stand shall have at least seven (7) paved all-weather parking spaces on the lot therewith or on land adjacent thereto for each customer service employee.
- **8.** All uses other than residential shall provide adequate parking space off the road or street and outside the public right-of-way for vehicles delivering, loading, unloading, or taking away goods, materials, supplies or waste in connection with the use.
- 9. Parking shall be provided, and traffic in connection with such parking shall be channeled, so that all vehicles entering the roadway from the parking area shall enter in a forward motion and at a right angle to the street. Unless otherwise specified in this ordinance or the subparagraph or on site plan review regulation for the Allenstown Planning Board all parking spaces shall be a minimum of ten (10) feet in width and twenty (20) feet in length except the parking spaces which are located parallel to a travel isle shall be ten (10) feet in width and twenty two (22) feet in length.

Section 1304. Lot Access

- There shall be no less than 500 feet between access points (i.e. driveway permit) serving a single lot of record after March, 2011. This shall apply to all new lots created after March, 2011 or <u>undeveloped</u> lots of record existing in March, 2011. <u>Developed</u> lots of record having more than one access point shall be considered existing nonconformities.
- **2.** Shared driveways (i.e. one driveway serving two lots) are permitted by right in all zones within Allenstown for single family dwellings and duplexes. A shared driveway shall serve no more than 2 lots.
- **3.** Commercial developments (excluding single family homes and duplexes) on parcels in all zones are permitted to and encouraged to share access and/or parking whenever feasible. Though frontage may be counted on one street, access to another street via the lot containing the shared access/parking is permissible. The adequacy of shared parking facilities shall be made on a case by case basis and shall ultimately be considered by the Planning Board during formal major and minor site plan review or by the building inspector when site plan review is not required (that is, when only a building permit is required). When access or parking is to be provided for on an abutting or nearby lot the applicant must provide a permanent written agreement from the landowner of the nearby or abutting lot indicating that access and/or a specific number of parking spaces will be shared in perpetuity or until the land use expires or changes. Such an agreement will "run with the land" and shall not expire based upon ownership.
- **4.** For parcels fronting on US Routes 3 and/or 28 that are undeveloped and do not have a permitted access (i.e. driveway permit, either from the State of New Hampshire or the Town of Allenstown) the Planning Board may permit access on a "backage" or "sideage" road (that is, not on Route 3 or 28) while counting frontage along Route 28 or Route 3 to meet the "frontage" requirement per the Allenstown Zoning Ordinance. The same provisions shall also apply to developed lots seeking redevelopment provided that the applicant abandons existing access onto Route 3 or 28.
- 5. Sideage. Proposed access/driveways on "sideage" roads must be no closer than 500' from the nearest intersection.

5.6.No driveway shall be permitted or constructed in any zone which has a slope of fifteen

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house shall be permitted or constructed in any a eater.	
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signed large metal, or other material, container r without slide doors.	for refuse
op dumpster characterized by a rectangular foot olling the dumpster in place. Roll-offs are common and demolition waste or other waste types.	
ailer: An enclosed container (generally steel or n and access doors which it transportable by trailer orage of goods, materials and inventory (but no n the ground for use/access.	r truck or
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e containers/storage trailers shall be placed in ac of the zone in which they are placed.	cordance
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e Enforcement Officer shall approve all placeme creening requirements described above. If dete uirements cannot be met, the Code Enforcemen ermine suitable placement.	rmined by
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ontainers/storage trailers are allowed on a proper construction and demolition debris and storage of f up to 60 days.	
c	onstruction and demolition debris and storage

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ob	ny use of dumpsters/roll-offs/st pnoxious or injurious by reason bration, excessive smoke, or rel	of production or emissions of	odor, dust, fumes, noise,			
resolu	Yown of Allenstown Code Enfor ation of the following prohibited	l uses.				
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dumps crates to be l	reation of a loud and excessive ster, roll-off or storage container and containers, particularly ber loud, disturbing, and unnecessa	er/trailer or the opening and deatween the hours of 11:00 p.m.	struction of bales, boxes, and 7:00 a.m. are declared			
	nsfer of Material:				Formatted: Font: Bold	
Dumpsters/roll-offs/storage containers/storage trailers may not be used to temporarily or permanently house hazardous material or waste.			C			
		rs/storage trailers may not be u	sed to temporarily or			
	ardous Waste:	m any public way.				
ordina or upo proper	ot on the day scheduled for colle ance, no person shall place or st on any private property within t r containers/dumpsters and sucl equately screened from view fro	ore any refuse in any street, al he Town of Allenstown, unless n containers/dumpsters are stor	ey or other public place s such refuse is placed in		Formatted: Font: Bold	
	er Storage:	_ <u> </u>			Formatted: Font: Bold	
	C. The Town of Allenstown Code Enforcement Officer shall be the final arbitrator in the case of disputes regarding the temporary placement of dumpsters and roll-offs.					
	roll-offs in order to promote h and/or to prevent or deter wild dumpsters/roll-offs/storage co	lids or covers be employed on health and safety, to restrict una dlife or domesticated animals f ontainers/storage trailers.	temporary dumpsters or authorized human access, from foraging in			
	Not to violate set-back require		-			
	Not to be placed to impede lin					
2.	Not to be placed to impede pu Works,	ablic utilities, or Town of Aller	nstown Dept. of Public			
	Not to be placed on public or					
	acement standards are waived f ontainers/storage trailers, subjec		npsters/roll-offs/storage			
2.	Following the expiration of the placement of dumpsters/roll-con a property for a period of 9	offs/storage containers/storage				
1.	For good and sufficient reason up to 30 days, subject to the a	n, the Temporary Placement per pproval of the Code Enforcem				
	Chapter 13. B	uilding and Land Regulatior	S			

offensive to the health, safety, comfort, peace, or enjoyment of the community or lending to its disturbance is prohibited.

B. Placement of waste materials in dumpsters/roll-offs/storage containers/storage trailers other than that generated from the property on which they are placed is prohibited.

13.9. Compliance:

- A. Property owners with existing permanent dumpsters/roll-offs/storage containers/storage trailers shall have six (6) months from the date this Ordinance is adopted to comply with the above terms.
- B. Property owners with temporary dumpsters/roll-offs/storage containers/storage trailers shall have thirty (30) days from the date this Ordinance is adopted to comply with the above terms.
- C. The Code Enforcement Officer shall keep a record of all requests for approvals, pursuant to the terms of this Ordinance, and all action taken in response to such requests.

Section 1306. Accessory Dwelling Units

- 1. Purpose: The purpose of this Section is to describe the permitting process for Accessory Dwelling Units (ADU) in the Town of Allenstown.
- **2.** Permissibility: Any proposed Accessory Dwelling Unit shall be located on a lot containing a single family home. The Accessory Dwelling Unit must be attached to the single family home.
- **3.** Granting of a Permit: The Planning Board is authorized to issue a Conditional Use Permit for an Accessory Dwelling Unit provided that all of the Required Criteria as described in this Section have been met. Failure to meet all of the Required Criteria shall result in the permit being denied.
- 4. Conditional Use Permit Application:
 - A. Process: All Conditional Use Permits shall be processed as a public hearing by the Planning Board. Applications must be made to the Planning Board in accordance with the application deadlines as described in the Subdivision Regulations, as amended.
 - B. Fees for newspaper publication and abutter notification shall be in accordance with the same as described in the Subdivision Regulations, as amended.
 - C. Application fee for an Accessory Dwelling Unit Conditional Use Permit shall be the same as other Conditional Use Permits processed by the Planning Board.
 - D. The Planning Board is authorized to consult with planners, engineers, or attorneys while processing an Accessory Dwelling Unit Conditional Use Permit. Fees shall be borne by the applicant. The Planning Board is authorized to secure an escrow, in accordance with the process described in the Subdivision Regulations, as part of the required application components.
 - E. Application Form: All applications shall be made on a Town of Allenstown Conditional Use Permit Application Form, as amended and revised by the Allenstown Planning Board.

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- **5.** Upon receiving an Accessory Dwelling Unit Conditional Use Permit from the Planning Board, an applicant must then obtain a building permit from the Building Inspector in accordance with the Building Code and the Building Permit application process for the Town of Allenstown.
- 6. Conditional Use Permit Required Criteria:
 - A. The Accessory Dwelling Unit to be located on a lot that contains no more than one single family dwelling unit.
 - B. The Accessory Dwelling Unit must be an independent living unit with its own sleeping, cooking, eating, and sanitation facilities.
- 7. The Accessory Dwelling Unit must have an interior door between it and the principal dwelling unit.
 - A. The Accessory Dwelling Unit must have adequate water supply and sewage disposal.
 - B. The Accessory Dwelling Unit must maintain the look and feel of the single-family home that it is associated with.
 - C. The owner(s) of the property must occupy either the single family home or the Accessory Dwelling Unit as a primary dwelling unit.
 - D. If it is proposed to be larger than 775 square feet in size, the Accessory Dwelling Unit may not exceed one half of the total floor area of the single family dwelling.

Section 1307. Residential Accessory Use to Primary Commercial Use

- In an effort to facilitate economic development in the Town of Allenstown, an accessory
 residential use to a principal commercial use is permitted by Conditional Use Permit from the
 Planning Board in the Business Zone, the Commercial Light Industrial Zone, and the
 Industrial Zone. The Planning Board shall, at a duly noticed public hearing determine if all of
 the following criteria have been met.
 - A. The proposed residential unit(s) are subordinate and incidental to the commercial use.
 - B. Not more than 50% of the aggregate total floor area of the business is used for residential use.
 - C. No more than 1 residential unit is proposed.
 - D. At least one of the resident(s) of all accessory residential unit(s) shall be employed on site by the business.
 - E. The residential unit(s) shall be located on the top-most floor, or, located to the rear of the property or building.
 - F. The unit(s) shall not result in an increase of offensive or obnoxious uses.
 - G. Demonstrated ability to meet parking requirements.
 - H. Demonstrated ability to provide adequate septic or sewer service.
 - I. Demonstrated ability to provide well or public water.
 - J. That the residential unit(s) shall not be noticeably different from the rest of business.

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K. Site Plan approval, if applicable.

8.2. Process: The application shall include a Conditional Use Permit application and shall be noticed in accordance with the public hearing requirements described in the Allenstown Subdivision Regulations. Application deadlines shall be in accordance with the provisions described in the Subdivision Regulations. The Planning Board shall determine if all of the aforementioned criteria have been met. If, in the opinion of the Board, all of the criteria have been met, the Conditional Use Permit shall be issued. If one or more of the criteria has not been met, the Conditional Use Permit shall not be issued.

- 9.3. Other Factors:
 - A. The dwelling unit Conditional Use Permit shall expire if the principal use of the property ceases to be industrial, commercial, or another business use, or, if the accessory dwelling unit ceases to comply with the provisions of this <u>ordinanceArticle</u> and/or the conditions of its approval.
 - B. The residential unit(s) need not be physically attached to the business, provided that all of the other required components above can be met.
 - C. A Conditional Use Permit shall not relieve an applicant from applying for a building permit or meeting any and all life safety and building code requirements.
 - D. If applicable, the Conditional Use Permit application can be processed with a Site Plan application and approved simultaneously.
 - E. A Site Plan application may be required when:
 - 1. The Planning Board considers the proposal a change of use.
 - The proposal is part of the initial development of a commercial site on previously undeveloped land.
 - 3. The proposal results in the physical expansion beyond 1,000 square feet of the building, including impervious surfaces (i.e. parking).

Section 1308. Accessory Agricultural Uses

The Town of Allenstown recognizes that, in addition to the provisions spelled out in the Agricultural Conservation District, there is a need to specify provisions for small-scale Accessory Agricultural Uses associated with residential use. Accessory Agricultural Uses, as defined in the Definition portion of this Ordinance, are, unless otherwise stipulated in this Section, permitted in all parts of town where the Use complies with the following provisions:

- 1. Accessory Agricultural Uses are permitted on lots that meet all of the following conditions:
 - A. The subject property is one quarter (0.25) acre or greater.
 - B. The subject property is owner-occupied.
 - C. The use of the property is solely residential or a legally-operating home occupation.
 - D. The majority of the food and/or agricultural products produced on the property are consumed by the residents of the Home.

10.2. Requirements for specific Accessory Agricultural Uses:

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- A. The keeping of chickens must comply with all of the following:
 - 1. Chickens must be contained and stay entirely on the subject parcel they may not roam onto abutting lots and streets.
 - 2. The keeping of 17 or more chickens shall result in site plan review and compliance with the requirements of the Agricultural Conservation District.
 - 3. The keeping of one or more roosters is only permitted in the Open Space and Farming Zone (OSF).
 - 4. Chickens kept on one and a half (1.5) acres or less shall be in an enclosure that provides a minimum of two and a half (2.5) square feet for each bird kept.
- B. The keeping of gardens for the purpose of providing food/agricultural products for the residents of the Home shall not be bound by the provisions of this Section. This does not preclude gardens from the provisions of the Agricultural Conservation District or any other relevant portions of the Allenstown Zoning Ordinance, when applicable.

Section 1309. Restriction Governing Motel Uses

The following additional restrictions shall govern motel uses:

- 1. The minimum land area shall be 3 acres.
- 2. The minimum lot frontage shall be 300 feet and the minimum lot depth shall be 200 feet.
- 3. No structure shall be closer than 50 feet to any lot line.
- **4.** A space not less than 20 feet wide, with grass or shrubs or otherwise prohibited for parking, shall be maintained along each lot line except at the point where a driveway intersects a street.
- 5. The maximum percentage of the land area of each lot which may be occupied by buildings shall be 25%.
- 6. Each motel shall consist of not more than 20 units per acre of land area.
- 7. Each motel unit shall have one paved parking space adjoining its entrance.

Section 1310. Privately Owned Graveyards, Burial Grounds

1. Purpose: To ensure that privately owned burial grounds, as defined by RSA 289:1, as amended from time to time, are properly and permanently identified and that the placement of same shall not result in a threat to the public health and safety in accordance with the authority granted in RSA 289:3.

8.2. Location of Burial Grounds: Privately owned burial grounds shall not be located in the 100year flood plain or delineated wetlands and shall not be located closer than 100 feet from the right-of-way of any highway, street or road, or closer than 100 feet from an existing dwelling house or no closer than 50 feet from a known source of potable water or property line. The location of the burial ground shall be delineated on a plan prepared by a licensed surveyor and recorded at the Merrimack County Registry of Deeds within a reasonable time following the burial, but in no event later than sixty days. The location of the burial ground shall also be denoted on the ground using permanent markers. The location of the burial ground shall also be noted in the deed upon transfer of the property following burial.

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Section 1311. Cluster Housing

For cluster residential development or residential development in a clustered concept, subject to dimensional and density requirements less than the minimum normally required in the particular district, the following conditions shall apply:

- 1. Cluster housing developments shall be permitted by right in the Open Space and Faming District, and the R1, and R2 Districts provided that the subject parcel(s) is(are) not located within the Suncook Infill Development District.
- **2.** The residential portion of the cluster housing development shall be limited to single family homes.
- **3.** The tract(s) shall be at least fifteen (15) contiguous acres in size having frontage of two hundred (200) feet along one Class V road and subject to approval by the Planning Board.
- **4.** There shall be no more than one single family dwelling unit permitted for every four (4) acres of lot size for tracts located in the OSF. For lots in all other zones density shall be consistent with that of the underlying zone.
- **5.** Homestead lots shall be no less than 0.25 acres in the R1 zone, .5 acres in the R2, and 1 acre in the OSF.
- 6. No structure shall be closer than 200' to any town road or property line of the parent tract.
- **7.** If developed with a combination of single family homes offering specific outdoor recreational amenities, the following shall apply:
 - A. Parent tract shall be 25 acres in size or greater.
 - B. Outdoor recreation amenities shall be equestrian facilities (stable, riding areas), trails or nature areas, or a golf course.
 - C. Outdoor recreation amenities shall be part of the common area and for the use of the development's residents and/or their guests.
 - D. Each individual lot for detached single family homes shall be subject to the yard requirements for one-family detached dwellings in the residential zone with water and sewer.
- **8.** At least 20% of the total tract area (of which 50% shall not be wetlands or over 5% slopeland) shall be set aside as common land and covenanted to be maintained as permanent open space in private or cooperative non-profit ownership;
- **9.** Such common land shall be permanently covenanted simultaneously with the Planning Board approval of the final subdivision plan; and,
- **10.** In general, such common land shall be restricted to passive, non-motorized outdoor recreation or remain in its natural state.
- **11.** A two hundred (200) foot, undeveloped buffer shall be maintained at the property line of the parent tract for all cluster developments. Unless already wooded and satisfactory to the Planning Board, the buffer shall planted and landscaped to provide a visual barrier between the development and all adjacent property. The Planning Board may require additional buffer width where unique circumstances of an abutting use or property warrant. The intent is to

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insure adequate screening where mixed uses abut. The Site Perimeter Buffer can be counted toward the set aside of permanently protected Open Space.

12. Common Areas and Common Facilities within any cluster development shall be owned by and bound by a homeowner's or condominium association or similar form of common ownership set by the developer. Membership in said association shall be mandatory for property owners and made a required covenant in any deed issued or passed. Articles of association or incorporation must be acceptable to the Planning Board and to Town Counsel.

Section 1312. Proposed Streets

After a line of a future street is placed on the official map of the Town, buildings shall be set back from such line as though it were a street line.

Section 1313. Surface Waters

All setbacks from surface waters shall be consistent with RSA 483-B, as amended. Any surface waters not governed by RSA 483-B shall have no structures constructed within forty (40) feet of the high water mark.

Section 1314. Obstructions

No wall, fence, or other structure, vehicle(s) including, but not limited to cars, trucks, boats and campers, signage, trees, shrubs or other growth on the property shall obstruct the view as to cause danger to traffic on a public way. No fence shall exceed eight (8) feet in height in any zone. Fences shall be constructed with materials approved by the Building Inspector. No plastic (construction) or other construction fencing shall be permitted as permanent fencing.

Section 1315. Junk

No land shall be used for the storage or accumulation of junk as defined in RSA 236:1123 (I), as amended.

Section 1316. Exception to Height Limitations

Exception to the provision of this Ordinance, regarding the maximum height or number of stories of a structure, may be permitted upon approval of the Board of Adjustment subject to such conditions as may be imposed by the Board of Adjustment.

Section 1317. Obnoxious Uses Barred

Notwithstanding any other provision of this Ordinance, no use shall be permitted in any zone which is injurious, noxious, offensive or detrimental to the neighborhood or to the public by reason of the emission of odor, fumes, dust, smoke, vibration, or noise, or because of pollution of groundwater or surface water, or for any other deleterious reason.

Section 1318. Waste Disposal Sites

No trash or garbage dump, sanitary landfill, or hazardous waste disposal facility shall be located in any zone, except such municipal or governmental uses as are immune from this Zoning Ordinance under State law, and then only to the extent required by the State law.

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Section 1319. Hazardous Uses Barred

The storage, treatment or disposal of nuclear, chemical or hazardous waste as defined in RSA 147-A: 2 VII shall not be permitted in any Zone in the Town of Allenstown.

Section 1320. Motor Vehicles BarredUses Not Permitted

- **1.** No more than one (1) unregistered, inoperable, or uninspectable motor vehicle shall be allowed in a residential zone.
- 2. No more than two (2) unregistered, inoperable or uninspectable motor vehicles shall be allowed on any lot in any other zone unless housed in a building or unless the lot is currently in use as a licensed motor vehicle dealership. No person shall utilize a foundation as a dwelling or business.

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Chapter 14. Town Building Code Regulations Chapter 14. Town Building Code Regulations

This was section 1119 in Article XI. I gave each item in the list a Heading 2 title to make it easier to find, especially via the TOC. -- MAF

Section 1401. Swimming Above Ground Pools

Above-ground pools must have retractable steps or other safeguards so as not to permit small children to the pool unattended. <u>All pools shall comply with the requirements of RSA ???</u>.

Section 1402. Occupancy Permit

An occupancy permit will not be issued and occupancy will not be permitted in any zone unless:

- **1.** All necessary inspections have been performed to ensure full code compliance on electrical, water, sewer, furnace and construction.
- 2. The exterior of the building has been substantially completed, including all doors, windows, trim and commonly recognized permanent roofing and siding materials.
- 3. The exterior portions of all buildings in any zone shall be substantially completed within one (1) year from the start of construction, including all doors, windows, trim and commonly recognized permanent roof and siding materials. The time for completion of the exterior may be extended for up to one additional year by the Building Inspector for just cause.
- 3. Prior to a certificate of occupancy being issued for new construction, manufactured homes or any business, numbers not less than three (3) inches in height shall be clearly displayed and visible from the street identifying the structure' numerical address.
- 4.

Section 1403. Junk or Unusable Tires

Junk or unusable tires, as defined in RSA 266:49, shall not be stored on any lot in any zone in Allenstown, except that a licensed motor vehicle dealership or repair facility may store no more than forty (40) junk or unusable tires.

Section 1404. Limit on Used Tires

No more than four (4) used tires <u>per registered motor vehicle</u> shall be stored on any lot in any zone in Allenstown except at a licensed motor vehicle dealership or repair facility. <u>Section 1405. Street Addresses</u>

Prior to a certificate of occupancy being issued for new construction, manufactured homes or any business, numbers not less than three (3) inches in height shall be clearly displayed and visible from the street identifying the structure' numerical address.

Section 1406. Excavation Safety

Excavations for proposed future construction may not be left open so as to create a safety hazard. Excavations for projects under construction must be safeguarded when the site is unattended.

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Chapter 14. Town Building Code Regulations

Section 1407. Removal of Ruins

No owner or occupant of land in any zone shall permit fire or other ruins to be left on a site. The owner or occupant shall remove such ruins and fill or cap any excavation within six months. Replacement of the structure shall occur within one year of the fire or the use will be considered abandoned.

Section 1408. Excessive Ground Slope

No driveway shall be permitted or constructed in any zone which has a slope of fifteen degrees or greater. No building or house shall be permitted or constructed in any zone on a slope of twenty five degrees or greater.

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Chapter 15. Floodplain Development Regulations

Section 1501. Title and Authority

Title

The title of this District shall be the Town of Allenstown Flood Hazard Overlay District.

Authority

This ordinance is adopted under the authority granted pursuant to RSA 674:16, Grant of Power, RSA 674:21, Innovative Land Use Controls, and 674:56, Floodplain Ordinances.

Section 1502. Purpose

- 1. The purpose of the Flood Hazard Area Overlay District is to protect the health and safety of residents by promoting the most appropriate use of land in Flood Hazard Areas, as follows:
- 2. Uses which will result in no increase in base flood levels, flows, peaks or velocity.
- **3.** Uses which will not increase the potential for flood damage to the owner's property or that of others.
- 4. Uses which will protect the benefits provided to the community by the floodplain.
- 5. Uses which will result in no increase in erosion and/or sedimentation or other degradation of water quality.
- **6.** Uses which will not increase the risk to public safety, or to emergency personnel during flood events, or result in an increase in the cost of public services above costs incurred when not in a floodplain.

Section 1503. Findings

Certain areas of the Town of Allenstown are subject to periodic flooding, causing a serious threat to the health, safety and welfare of residents of these areas as shown by the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) in its Flood Insurance Study for the County of Merrimack, N.H dated April 19, 2010, or as amended, together with the associated Flood Insurance Rate Maps dated April 19, 2010, or as amended.

Section 1504. Applicability

All proposed development in the Flood Hazard Area Overlay District shall require a building permit.

The building inspector shall review all building permit applications for new construction, additions to existing structures, and substantial improvements to determine whether the proposed site is within the Flood Hazard Area Overlay District. If the site is determined to be within the Flood Hazard Overlay District, the building inspector shall review the application to ensure that the proposal is in compliance with all provisions of the District including all applicable standards contained in Section XI Development Standards.

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- **1.** For all new, expanded or substantially improved structures located in Zone A and Zone AE the applicant shall furnish the following information to the building inspector:
 - A. The as-built elevation (in relation to National Geodetic Vertical Datum/North American Vertical Datum (NGVD/NAVD)) of the lowest floor (including basement) and include whether or not such structures contain a basement.
 - B. If the structure has been flood proofed, the as-built elevation (in relation to NGVD.NAVD) to which the structure was flood proofed
 - C. Any certification of flood proofing.
- **2.** The building inspector shall maintain the aforementioned information for public inspection, and shall furnish such information upon request.
- **3.** The building inspector shall not grant a building permit until the applicant certifies that all necessary permits have been received from those governmental agencies form which approval is required by federal or state law, including Section 404 of the Federal Water Pollution Control Act Amendments of 1972, 33 U.S.C. 1334.
- **4.** The building inspector shall determine the 100-year flood elevation in the following order of precedence according to the data available:
 - A. In Zone AE refer to the elevation data provided in the community's Flood Insurance Study and accompanying FIRM.
 - B. In Zone A the building inspector shall obtain, review, and reasonably utilize any 100-year flood elevation data available from any federal, state or other source including data submitted for development proposals submitted to the community (i.e. subdivisions, site plan approvals).

Section 1505. Boundaries

The provisions of this district shall apply to all lands designated as special flood hazard areas by the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) in its Flood Insurance Study for the County of Merrimack, N.H dated April 19, 2010, or as amended, together with the associated Flood Insurance Rate Maps dated April 19, 2010, or as amended, which are declared to be part of this ordinance and hereby incorporated by reference.

The provisions of the Flood Hazard Area Overlay District shall overlay and supplement the provisions of the underlying zoning district(s).

Section 1506. Definitions

The following definitions shall apply ONLY to this Flood Hazard Area Management Ordinance, and shall not be affected by the provisions of any other ordinance of the Town of Allenstown.

Addition: An expansion of a structure outside of the footprint of the original building.

Area of Special Flood Hazard: The land in the floodplain within the Town of Allenstown subject to a one percent or greater possibility of flooding in any given year. The area is designated on the FIRM as Zones A and AE.

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Base Flood:The flood having a 1 percent possibility of being equaled or exceeded in any given year.

Basement: Any area of a building having its floor sub grade on all sides.

Building: "Structure."

Compensatory Flood Storage: The replacement for any loss of existing flood storage caused by development within the floodplain.

Development: Any man-made change to improved or unimproved real estate, including but not limited to buildings or other structures, mining, dredging, filling, grading, paving, excavating or drilling operation or storage of equipment or materials.

FEMA: The Federal Emergency Management Agency.

Flood or Flooding: A general and temporary condition of partial or complete inundation of normally dry land areas from either the overflow of inland or tidal waters, or the unusual and

Flood Insurance Rate Map (FIRM): The official map incorporated with this ordinance, on which FEMA has delineated both the special flood hazard areas and the risk premium zones applicable to the Town of Allenstown.

Flood Insurance Study: An examination, evaluation, and determination of flood hazards and if appropriate, corresponding water surface elevations or an examination and determination of mudslide or flood-related erosion hazards.

Floodplain or Flood-prone Area: Any land area susceptible to being inundated by water from any sources (see definition of "Flooding").

Flood proofing: Any combination of structural and non-structural additions, changes, or adjustments to structures that reduce or eliminate flood damage to real estate or improved real property, water and sanitation facilities, structures and their contents.

Floodway: See "Regulatory Floodway."

Freeboard: A factor of safety usually expressed in feet above a flood level for purposes of floodplain management.

Functionally Dependent Use: A use that cannot perform its intended purpose unless it is located or carried out in close proximity to water. The term includes only docking and port facilities that are necessary for the loading/unloading of cargo or passengers, and ship building/repair facilities but does not include long-term storage or related manufacturing facilities.

Highest Adjacent Grade: The highest natural elevation of the ground surface prior to construction next to the proposed walls of a structure.

Historic Structure: means any structure that is:

- 1. Listed individually in the National Register of Historic Places (a listing maintained by the Department of Interior) or preliminarily determined by the Secretary of the Interior as meeting the requirements for individual listing on the National Register;
- 2. Certified or preliminarily determined by the Secretary of the Interior as contributing to the historical significance of a registered historic district or district preliminarily determined by the Secretary to qualify as a registered historic district;

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- **3.** Individually listed on a state inventory of historic places in the state with historic preservation programs which have been approved by the Secretary of the Interior; or
- **4.** Individually listed on a local inventory of historic places in communities with historic preservation programs that have been certified by either:
 - A. By an approved State program as determined by the Secretary of the Interior; or
 - B. Directly by the Secretary of the Interior in states without approved programs.

Lowest Floor: The lowest floor of the lowest enclosed area including basement. An unfinished or flood resistant enclosure, usable solely for parking of vehicles, building access or storage in an area other than a basement area is not considered a building's lowest floor; provided, that such an enclosure is not built so as to render the structure in violation of the applicable non-elevation design requirements of this ordinance.

Manufactured Home: A structure, transportable in one or more sections that is built on a permanent chassis and is designed for use with or without a permanent foundation when connected to the required utilities. For floodplain management purposes the term "manufactured home" includes park trailers, travel trailers, and other similar vehicles placed on site for greater than 180 consecutive days. This includes manufactured homes located in a manufactured home park or subdivision.

Manufactured Home Park or Subdivision: A parcel (or contiguous parcels) of land divided into two or more manufactured home lots for rent or sale.

Mean Sea Level: The National Geodetic Vertical Datum (NGVD) of 1929, North American Vertical Datum (NAVD) of 1988, or other datum, to which base flood elevations shown on a community's Flood Insurance Rate Map are referenced.

New Construction: For the purposes of determining insurance rates, structures for which the "Start of construction" commenced on or after the effective date of an initial FIRM or after December 31 1974, whichever is later, and includes any subsequent improvements to such structures. For floodplain management purposes, *new construction* means structures for which the *start of construction* commenced on or after the effective date of a floodplain management regulation adopted by a community and includes any subsequent improvements to such structures.

One Hundred-Year Flood: "Base Flood."

Recreational Vehicle: Defined as:

- 1. Built on a single chassis.
- 2. 400 square feet or less when measured at the largest horizontal projection.
- 3. Designed to be self-propelled or permanently towable by a light duty truck.
- **4.** Designed primarily not for use as a permanent dwelling but as temporary living quarters for recreational, camping, travel or seasonal use.

Regulatory Floodway: The channel of a river or other watercourse and the adjacent land areas that must be reserved in order to discharge the base flood without cumulatively increasing the water surface elevation more than a designated height.

Special Flood Hazard Area: See "Area of Special Flood Hazard."

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Structure: For floodplain management purposes, a walled and roofed building, including a gas or liquid storage tank that is principally above ground, as well as a manufactured home.

Start of Construction: Substantial improvements, and means the date the building permit was issues, provided the actual start of construction, repair, reconstruction, placement, or other improvement was within 180 days of the permit date. The actual start means either the first placement of permanent construction of a structure on site, such as pouring of slab or footings, the installation of piles, the construction of columns, or any work beyond the stage of excavation; or the placement of a manufactured home on a foundation. Permanent construction does not include land preparation, such as clearing, grading and filling; nor does it include the installation of streets and/or walkways; nor does it include excavation for a basement, footings, piers, or foundations of the erection of temporary forms; nor does it include the installation on the property of accessory buildings, such as garages or sheds not occupied as dwelling units or part of the main structure.

Substantial Damage: Damage of any origin sustained by a structure whereby the cost of restoring the structure to its before-damaged condition would equal or exceed 50 percent of the market value of the structure before the damage occurred.

Substantial Improvement: Any combination of repairs, reconstruction, alteration, or improvements to a structure in which the cumulative cost equals or exceeds 50 percent of the market value of the structure. The market value of the structure should equal:

- 1. The appraised value prior to the start of the initial repair or improvement; or
- 2. In the case of damage, the value of the structure prior to the damage occurring.

For the purposes of this definition, "substantial improvement" is considered to occur when the first alteration of any wall, ceiling, floor, or other structural part of the building commences, whether or not the alteration affects the external dimensions of the structure. This term includes structures that have incurred substantial damage, regardless of actual repair work performed. The term does not, however, include any project for improvement of a structure required to comply with existing health, sanitary, or safety code specifications that are solely necessary to assure safe living conditions or alteration of a "historic structure," provided that the alteration will not preclude the structure's continued designation as a "historic structure." This term does not apply to an "addition."

Violation: The failure of a structure or other development to be fully compliant with the community's flood plain management regulations. A structure or other development without the elevation certificate, other certifications, or other evidence of compliance required in 44CFR § 60.3 (b) (5), (c) (4), (c) (10), (d) (3), (e) (2), (e) (4), or (e) (5) is presumed to be in violation until such time as that documentation is provided.

Water Surface Elevation: The height, in relation to the National Geodetic Vertical Datum (NGVD) of 1929, North American Vertical Datum (NAVD) of 1988, (or other datum, where specified) of floods of various magnitudes and frequencies in the floodplains.

Section 1507. Permitted Uses

The following uses are permitted provided they are consistent with the purposes of this ordinance and do not involve placement, expansion or construction of permanent structures of other materials that could impede floodwaters or become flood-carried debris:

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	Chapter 15. Floodplain Development Regulations	
1.	Agricultural activities consistent with current best management practices as published by the New Hampshire Department of Agriculture, Markets, and Food, including maintenance or improvements of existing crop or pasture land for continued agriculture use, as defined in Env-Wt 101.20 and described in Env-Wt 303.04(u).	
2.	Forest Management consistent with current accepted best management practices. As specific in Logging Operations (Env-Wt 304.05):	
	A. All skid trails, truck roads and log landings shall be located far enough from streams or ponds so that waterborne soil particles will settle out before reaching the streams or ponds.	
	B. Skid trails and truck roads shall be laid out using appropriate erosion control devices, as outlined in the <i>Best Management Practices for Erosion Control on Timber Harvesting Operations in New Hampshire</i> , Department of Resources and Economic Development, April 1996, updated February 2000, so that the grade approaching a stream or pond is broken, and surface water is dispersed. Crossings of streams and wetlands shall be kept to a minimum and shall be located to minimize the impact in accordance with Env-Wt 302.04(b) and (c).	
3.	Outdoor recreation, such as play areas, boating, hunting, fishing, trails for motorized or non- motorized use.	
4.	Wildlife or fisheries management.	
5.	Scientific research and educational activities.	
6.	Home occupations and home businesses consistent with Section 1102. Accessory and Home Occupation section 1102 of the Allenstown Zoning Ordinance.	Fo
7.	Replacement water and sewer systems, including on-site systems, provided that the applicant shall provide the building inspector with assurances that these systems will be designed to minimize or eliminate infiltration of flood waters into the systems and discharges from the systems into flood waters, and on-site waste disposal systems will be located to avoid impairment to them or contamination from them during periods of flooding.	
8.	Substantial improvement not involving an addition.	
S	ection 1508. Prohibited Uses	
1.	New buildings or other structures except as allowed below by Special Exception.	
2.	Processing or storage of excavation materials.	
	Storage of construction or other materials which would impede flow of flood waters.	
	Filling.	
	Grading that results in obstruction of flood flows or reduces flood storage capacity.	
	Dumping.	
	Wastewater or septage treatment facilities.	
8.	Storage of floatable, or toxic, hazardous, or regulated substances.	
9.	Unsecured tanks.	

	Chapter 15. Floodplain Development Regulations		
	10. Junkyards.		
	11. Landfills.		
	12. Subdivisions of land that would create a parcel that had no developable land outside the Flood Hazard Area.		
	Section 1509. Uses by Special Exception		
	The Zoning Board of Adjustment may grant a Special Exception for the following uses if determined, based on evidence provided by the applicant, to be in conformance with the standards provided in Section XI below ??? and the purposes of the Flood Hazard Area Overlay District listed in Section 1502. Purpose Section II-above:	natted: Highlight natted: Font: Bold	
•	1. Water impoundments for the purpose of creating a water body for wildlife, fire safety, on-site detention of stormwater runoff and/or recreational uses.		
	2. Water-dependent uses, such as docks, boathouses, and water powered projects.		
	If not in a floodway:		
	3. Additions to or replacements of existing structures, including manufactured homes.		
	4. Accessory structures to existing primary uses when it is not practicable to construct the accessory structure on a portion of the lot outside of the Flood Hazard Area Overlay District.		
	5. One principal building on a preexisting lot of record with no developable land outside the Flood Hazard Area Overlay District.		
	6. New or expanded septic systems if no suitable location exists for the system on a portion of the lot outside of the Flood Hazard Area Overlay District.		
	7. Construction, repair or maintenance of streets, roads, and other access ways, including driveways, footpaths and bridges, and utility right-of-way easements, including power lines and pipe lines, wastewater collection facilities and pump stations, if essential to the productive use of land adjacent to the Flood Hazard Area Overlay District.		
	8. Undertaking of a use not otherwise permitted in the Flood Hazard Area Overlay District, if it can be shown that such a proposed use does not involve the erection of structures or filling and is in accordance with all for the purposes of the District as listed in Section II, and those of the underlying zoning district.		
	Section 1510. Nonconforming Uses		
	An existing use or structure as of the effective date of this ordinance may continue, even though it does not conform to the requirements of these regulations. Such nonconforming uses and structures may not be extended, enlarged, or re-established after being discontinued for more than one year.		
	Nor may a nonconforming use and/or structure be modified to create another nonconforming use and/or structure unless it is determined by the zoning board of adjustment that the proposed use will not increase the degree of nonconformance with the standards contained in these Regulations.		
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Reconstruction of an existing structure will be allowed for the same use, within the same building footprint, and of the same or smaller dimensions as existed within 12 months prior to the reconstruction, provided the construction meets all applicable development standards of this ordinance.

Section 1511. Development Standards

- 1. General Standards within the Flood Hazard Overlay District:
 - A. All development, including new construction, additions, substantial improvements and fill shall be:
 - 1. Designed (or modified) and adequately anchored to prevent floatation, collapse, or lateral movement of the structure resulting from hydrodynamic and hydrostatic loads, including the effects of buoyancy.
 - 2. Constructed with materials resistant to flood damage.
 - 3. Constructed by methods and practices that minimize flood damages.
 - 4. Designed to result in no increase in flood levels during the flood event.
 - B. No encroachments or development may be located in the floodway unless a registered professional engineer certifies that the proposed development will not result in any increase in base flood levels.
 - C. All new construction and additions to any residential or nonresidential structure shall have the lowest floor, including basement, together with attendant utility and sanitary facilities, elevated to no lower than *two* feet above the base flood elevation.
 - D. All utilities, including electrical, heating, ventilation, plumbing, air conditioning, and other service facilities, including ductwork shall be elevated or made of flood resistant materials up to *two* feet above base flood elevation, and designed and located to prevent water from entering or accumulating within the components during conditions of flooding.
 - E. All new buildings and additions to existing buildings must be constructed on foundations that are approved by a licensed professional engineer or constructed on properly designed and compacted fill (ASTM D-698 or equivalent) that extends beyond the building walls before dropping below the level which is *two* feet above the base flood elevation and has appropriate protection from erosion and scour. The fill design must be approved by a licensed professional engineer.
 - F. All recreational vehicles shall either: be on a site for fewer than 180 consecutive days; be fully licensed and ready for highway use; or meet all standards of Section 60.3 (b) (1) of the National Flood Insurance Program Regulations and the elevation and anchoring requirements for "manufactured homes" in Paragraph (c) (6) of Section 60.3. These regulations specify that recreation vehicles need to be built on enclosed areas to lift the lowest floor to the required freeboard height and that the enclosed areas must have openings to allow the floodwaters to enter and exit. The design of the openings must meet or exceed the minimum criteria listed in this ordinance. If the minimum criteria are not feasible, then the openings have to be designed by a licensed professional engineer or architect, who must certify the openings.

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- G. Where new or replacement water and sewer systems, including on-site systems, are proposed in a special flood hazard area the applicant shall provide the building inspector with assurances that these systems will be designed to minimize or eliminate infiltration of flood waters into the systems and discharges from the systems into flood waters, and on-site waste disposal systems will be located to avoid impairment to the or contamination from them during periods of flooding.
- H. The space occupied by fill, including mounded septic systems, or structure below the level which is *two* feet above the base flood elevation shall be compensated for and balance by a hydraulically equivalent volume of excavation taken from below the base flood elevation. All such excavations shall be constructed to drain freely to the watercourse.
- I. Nonresidential development, including buildings and fill, shall be limited to 10 percent of the lot.
- J. Proposed structures to be located on slopes in special flood hazard areas shall include adequate drainage paths to guide floodwaters around and away from the proposed structures.
- K. The activity must be sited and designed to minimize disruption to shorelines and their banks.
- L. For all new construction and substantial improvements, fully enclosed areas below the lowest floor that are subject to flooding are permitted provided they meet the following requirements:
 - 1. The enclosed area is unfinished or flood resistant, usable solely for the parking of vehicles, building access or storage;
 - 2. The area is not a basement;
 - 3. Shall be designed to automatically equalize hydrostatic flood forces on exterior walls by allowing for the entry and exit of floodwater. Designs for meeting this requirement must either be certified by a registered professional engineer or architect or must meet or exceed the following minimum criteria: A minimum of two openings having a total net area of not less than one square inch for every square foot of enclosed area subject to flooding shall be provided. The bottom of all openings shall be no higher than one foot above grade. Openings may be equipped with screens, louvers, or other coverings or devices provided that they permit the automatic entry and exit of floodwater.
- 2. Additional Standards for Watercourses
 - A. In riverine situations, prior to the alternation or relocation of a watercourse the applicant for such authorization shall notify the Wetlands Bureau of the New Hampshire Department of Environmental Services and submit copies of such notification to the building inspector, in addition to the copies required by RSA 482-A:3. Further, the applicant shall be required to submit copies of said notification to those adjacent communities as determined by the building inspector, including notice of all scheduled hearings before the Wetlands Bureau.

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- B. The proposal must also be compatible with Section 1313. Surface Waters section 110 of the Allenstown Zoning Ordinance.
- C. The applicant shall submit to the building inspector certification provided by a licensed professional engineer assuring that the flood carrying capacity of an altered or relocated water course can and will be maintained.
- D. Until a Regulatory Floodway is designated along watercourses, no new construction, substantial improvements, or other development (including fill) shall be permitted within Zone AE on the FIRM, unless it is demonstrated by the applicant that the cumulative effect of the proposed development, when combined with all existing and anticipated development, will not increase the water surface elevation of the base flood more than one foot at any point within the community.
- E. The Building Inspector shall obtain, review, and reasonably utilize any floodway data available from Federal, State, or other sources as criteria for requiring that all development located in Zone A meet the following floodway requirement: "No encroachments, including fill, new construction, substantial improvements, and other development are allowed within the floodway that would result in any increase in flood levels within the community during the base flood discharge."
- 3. Standards for Substantial Improvements Not Involving Additions
 - A. Residential structures to be substantially improved shall have the lowest floor (including basement) elevated to or above the 100-year flood elevation.
 - B. Nonresidential structures to be substantially improved shall have the lowest floor, including basement, elevated to or above the 100-year flood level; or together with attendant utility and sanitary facilities, shall:
 - 1. Be flood proofed so that below the 100-year flood elevation the structure is watertight with walls substantially impermeable to the passage of water;
 - 2. Have structural components capable of resisting hydrostatic and hydrodynamic loads and the effects of buoyancy; and
 - 3. Be certified by a licensed professional engineer or architect that the design and methods of construction are in accordance with accepted standards of practice for meeting the provisions of this section.
- 4. Additional Standards for Manufactured Homes

All manufactured homes to be placed or substantially improved within special flood hazard areas shall be elevated on a permanent foundation such that the lowest floor of the manufactured home is at least *two* feet above the base flood level; and be securely anchored to resist flotation, collapse, or lateral movement. Methods of anchoring may include, but are not limited to, use of over-the-top or frame ties to ground anchors.

Section 1512. Variances and Appeals

- **1.** Any order, requirement, decision or determination of the building inspector made under this ordinance may be appealed to the zoning board of adjustment as set forth in RSA 676:5.
- 2. If the applicant, upon appeal, requests a variance as authorized by RSA 674:33 I (b), the

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applicant shall have the burden of showing, in addition to the usual variance standards under state law, that the use, along with any mitigating measures proposed, will not:

- A. Result in any increase in base flood levels, flows, peaks or velocity.
- B. Increase the potential for flood damage to the owner's property or that of others.
- C. Result in increased erosion and/or sedimentation or other degradation of water quality.
- D. Increase the risk to public safety or emergency personnel during flood events, or increase the cost to the public by virtue of its location in a flood hazard area.

The variance must additionally be the minimum necessary, considering the flood hazard, to afford relief.

- 3. The zoning board of adjustment shall notify the applicant in writing that:
 - A. The issuance of a variance to construct below the base flood level will result in increased premium rates for flood insurance up to amounts as high as \$25 for \$100 of insurance coverage; and,
 - B. Such construction below the base flood level increases risks to life and property.
 - C. Such notification shall be maintained with a record of all variance actions.

4. The community shall:

- A. Maintain a record of all variance actions, including their justification for their issuance, and
- B. Report such variances issues for its annual or biennial report submitted to FEMA's Federal Insurance Administrator.

Allenstown, NH Zoning Ordinance

Chapter 16. Enforcement

Chapter 16. Enforcement

Section 1601 – Fines and Penalties

In addition to any other remedies authorized by law, in case any building or structure is erected, reconstructed, altered, repaired, converted or maintained or any building structure or land is used in violation of this zoning ordinance, the owner or owners of the building, structure or land, or any other person violating the provisions of this zoning ordinance may be subject to the fines or penalties prescribed in the maximum amount permitted by RSA 676:17 <u>for each and every day</u> that such violation continues or occurs.

The Select Board may designate an appropriate individual to enforce the requirements of this ordinance.

Effective March 13, 2007

Recommendations: Move chapters 16, 17, 18, 19, 29, 31, 33, and 35 to the end just before Revision History. Delete those chapters that are unnecessary. \pm

If a new chapter is needed, add it AFTER the Adult Business chapter. This will eliminate the need to renumber Section numbers in any following chapters.

Allenstown, NH Zoning Ordinance

Chapter 16. Enforcement

Allenstown, NH Zoning Ordinance

Chapter 17. Amendments

Chapter 17. Amendments

Section 1701 – Amendments Permitted

This Ordinance or any part thereof, may be amended from time to time in accordance with the procedures prescribed by the laws of the State of New Hampshire.

Allenstown, NH Zoning Ordinance

Chapter 17. Amendments

Allenstown, NH Zoning Ordinance

Chapter 18. Separability

Chapter 18. Separability

Section 1801 – Limitations

The invalidity of any section or provision of this Ordinance shall not be held to invalidate any other section or provision of this Ordinance.

This was already covered in the first section on safety codes.

Allenstown, NH Zoning Ordinance

Chapter 18. Separability

Allenstown, NH Zoning Ordinance

Chapter 19. Date of Effectiveness

Chapter 19. Date of Effectiveness

Section 1901 – Effective Upon Adoption

This Ordinance shall become effective on the date of its adoption. This was already covered in the first section on safety codes.

Allenstown, NH Zoning Ordinance

Chapter 19. Date of Effectiveness

Allenstown, NH Zoning Ordinance

Chapter 20. Pre-Site-Built Housing and Manufactured Housing

Chapter 20. Pre-Site-Built Housing and Manufactured Housing

Section 2001. Purpose was Article XVII

A significant portion of Allenstown's housing stock is made of up of manufactured and presite built homes. Adopted under the authority of RSA 674:32 and RSA 674:21, as amended, the intent of this ordinance is to:

- 1. Ensure a balance of housing types within Allenstown;
- 2. Meet the housing needs of a variety of Allenstown residents, as part of the larger housing strategy outlined in the Allenstown Master Plan; and,
- 3. To provide reasonable and realistic opportunity for a variety of housing types in Allenstown.

Section 2002. Overall Requirements

- <u>Applicability</u>: All Presite Built Housing and Manufactured Housing as defined in <u>Article II</u> Chapter 2, <u>Definitions</u>, shall be controlled by this <u>chapterArticle</u>. Any conflict between the provisions of this <u>chapterArticle</u> and any other portion of this Ordinance shall result in the more stringent provision controlling.
- 2. Presite Built Housing and Manufactured Housing:
 - A. Presite Built Housing to be located on a permanent foundation (cellar or poured slab) shall be controlled by the provisions of the underlying zoning districts within the Allenstown Zoning Ordinance and all applicable provisions of Federal and/or State law and the Allenstown Building Code.
 - B. Manufactured Homes shall be governed by the provisions of this Article and any other relevant sections within the Allenstown Zoning Ordinance and all applicable provisions of Federal and/or State law and the Allenstown Building Code.
 - C. A single presite built home or single manufactured home is permitted on a single lot of record wherever single family homes are permitted in Allenstown.
 - D. Unless part of a cluster development or manufactured housing park, the placement of more than one presite built home or one manufactured home on one lot is prohibited.
 - E. Clusters of presite built homes on a permanent foundation (cellar or slab) shall be governed by the cluster housing requirements in Section 1311. Cluster HousingArticle XI, Supplemental Regulations, Section 1125- within the Town of Allenstown Zoning Ordinance and are permitted by Special Exception in the Open Space and Farming Zone only.
 - F. Manufactured homes within manufactured home parks shall be governed by the provisions of this Article and are permitted in the Open Space and Farming Zone solely within the Manufactured Housing Park Overlay District only if a Conditional Use Permit for a manufactured home park is issued by the Planning Board. A Conditional Use Permit application, along with the site plan application components shall consist of an application for a manufactured home park. The Planning Board shall consider

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Chapter 20. Pre-Site-Built Housing and Manufactured Housing

Conditional Use Permit applications for manufactured home parks in concurrence with site plan applications as specified in this Article.

Additional provisions:

- <u>Waiver Requests:</u> The Planning Board is authorized to grant waiver requests during the Conditional Use Permit Process for park standards as well as the area standards for individual home sites, including frontage, lot shape/size, setbacks, road standards, and infrastructure requirements. Waivers need be in writing in accordance with the waiver request provisions as depicted in the Allenstown Site Plan Regulations.
- 2. Site Plan Approval Required: In addition to the Conditional Use Permit process, site plan approval shall be required for all manufactured home parks. All manufactured home site plans shall be processed as Major Site Plans and be subject to the provisions of the Allenstown Site Plan Regulations. All individual manufactured home sites to be included in a new park or in an expansion of an existing park shall be depicted and delineated individually on the manufactured home park site plan.
- 3. Conditional Use Permit Criteria: All of the following must be met, in the opinion of the Planning Board, in order for a Conditional Use Permit to be granted for the construction of a manufactured home park under the provisions of this Article:
 - a. That the parcel(s) for development are located entirely within the Manufactured Housing Park Overlay District.
 - b. That the property in question is in conformance with the dimensional requirements of the zone as stipulated by this Article.
 - c. That the proposal meets the purposes of this Article under which the application is proposed.
 - d. That there will be no significant adverse impacts resulting from the proposed use upon the public health, safety, and general welfare of the neighborhood and the Town of Allenstown.
 - e. That the proposed use will not adversely affect the ground water resources of the Town of Allenstown.
 - f. That the proposed use meets all applicable provisions, including installation as well as health and safety provisions.
 - g. That ownership and maintenance provisions are clearly demonstrated.
 - h. That home sites are clearly delineated on the plan.
 - i. The proposal will not result in a traffic safety hazard.

<u>4.</u> Boundaries of the Manufactured Housing Park Overlay District:

4. The Manufactured Housing Park Overlay District boundaries shall consist of the following lots legally existing as of April 1, 2011 and as depicted on the March 10, 2015 Official Zoning Map of the Town of Allenstown, and a map created by the Central New Hampshire Regional Planning Commission entitled Allenstown Manufactured Home Park Overlay District and dated March 10, 2015. Overlay

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Chapter 20. Pre-Site-Built Housing and Manufactured Housing

district lots include Maps and Lots: 407-12; 407-8; 407-9-1; 407-9-2; 407-26; 407-9-3; 407-25; 407-10; 407-11; 407-30; 407-31; 407-23; 407-024; 407-32; 409-30; 409-31; 409-32-1; 409-33; 409-32; 407-34; 109-21; 109-22; 109-23; 109-24; 108-1; 108-2; 410-28; 107-1; 107-2; 410-29; 107-3; 107-4; 410-33; 107-5; 107-6; 107-7; 410-31; 410-32; 107-8; 107-9; 410-30; 411-5; 411-2; 411-3; 411-4, and any future lots created as a result of the subdivision or merger of any of these lots.

Section 2003. Manufactured Home Parks

- 1. <u>General Requirements</u>: Clustering manufactured homes into manufactured home parks shall be subject to the provisions of this Section.
- Park Minimum Lot Size: All manufactured home parks must be located on a parent tract of at least fifteen acres (15) in size or greater and two-hundred (200) feet of frontage on a townmaintained (Class V) road.
- 3. <u>Density Requirements</u>: The maximum number of units allowed in a manufactured housing park shall be determined by dividing the total acreage of the parent tract in acres by two (2) acres. The resulting "full yield" number shall represent the maximum number of manufactured homes permitted on a given parent tract (i.e. total number of homes allowed in a park). Fractions shall be rounded to the nearest whole number.
 - A. The maximum number of units permitted by the full yield calculation does not exempt the development from meeting wetland, floodplain, buffers and other dimensional requirements even though it may result in a small number of permitted units allowed.
 - B. The Planning Board may entertain waiver requests per the additional provisions in <u>itemsection 1702.b.6.a 1</u>, Waiver Requests on the preceding page for setback standards for wetlands and individual home lot setbacks provided that they in writing in accordance with the waiver request provisions as depicted in the Allenstown Site Plan Regulations. In no instance shall a waiver granted by the Planning Board result in the number of units that exceeds the full yield.
- **4.** <u>Open Space Requirement</u>: All manufactured home parks shall provide not less than twenty percent (20%) of the total land area for park open space purposes and such lands shall be improved whereby the same will be accessible to all families residing within the park.
- 5. <u>Parent Tract Setback</u>: No structure shall be closer than 200' to any town road or property line of the parent tract of the park.
- 6. <u>Secondary Access</u>: Each park must also provide at a minimum, a secondary access way.

7.	<u>Wetland Setbacks</u> : All manufactured home seeking to expand, shall not include constr setbacks established and described in <u>Chap</u> <u>Construction</u>) Stormwater Management O	uction or placement of u oter 28 <mark>Article, XXV, Pc</mark>	nits within the wetland	Fc	prmatted: Font: Bold
8.	Individual Home Site Requirements: The f sites within a manufactured home park unl Waiver Requests on the preceding page	ess waived per <u>the addit</u>	2		
	A. Area Requirements: Layout of individu reasonably symmetrical; "flag lots" or				
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	Chapter 20. Pre-Site-Built H	lousing and Manufactured	Housing		
tho	bdivision Regulations are prohibite ough if they are reconfigured will n me sites shall be at least 10,000 squ	eed to comply with these lay			
be	structure located on any individual closer than twenty feet (20) to the rear site line.				
	structure located on any individua y rear or side home site line.	l home site shall be closer th	an twenty feet (20) to		
wh in s	home sites in a manufactured home ere the manufactured home may b safety to all concerned. In all instan- ssible shall be preserved by any ma	e parked so that the parking on the contract of the parked so that the parking of the parket of the	of the same shall result as is reasonably		
two of t	paved or crushed stone parking appropriate the parking appropriate (22) deep large enough for two the manufactured home unit shall enensions of any manufactured home the parking of any manufacture	wo vehicles shall be provided extend at least one foot beyon	. The pad for the siting		
	individual home site shall have di wn of Allenstown.	rect access or a driveway on	to a public street of the		
at l gro Rej	I individual home sites shall abut a least seventy five feet (75') of from ound per <u>survey</u> monumentation sta gulations. In addition to the require using, landscaping or other natural	tage. Such sites shall be clea andards as outlined in the All ed monumentation, delineation	rly delineated on the enstown Subdivision		
constru such er	<u>lual Site Improvements</u> : Individual ict attached enclosures or decks to nclosures or decking do not result proper permits and approvals are	individual manufactured hou in more than 20% of impervi	ising, provided that		
the par not exc owners	ercial Sale of Homes: The comme k is prohibited. Uninhabited mode ceed three (3) model homes per par s from selling their own manufactu	l homes for units to be sold f rk. This Section shall not pro- red homes.	or use in the park shall hibit individual tenant		
Chapt	ement of Structures: The replacement of Structures: The replacement of the second structures of	e Article XII, Floodplain De	velopment Regulations	For	matted: Font: Bold
and all	applicable provisions of Federal a	nd/or State law and the Aller	nstown Building Code.		
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Chapter 21. Hazardous Material Cleanup Ordinance

As Adopted March 17, 1990

Chapter 21. Hazardous Material Cleanup Ordinance

Section 2101. Policy

It is hereby declared to be the policy of the Town of Allenstown that all costs incurred by the Town for the control and/or containment cleanup of any release of a hazardous material shall be borne by the responsible party. now use numerical section numbers like Section 2101, 2102

Section 2102. Definitions

The following words and/or phrases shall, for the purposes of this Ordinance, have the meanings ascribed to them herein unless the context of a particular section clearly requires otherwise.

Cleanup – The control, containment, removal or neutralization of any released hazardous material for the purpose of promoting or protecting public health and/or safety.

Hazardous Material – Any substance or material in such quantity and form which may pose an unreasonable risk to health and safety or property, which may include but is not limited to, explosives, radioactive materials, etiologic agents, biological material, flammable liquids or solids, combustible liquids or solids, poisons, oxidizing or corrosive materials and compressed gasses which are listed by the Materials Transportation Bureau of the United States Department of Transportation in Title 49 of the Code of Federal Regulations and any amendment thereto.

Release – The uncontrolled, improper or unsafe release, discharge or escape of any hazardous material to any place or in any manner which poses an actual or potential threat to any person, property, wildlife or the environment.

Section 2103. Notification: Cleanup

The Allenstown Fire Department and the Code Enforcement Officer shall immediately be notified of any release or potential release of any hazardous material within the Town. At the same time, the responsible party or parties shall take all proper measures reasonably necessary and available to stop the release and clean up the affected area.

Section 2104. Cost Recovery

- 1. Upon the completion of any cleanup I which municipal forces participated, all costs of the cleanup shall be itemized by each Town department involved, including the Fire Department. Such costs shall include, but are not limited to, the cost of cleaning, repair, restoration or replacement of any Town material or Town employee who participated in the cleanup and the costs of all contracted services utilized in the cleanup.
- 2. Upon receipt of these itemizations, including its own, but in no event later than 60 sixty days from the day of the release, the Fire Department shall bill the full cost of the cleanup to the responsible party or parties. The bill shall include a description of the costs incurred. Bills for less than the full amount of these costs shall be allowed provided that the responsible party is advised of the reason therefore and the approximate date by which it can expect to receive a complete bill.

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Chapter 21. Hazardous Material Cleanup Ordinance

- **3.** Each responsible party shall be jointly and severally liable to the Town for the costs of the cleanup for which they are responsible. Such costs may be collected by any lawful means including, but not limited to, appropriate court proceedings. All funds received from responsible parties shall be forwarded to the Town Treasurer for deposit in the Hazardous Materials Fund.
- **4.** Any and all costs recovered from a responsible party shall be separate from and in addition to any penalty that may be assessed for any violation of any provision of this Ordinance.

Section 2105. Severability

Should any provision of this ordinance be held invalid by a court of competent jurisdiction, such finding of partial invalidity shall not affect the remainder of this Ordinance which shall be continue in full force and effect. To this end, the provisions of this Ordinance are severable.

Wording similar to this section appears in the first section, <u>Chapter 18</u> and <u>Chapter 31</u>. If they discuss the same thing, let's deleted the redundant entries.

Allenstown, NH Zoning Ordinance

Chapter 22. Solid Waste Management Ordinance

As adopted September 8, 2003

This chapter now uses numerical section numbers like Section 2201, 2202

Whereas, the Town of Allenstown has determined that in the best interest of its citizens, to provide for the disposal of solid waste through centralized solid waste, refuse-to-energy facility (waste plans): and

Whereas, the Town has entered into an Agreement with a contract resource for the collection and disposal of solid and recycled waste: and

Whereas, it is desirable and in the best interests of the public health, safety and welfare of the citizens of the Town for the Town to exercise its authority to control the collection, transportation and disposal of solid waste generated within its borders, and to empower the Board of Selectmen to adopt rules, regulations, and fees in furtherance thereof.

Now, therefore, pursuant to the authority granted in NH RSA Chapters 149-M and 47:17 as amended, the Town adopts the following Ordinance to be known as the Town of Allenstown Solid Waste Management Ordinance (SWMO).

Section 2201. Definitions

Acceptable waste – for the purposes of the SWMO, acceptable waste means household garbage, trash, rubbish, refuse and recycling, originating within the boundaries of the Town, normally collected and disposed of, as a result of residential pickups or deliveries; but excluding hazardous waste, unacceptable waste and other solid waste.

Commercial – for the purposes of the SWMO, commercial means commercial entities doing business in the Town of Allenstown.

Facility – means the transfer station or other sites or areas designated by the Board of Selectmen within or outside the borders of the Town for the delivery or disposal of solid waste collected within the borders of the Town.

Hazardous Waste – means the following: turned this into a numbered list

Waste that is ignitable, corrosive, reactive, or toxic.

- **5.1**.Waste defined or classified as hazardous waste at any time under federal, state or local law, or any regulation hereunder, or waste defined by any applicable federal, state or local law as low level radioactive waste;
- **6-2.** Waste prohibited for incineration by any local, state or federal agency because of its toxic nature;
- 7-<u>3.</u>Waste the processing of which would result in hazardous waste under a, b or, c of this definition;

8.4. Containers which hold or which previously held waste described under a, b, or c above.

9.5. Ignitable waste – means any waste that catches fire very easily for example oil/solvent based paint, solvents and many spray cleaners, aerosol cans with flammable propellants still inside,

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alcohol, adhesives, roof cement, and HTH pool chemicals.

- **10.6.** Corrosive waste means any waste that has a very low or very high pH for example pool acid, battery acid, muriatic acid, drain cleaners, lye, some cleaners and paint stripper.
- **11.7.** Reactive waste means any waste that could explode for example dynamite, fireworks, gunpowder, bullets, old ether, picric acid and anything that reacts badly with water or air.
- **12.8.** Toxic waste means any waste that contains too much of a dangerous chemical for example prescription medicines, pesticides paint strippers, roofing tar, adhesives, and some solvents and spray cleaners.

If any governmental entity having jurisdiction shall determine that any substances which are not, as of the date of this Ordinance, considered harmful or of a toxic nature or dangerous, are harmful, toxic or dangerous, such substances shall thereafter be deemed hazardous waste.

Other Solid Universal Waste – means residential white metal goods, household appliances, electronics, tires, batteries, cathode ray tubes, some lamps and light bulbs, mercury-containing devices, some of these items carry additional fees to dispose. street sweepings, tree stumps and residential demolition debris.

Residential – for the purpose of this chapter, residential means all single-family dwellings and multi-family dwellings consisting of three units or less per parcel, and owner-occupied condominiums, excluding dwellings and condominiums on private ways.

Unacceptable Waste - means waste that is unacceptable at the Waste Plant such as:

- a) Pathological and biological waste, oil, sludge, cesspool or other human waste, human remains, animal remains.
- b) street sweepings, large items of machinery and equipment such as automobile and vehicular parts, tires, trailers, agricultural equipment, marine vessels, or similar items, farm and other large machinery, wire and cable from industrial sources, plastics from industrial sources in excess in total of 5% of the Town's Waste Plant waste load.
- c) foundry sands, tree stumps, liquid wastes and slurries, street sweepings. explosives including ammunition and firearms, radioactive materials,
- d) any item of waste exceeding 6' 6" in any one of its dimensions or being in whole or in part a solid mass, the solid portion of which has dimensions such that a sphere with a diameter of eight inches could be contained within such a solid portion;
- e) Animal remains, dirt, concrete, and other non-burnable construction material and demolition debris, asbestos and chemicals from industrial and commercial sources such as cleaning fluids, petroleum products, paints, acids, caustics, pesticides, insecticides, poisons, drugs or other materials the processing of which the <u>NH Department of</u> <u>Environmental Services</u> (DES) reasonably believes would pose a threat to the health, safety or the processing of which may cause damage to the waste plant;
- f) Any waste which if processed would violate or cause the violation of any judicial decision, order or action of any federal, state or local government or any agency thereof or applicable law;
- g) Hazardous waste.

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Waste Plant – means the facility currently under contract with the Town of Allenstown.

Section 2202. Regulated Activity

- 1. All acceptable waste originating or collected within the municipal boundaries of the Town shall be delivered to and deposited at the waste plant or the facility as designated by the Board of Selectmen.
- 2. The Board of Selectmen are empowered to explore the feasibility of constructing a joint facility with any other surrounding town if so located and costs are allocated on a percentage of use basis.
- **3.** No person shall deliver or cause the delivery of any solid waste originating from outside the municipal boundaries of the Town to the waste plants without the prior written consent of the Board of Selectmen. No person shall deliver or cause the delivery of any unacceptable waste or hazardous waste to the facility. No person shall cause or allow solid waste originating out the Town which is delivered to the Waste Plant by such person to be credited against the quantity of acceptable waste received or accepted at the waste plant for the account of the Town. Any person licensed by the Town of Allenstown to deliver acceptable solid waste to the plant or facility shall haul only acceptable solid waste resulting from within Town borders. No person shall deliver or cause the delivery of acceptable waste to the waste plant in any vehicle with a gross weight of less than 27,000 pounds.
- **4.** All items defined as unacceptable waste, hazardous waste or other solid universal waste shall be responsibility of the owner or waste generator and shall be disposed at the owner's or generator's expense.
- **5.** The Town shall not bear the cost for pickup or transportation of any commercial acceptable solid waste generated in the Town of Allenstown. The tipping fee for all commercial acceptable solid waste delivered to the waste plant shall be paid by the the Town-commercial hauler(s).

Section 2203. Licensing for Commercial Haulers

- 1. No person shall collect, transport or deliver solid waste originating from within the Town without obtaining a license from the Board of Selectmen, except that a person that collects, transports or delivers solid waste exclusively in a vehicle or vehicles with a gross vehicle weight of less than 8,600 pounds shall not be required by this section to obtain such a license.
- **2.** Any person required by the Ordinance to obtain a license shall make application to the Board of Selectmen providing the information required. Each application shall be accompanied by a non-refundable application fee of \$25.
- **3.** The application shall contain all information required by the Board of Selectmen including, but not limited to a description of the activities engaged in e.g. collection, transportation or delivery of acceptable waste; list of commercial customers and size and location of containers, pick up route, designated day and time of pick up, type and amount of waste handled; certificate of insurance with limits of coverage as determined by the Board of Selectmen; a description of the facilities operated and used; and an equipment inventory, including a description of the make, model and year of each vehicle used for the collection or transportation of solid waste.

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- 4. Licenses shall be renewed annually and all information provided in the initial application shall be reviewed upon application for license renewal. If the Board of Selectmen shall determine the application is incomplete, they shall notify the applicant in writing of the specific information necessary to complete it. The Board of Selectmen shall be informed immediately in writing of any changes in or additions to the information required on the application.
- 5. Licenses issued hereunder shall not be transferable.
- **6.** All licenses shall expire one year from the date of issue unless otherwise stated on the license or revoked or suspended sooner in accordance with the provisions of this Ordinance.
- 7. The annual license fee shall be \$100 for each applicant licensed. In the event the Board of Selectmen denies a license application, they shall notify the applicant in writing and shall state the reasons for the denial. Upon such notice, the applicant may request a hearing in accordance with the procedures in <u>Section 2204</u>.

Section 2204. Suspension and Revocation

- Any license issued under this Ordinance may be suspended or revoked by order of the Board of Selectmen after the Board shall have notified the licensee in writing of the intent to suspend or revoke the reasons therefore and the licensee has had the opportunity for a hearing in accordance with procedures in <u>this Section</u>.
- **2.** A hearing authorized by this Ordinance shall be held within 30 days after request by the Board of Selectmen of the written request for a hearing.
- **3.** The licensee or applicant shall be notified in writing as to the time and place of the hearing at least 10 days prior to the hearing date. The applicant or licensee has the right to be represented by counsel, to offer evidence and to cross-examine witnesses.
- **4.** A determination shall be made by the Board of Selectmen within 20 days after the conclusion of the hearing and a notice of the decision shall be served upon the applicant or licensee by certified mail, return receipt requested.
- **5.** A final determination relative to the denial, suspension or revocation of a license and the period of suspension or revocation shall take effect as provided in the notice but no later than 10 days after the date notice of such final determination has been mailed by certified mail to the applicant. Such final determination shall be conclusive. Notice of the final determination shall set forth the reasons for the denial, suspension or revocation and the effective dates thereof, together with a statement that such decision may be appealed as provided in the Ordinance.

Section 2205. Amendment

This Ordinance may be amended by the Board of Selectmen subsequent to a Public Hearing. subject to the Town's continuing obligations under the COOP Agreement and the COOP's obligations under the Service Contract, as the same may be amended from time to time.

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Section 2206. Effective Date

This ordinance shall become effective upon adoption., provided however, that Section 2202. Regulated Activity shall become effective on the date to be designated by the COOP in a written notice to the Board of Selectmen certifying that the Town's obligation under the COOP Agreement to provide Acceptable Waste to the Waste Plant shall commence on such date. Notice and publication of the date on which Section II shall become effective shall be made by the Board of Selectmen at least 30 days prior to such effective date.

Section 2207. Curbside Collection turned list items into head3 headings

Section 2207.1. Eligibility

- 1. The Town provides curbside collection of household solid waste (hereinafter sometimes referred to as trash or garbage) and recycling as a service to residents of the Town. In order to be eligible for this service, you must be a resident of Allenstown, live in a residential structure on a public way and dispose of household solid waste and recycling in accordance with the rules prescribed herein. Nonresidents, businesses, commercial or industrial enterprises and residents not living on a public way are not eligible for curbside collection.
- 2. Residents not living on a public way are entitled to dispose of their household solid waste at the transfer station, upon obtaining a residential solid waste permit
- **3.** Businesses, commercial or industrial enterprises and nonresidents maybe permitted to dispose of solid waste at the transfer station at the discretion of the Town and subject to such fees and regulations as the Town may impose. The Town reserves the right to prohibit disposal by businesses, commercial or industrial enterprises and/or nonresidents and require that they dispose of the solid waste at the Waste Plant.

Section 2207.2. Curbside Collection Times

- 4. Curbside collection normally occurs on Tuesdays and Wednesdays Mondays or as published by the Town of Allenstown, except in the cases of legal holidays, severe inclement weather, unusually heavy workload or equipment difficulties or malfunction. Household solid waste not collected for any of these reasons will be collected on the next available workday.
- **5.** Household solid waste shall not be placed at the curbside until 5:00 p.m. of the day before scheduled collection or later than 7:00 a.m. the day of collection. All Town issued curbside collection containers Toters-must be removed from the street no later than 7:00 a.m. on the day following pickup.
- **<u>6.</u>** The Town is not responsible for household solid waste until it is actually collected. In the event there is a delay in collection, residents are encouraged to take appropriate precautions to secure their trash and recyclables.

Section 2207.3. Rules for Collection

 Household solid waste shall be placed in a Toter Town issued container trashcan no larger than thirty gallons (30 gal) in size, with sturdy handles. Residents are responsible for providing and maintaining their own Toters trash cans and bags Town issued container. The Town does not sell provide trashcans or bags Town issued containers for curbside collection.

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- Trash cans shall not weigh more than forty pounds (40 lbs.) When filled and The Toter Town issued containers shall be placed at the curbside or end of the driveway. The Highway Department curbside collections crew will not remove remove trashcans or solid waste Toter Town issued containers from structures or porches located near the curbside.
- **3.** Trash cans Toters Town issued containers are replaced by the Highway Department curbside collections crew along the curbside after waste collectionand lids, if any are placed in the same location, but will not be replaced on the trash can.
- **4.** The Town is not responsible for loss or damage-to-Toters trash cans or lids to Town issued containers before, during or after collection.
- 5. Loose household solid waste or recycling not placed in Toters trashcans. Town issued containers but deposited in secure trash bags which do not exceed forty pounds (40 lbs.) in weight will not generally be collected if the waste is not within the closed containerso long as they comply with all other rules of collection and disposal. Cardboard boxes are not an acceptable trash receptacle. The Highway Department curbside collection crew is not responsible for gathering, sweeping or collecting loose trash or garbage recyclables, which may have been spilled or scattered, from trashcans or bags. Town issued containers.
- **6.** Animal waste from household pets including "kitty litter" maybe disposed of at curbside, provided that it is double bagged and placed in a trash can with a lid Toter Town issued container and does not exceed the forty pounds (40 lbs.) weight limit.
- 7. Broken glass, needles, syringes and other sharp objects shall be securely enclosed in rigid protective packaging marked "SHARPS" and placed in a trashean Toter Town issued container to prevent needle sticks and cuts to Highway Department Employees curbside collection crew. Loose broken glass, needles, syringes, and other sharp objects shall not be disposed of in a trash bagunless the trash bag is placed inside a trashean.

Section 2207.4. Supplemental Collection Services

- The Town may schedule seasonal special pickups as listed below for our residential curbside customers, subject to availability of our workforce and disposal facilities. These optional services are generally offered for one week only. Materials are put out on the same day as regularly scheduled rubbish pickup. Advertising in the local newspaper and postings in a number of public places within the Town notify residents-Spring cleanup of yard wastegenerally limited to small brush and trimmings from lawn areas (not woodlands).
- 2. Spring cleanup of appliances (white goods) and residential scrap metal (such as bicycles and barbeque grills).
- **3.** Fall cleanup of compostable leaves; generally limited to bagged leaves placed in compostable lawn and leaf waste bag(s) only (no brush, soil, metal, etc.).
- 4. Winter pickup of trees and wreaths, free of decorations and all metals.

Section 2207.5. Collection for Home Occupations

1. Curbside collection will be made from lawful "Home Occupations" located within the Residential Districts, as defined in the Zoning Ordinance, subject to the limitations contained herein. Curbside collection shall not occur from Home Occupations in any other zone.

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- 2. Home based daycare facilities with greater than (3) three children, in addition to the children residing in the family which occupies the residence, are considered to be a <u>commercial</u> <u>activity</u> and <u>will not be collected</u>.
- **3.** Diaper waste from non-commercial, home daycare facilities must be double bagged, tied, and put out in a trashcan with a lid Town issued container meeting the residential requirements.
- **4.** Solid waste and recycling from Home Occupations shall not exceed the amounts customarily generated by a single-family household. The Town shall exercise reasonable discretion in this matter, and its determination in this regard shall be final. For example, vendors and route sales people may not use Town curbside collection to dispose of packaging, advertising materials, waste product, etc.

Section 2207.6. Curbside Recycling

The Town is not equipped to separate or does collect recyclable materials at curbside. Residents wishing are required to recycle and should place their recycling curbside or bring their recyclables, already separated, to the Recycling Center at the Transfer Station.

Section 2207.7. Prohibitions for Curbside Collection

- A. Unacceptable Materials. The following materials are not accepted for curbside collection. The Transfer Station, for a fee, may accept these materials.
 - -Hazardous waste, in any quantity toxic, explosive, corrosive, and highly flammable materials;
 - -Motor vehicle parts, including tires, batteries and fluids;
 - -Animal carcasses;
 - -Construction and demolition waste;
 - -Leaves, yard waste, brush, logs, and grass clippings;
 - -Furniture, large appliances and scrap metals; and
 - -Electronics, such as computers, radios, and televisions

Limits on Collection. The Town does not provide solid waste collection for businesses, commercial and industrial enterprises or nonresidents. The Transfer Station however, at the discretion of the attendant, may accept household trash, office paper, garbage; cardboard boxes crushed and tied together, grass clippings, leaves, and brush cut in 4-foot sections placed in compostable lawn and leaf waste bag(s). Any contractor doing work in Allenstown only may take demolished material to the landfill. In order to gain access to the landfill you must have either a building permit or demolition permit from the Town of Allenstown. Absolutely no material from job sites out of Allenstown will be accepted. Any resident caught bringing in trash from another community will be subject to the fines listed below. Demolition debris is not accepted.

Section 2207.8. Penalties

 Penalties notwithstanding any other provision of State law or Allenstown Municipal Ordinances any violation of current Section 2207. Curbside Collection shall constitute a violation subject to a fine of not more than \$1,000.00 for each offense. Each day of noncompliance shall constitute a separate offense.

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2. Any violation of preceding Section 2207 7.0 shall constitute a misdemeanor and be punishable by a fine of up \$2000.00 for each violation. Each day of non-compliance shall constitute a separate offense.

ADOPTED AND PASSED BY THE BOARD OF SELECTMEN September 8, 2003.

EFFECTIVE DATE October 8, 2003

Honorable Sandra McKenney, Chairperson Honorable Benjamin Fontaine, Member Honorable Arthur Houle, Member

Allenstown, NH Zoning Ordinance

Chapter 23. Telecommunication Towers and Antennas

<u>3/10/01</u>

This article was given numerical section numbers like Section 2301, 2302

Section 2301. Purpose and Intent

This ordinance is enacted in order to establish general guidelines for the siting of telecommunication towers and antennas and to enhance and fulfill the following goals:

- 1. Preserve the authority of the Town to regulate and to provide for reasonable opportunities for the siting of telecommunication facilities while ensuring that telecommunications providers service remains effective and efficient.
- 2. Reduce or eliminate adverse impacts such facilities may create. Adverse impacts may include, but are not limited to, impacts on aesthetics, impacts on environmentally sensitive areas, impacts to historically significant locations, impacts on flight corridors, reduction in property values, and health and safety concerns.
- **3.** Provide for co-location and minimal impact siting options through an assessment of technology, current location options, future location availability, innovative siting techniques, and siting possibilities beyond the geographical boundaries of the Town.
- **4.** Permit the construction of new towers only where all other reasonable alternatives have been exhausted, and to encourage the owners and users of towers and antennas to configure them in a manner that minimize visual impacts on said structures.
- 5. Require antenna co-location on existing tower structures through cooperation and agreements between providers.
- **6.** Document the scheduling of recurring maintenance and safety inspections for all telecommunications facilities and appurtenances.
- 7. Provide for the demolition and removal of abandoned facilities. Provide a procedure for the town to remove abandoned towers to provide for the health and safety of citizens.
- 8. Provide for the removal or upgrade of technologically outmoded facilities.

Section 2302. Location

Telecommunication facilities shall be allowed in accordance with the following:

- 1. Permitted by special exception in all zones except residential.
- 2. In other areas within Town, only as a co-location on preexisting: Towers, Antennas and Alternative Tower Structures.
- 3. Any Town-owned property except conservation land.

Section 2303. Definitions

- 1. *Act* the Communications Act of 1934, as it has been amended from time to time, including the Telecommunications Act of 1996, and shall include future amendments to the communications Act of 1934.
- 2. Affiliation When used in relation to an operator, another person who directly or indirectly owns or

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controls, is owned or controlled by, or is under common ownership or common control with the operator, or an operator's principal partners, shareholders, or owners of some other ownership interest; and when used in relation to the municipality, any agency, board, authority or political subdivision affiliated with the municipality or other person in which the municipality has legal or financial interest.

- **3.** *Alternative Tower Structure* Man made trees, clock towers, bell steeples, light poles and similar alternative design mounting structures that camouflage or conceal the presence of antennas or towers (see also *Stealth Facility*).
- **4.** *Analog Technology* Replicates and amplifies voices messages as they are carried from the transmitting antenna to the receiving antenna.
- **5.** *Antenna* Any exterior apparatus designed for telephonic, radio or television communications through sending and/or receiving of electromagnetic waves.
- **6.** *Antenna Height* The vertical distance measured from the base of the antenna support structure at grade to the highest point of the structure. If the support structure is on a sloped grade, then the average between the highest and lowest grade shall be used in calculation of the antenna height.
- 7. Antenna Support Structure Any pole, telescoping mast, tower tripod or any other structure which supports a device used in the transmitting and/or receiving of electromagnetic waves.
- **8.** *Applicant* A person who applies for a wireless facility siting. An applicant can be the owner of the property or someone who is representing the owner, such as the builder, developer, optional purchaser, consultant, or architect.
- **9.** *Broadcast* To transmit information over the airwaves to two or more receiving devices simultaneously. Information can be transmitted over local television or radio stations, satellite systems or wireless data communications networks.
- **10.** *Cell Site* A tract or parcel of land that contains a cellular communication antenna, its support structure, accessory building(s) and parking, and may include other uses associated with and ancillary to cellular communications transmission.
- 11. Cellular Service A telecommunications service that permits customers to use wireless, mobile telephones to connect via low-power radio transmission sites called cell sites, either to a public switched network or to other mobile cellular phones.
- **12.** *Cellular Telecommunications* A commercial Low Power Mobile Radio Services licensed by the Federal Communications Commission (FCC) to providers in a specific geographical area in which the radio frequency spectrum is divided into discrete channels which are assigned in groups to geographical cells within a service area and which are capable of being reused in different cells within the service area.
- **13.** *Cellular Telecommunications Facility* A cellular telecommunications facility consists of the equipment and structures involved in receiving telecommunications or radio signals from mobile radio communications sources and transmitting those signals to a central switching computer which connects the mobile unit with the land-based telephone lines.
- **14.** *Co-location* Locating Wireless communications equipment from more than one provider on a single site.
- **15.** *Common Carrier* An entity licensed by the FCC or a state agency to supply local and/or long distance telecommunications services to the general public at established and stated prices.

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Chapter 23.	Telecommunications	Towers	and Antennas
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- **16.** *Communication Tower* A guyed, monopole, or self-supporting tower, constructed as a free standing structure or in association with a building, other permanent structure or equipment, containing one or more antennas intended for transmitting and/or receiving television, AM/FM radio, digital, microwave, cellular, telephones, or similar forms of electronic communication.
- **17.** *Communications Facility* A land use facility supporting antennas and microwave dishes that sends and/or receives radio frequency signals. Communications facilities include structures or towers and accessory buildings.
- **18.** *Communications Transmission System or Communications System* A wired communication transmission system, open video system, or wireless communications transmission system regulated by this ordinance.
- **19.** *Comprehensive or Master Plan* The current adopted Comprehensive/Master Plan of the municipality.
- 20. C. O. W.'s "Cells on Wheels", see Temporary Wireless Communication Facility.
- **21.** *Digital Technology* Technology that covers voices and data messages into digital that represents sound intensities at specific points of time and data content.
- **22.** *Directional Antenna* An antenna or array of antennas designed to concentrate a radio signal in a particular area.
- **23.** *Dish Antenna* A dish-like antenna used to link communications sites together by wireless transmission of voice or data. Also called microwave antenna or microwave dish antenna.
- 24. ESMR Enhanced Specialized Mobile Radio.
- 25. FAA The Federal Aviation Administration.
- 26. FCC The Federal Communications Commission.
- 27. Frequency The number of cycles completed each second by a sound wave; measured in hertz (Hz).
- 28. Governing Authority The Allenstown Board of Selectmen.
- **29.** *Grade* The lowest point of elevation of the finished surface of the ground, paving, or sidewalk within the area between the structure and the property line or when the property line is more than five (5) feet from the structure, between the structure and a line five (5) feet from the structure.
- **30.** *Guyed Tower* A communication tower that is supported, in whole or in part, by guy wires and ground anchors.
- **31.** *Lattice Tower* A guyed or self-supporting three or four sided, open, steel frame structure used to support telecommunications equipment.
- **32.** *License* The rights and obligations extended by the municipality to an operator to own, construct, maintain and operate its system within the boundaries of the municipality for the sole purpose of providing services to persons or areas outside the municipality.
- 33. MHZ Megahertz, or 1,000,000 Hz.
- **34.** *Micro-cell* A lower power mobile radio service telecommunications facility used to provide increased capacity in high call-demand areas or to improve coverage in areas of weak coverage.
- **35.** *Microwave* Electromagnetic radiation with frequencies higher than 1,000 MHZ; highly directional signal used to transmit radio frequencies from point-to-point at a relatively low power level.

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- **36.** *Microwave Antenna* A dish-like antenna manufactured in many sizes and shapes used to link communication sites together by wireless transmission of voice or data.
- **37.** *Monopole Tower* A communication tower consisting of a single pole, constructed without guy wires and ground anchors.
- **38.** *Omnidirectional Antenna* An antenna that is equally effective in all directions and whose size varies with the frequency and gain for which it was designed.
- **39.** *Owner* The owner of the title to real property of the contract purchaser of real property of record, as shown on the latest assessment records in the Office of the Tax Collector. Owner also includes a deed holder or contract purchaser whose name does not appear in the latest assessment record, but who presents to the municipality a copy of a deed or contract of sale showing date of sale or potential sale.
- 40. Personal Communications Services or PCS Digital wireless telephone technology such as portable phones, pagers, faxes and computers. Such mobile technology promises to allow each consumer the same telephone number wherever he or she goes. Also known as Personal Communication Network (PCN).
- **41.** *Preexisting Towers and Antennas* Any tower of antenna for which a permit has been issued prior to the effective date of these regulations and is exempt from the requirements of these regulations so long as the tower or antennas are not modified or changed.
- **42.** *Public Property* Any real property, easement, air-space, or other interest in real estate, including a street, owned by or controlled by the Town of Allenstown or any other government unit.
- **43.** *Roof and/or Building Mount Facility* A low power mobile radio service telecommunications facility in which antennas are mounted to an existing structure on the roof (including rooftop appurtenances) or building face.
- **44.** *Scenic View* A scenic view is a view that may be framed, wide angle, or panoramic and may include natural and/or manmade structures and activities. A scenic view may be from a stationary viewpoint or be seen as one travels along a roadway, waterway, or path. A view may be to a faraway object, such as a mountain or of a nearby object.
- **45.** *Self-Support Tower* A communication tower that is constructed without guy wires and ground anchors.
- 46. Spectrum Relating to any transmissions or reception of electromagnetic waves.
- **47.** *Stealth Facility* Any communications facility which is designed to blend into the surrounding environment. Examples of stealth facilities may include architecturally screened roof-mounted antennas, building-mounted antennas painted to match existing structure, antennas integrated into architectural elements, and antenna structures designed to look like light poles. (See also Alternative Tower Structures).
- **48.** *System* The communications transmission system operated by a service provider in the municipality.
- **49.** *Telecommunications* The transmission, between or among points specified by the user, of information of the user's choosing, without change in the form or content of the information as sent and received.
- **50.** *Temporary Wireless Communication Facility* Any tower, pole, antenna, etc., designed for use while a permanent wireless facility is under construction, or for a special event or conference where a majority of people attending are wireless users.

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- **51.** *Tower* Tower shall mean any structure that is designed and constructed primarily for the purpose of supporting one or more antennas, including self-supporting lattice towers, guy towers, or monopole towers. The term includes radio and television transmission towers, microwave towers, common carrier towers, cellular telephone towers, alternative tower structures and the like.
- **52.** *Wireless Communication Facility* An all-encompassing definition; any towers, poles, antennas, or other structures intended for use in connection with transmission or receipt of radio and television signals, or any other spectrum-based transmission or receipt of radio and television signals, or any other spectrum-based transmission/receptions.
- **53.** *Whip Antenna* An antenna that transmits signals in three hundred sixty (360) degrees. Whip antennas are typically cylindrical in shape and are less than six (6) inches in diameter and measure up to eighteen (18) inches in height. Also called the omnidirectional, stick or pipe antennas.
- **54.** *View Corridor* A view corridor is a three-dimensional area extending out from a viewpoint. The width of the viewpoint corridor depends on the focus of the view. The focus of the viewpoint may be a single object, such as a mountain, which would result in a narrow corridor, or a group of objects, such as a downtown skyline, which would result in a wide corridor. Panoramic views have very wide corridors and may include three hundred sixty (360) degree perspective. Although the view corridor extends from the viewpoint to the focus of the view, the mapped portion of the corridor extends from the viewpoint and is based on the area where base zone heights may be limited in order to protect view.

Section 2304. Telecommunication Facilities Procedural Requirements

- 1. A scaled plan in accordance with non-residential Site Plan Regulations shall be submitted to the Planning Board including the following additional information: a scaled elevation view, topography, radio frequency coverage, tower height requirements, setbacks, drives, parking, fences, landscaping, adjacent land uses (up to 200 feet away), and any other information deemed necessary by the Planning Board.
- 2. Written proof that the proposed use/facility complies with FCC regulations on radio frequency (RF) exposure guidelines and the FAA regulations on tower lighting requirements shall be submitted to the Planning Board.
- **3.** The applicant shall submit written proof that an evaluation has taken place, as well as the results of such evaluation, satisfying the requirements of the National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA) further referenced in applicable FCC rules. If an Environmental Assessment (EA) or an Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) is required under the FCC rules and NEPA submission of the EA or EIS to the Board prior to the beginning of the federal thirty (30) day comment period, and the Town's site plan review process, shall become part of the application requirements. The applicants shall submit copies of any EIS or EA documents no later than ten (10) days before the submission of any such documents to FCC for final approval.
- **4.** Each applicant for an antenna and/or tower shall provide to the Planning Board an inventory of all known existing towers that are within the jurisdiction of the Town and those within two (2) miles of the border thereof, including specific information about the location, height, design of each tower, as well as economic and technological feasibility for co-location on the inventoried towers. The Planning Board may share such information with other applicants applying for approvals or special exception permits under this ordinance or other organizations seeking to locate antennas within the jurisdiction of the governing authority, provided, however, that the Planning Board is not, by sharing such information, in any way representing or warranting that such sites are available or suitable.

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- **5.** If the applicant is proposing to build a new tower, the applicant shall submit written evidence demonstrating that no existing structure can accommodate the applicant's proposed antenna. This evidence shall consist of one or more of the following:
 - A. Substantial evidence that no existing towers or structures are located within the geographical area required to meet the applicant's engineering requirements, provided that a description of the geographical area required is also submitted.
 - B. Substantial evidence that existing towers are not of sufficient height to meet the applicant's engineering requirements, and why.
 - C. Substantial evidence that existing towers or structures do not have sufficient structural strength to support applicant's proposed antenna and related equipment.
 - D. Substantial evidence that applicant's proposed antenna would cause electromagnetic interference with the antenna on the existing towers or structures, or the antenna on the existing towers or structures would cause interference with the applicant's proposed antenna.
 - E. Substantial evidence that the fees, costs, or contractual provisions required by the owner in order to share the existing tower or structure are unreasonable. Costs exceeding new tower development are presumed to be unreasonable.
 - F. Substantial evidence that the applicant can demonstrate other limiting factors that render existing towers and structures unsuitable.
- 6. The applicant proposing to build a new tower shall submit an agreement with the Town that allows for a maximum allowance of co-location upon the new structure. Such a statement shall become a condition to any approval. This statement shall, at a minimum, require the applicant to supply available co-location for reasonable fees and costs to other telecommunications providers. Failure to provide such an agreement is evidence of the applicant's unwillingness to cooperate with the orderly and well planned development of the Town and grounds for denial.
- 7. The applicant shall submit the engineering information detailing the size and coverage required for the facility location. The Planning Board may have this information reviewed by a consultant for verification of any claims made by the applicant regarding technological limitations and feasibility for alternative locations. The cost for this review shall be borne by the applicant in accordance with NH RSA 676:4(g).
- **8.** Each Applicant for a tower, monopole or alternative structure shall submit a design certified by a competent engineer that the structure has been engineered to accommodate the maximum number of all compatible telecommunication media antennae.

Section 2305. Performance Standards

The uses listed in this section are deemed to be permitted uses, subject to the requirements and restrictions of this ordinance and at the discretion of the Planning Board, may require further review under this ordinance in accordance with Site Plan Review Regulations on the Planning Board page on the town web site, and all other applicable ordinances and regulations of the Town of Allenstown.

1. Principal or Secondary Use

Subject to this ordinance, an applicant who obtains site plan approval to site under this ordinance as a secondary and permitted use, may construct telecommunications facilities in addition to the existing principal use. Antennas and towers may be considered either principal or secondary uses. A different existing use or an existing structure shall not preclude the installation of an antenna or tower which complies with zoning district development regulations, including, **but not limited** to

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area, setback, lot coverage, frontage and other dimensional requirements, the dimension of the entire lot shall control, even through the antennas or towers may be located on leased parcels with such lots. Towers that are constructed and antennas that are installed in accordance with the provisions of this ordinance, shall not be deemed the expansion of a non-conforming use or structure. Further, such facilities shall not be considered accessory use.

2. Height Requirements

New Tower Construction - single user 90 feet maximum.

New Tower Construction - two or more users 180 feet maximum with guaranteed co-location.

Co-location on pre-existing tower-current height plus 15% (not to exceed 180 feet).

Co-location on existing structure-current height plus 40 feet.

The height requirements and limitations outlined above shall preempt all other height regulations as required by the Zoning Ordinances, and shall apply only to telecommunications facilities. The Planning Board may waive the height limitations only if the intent of the ordinance is preserved (e.g. when it can be shown that there would be no increase in adverse impact) and the increased height would provide a greater opportunity for co-location provided that:

- A. The granting of the waiver will not be detrimental to the public safety, health or welfare or injurious to other property and will promote the public interest.
- B. A written narrative identifying a particular hardship or special circumstance that warrants granting the waiver is provided to the Planning Board. Factors to be considered, but not limited to, in determining a hardship or special circumstances shall include:
 - 1. Topography and other site features;
 - 2. Availability of alternative site locations;
 - 3. Property location as it relates to required coverage area;
 - 4. Size/magnitude of project and availability of co-location.
- C. Necessary federal approvals and/or recommendations have been received.
- 3. Setbacks and Separation

The following setbacks and separation requirements shall apply only to telecommunication facilities and shall supersede all other standards found elsewhere in the Ordinance or other applicable Town Ordinances and Regulations.

- A. Towers shall be setback a distance equal to 100% of the height of the tower from any boundary line, above ground utility line, or other principal use structure located on the property the tower is sited upon. The Planning Board may, for good cause, reduce the requirements of this section no less than 50% of the tower height.
- B. Tower guys and all other accessory facilities shall conform with the minimum setback requirements of the zoning district in which said facilities and appurtenances are located.
- C. Towers over ninety (90) feet shall not be located within fifteen hundred (1,500) feet from any existing tower, unless located on the same lot.
- 4. Security Fencing

Towers shall be enclosed by appropriate security fencing not less than six (6) feet in height, with an adequate anti-climbing device or mechanism.

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5. Landscaping

A. Towers shall be landscaped with a buffer of suitable vegetation that effectively screens the view of the tower compound from abutting residential property. The minimum standard buffer shall consist of a landscaped strip ten (10) feet wide outside the perimeter of the tower compound. Existing (natural) vegetation is preferred.

The requirement for landscaped screening may be reduced or waived entirely by the Planning Board in locations where the visual impact of the tower compound to abutting residential uses is deemed to be minimal.

- B. Existing mature tree growth and natural landforms present on the site shall be preserved to the maximum extent possible. Natural growth on the site may be deemed a sufficient buffer on large, remote, wooded lots.
- 6. Aesthetics and Lighting

The guidelines in this subsection shall govern the location of all towers and the installation of all antennas. However, the planning Board may waive these requirements only if it determines that the goals of this ordinance are served thereby.

A. Towers shall either maintain a galvanized steel finisher, subject to any applicable standards of the FAA, or be painted a neutral color, so as to reduce visual obtrusiveness.

At a tower site, the design of the building and related structures shall, to the maximum extent possible, use materials, colors, textures, screening, and landscaping that will blend the tower facilities with the natural setting and previously developed environment. These buildings and facilities shall also be subject to all other Site Plan Review Regulation requirements.

- B. If an antenna is installed on a structure other than a tower, the antenna and supporting electrical and mechanical equipment must be of neutral color that is identical to, or closely compatible with, the color of the supporting structure so as to make the antenna and related equipment as visually unobtrusive as possible.
- C. Towers shall not be artificially lighted, unless required by the FAA or other applicable authority. If lighting is required the Planning Board may review the available lighting alternatives and approve the design that would cause the least disturbance to the surrounding views.
- D. Towers shall not contain any permanent or temporary signs, writings, symbols, or any graphic representation of any kind.

Section 2306. Federal Requirements

All towers must meet or exceed current standards and regulation of the FAA, FCC and any other agency of the federal government with the authority to regulate towers and antennas. If such standards and regulations are changed, then the owners of the towers and antennas governed by this ordinance shall bring such towers and antennas into compliance with such revised standards and regulations within six (6) months of the effective date of such standards and regulations, unless a more stringent compliance schedule is mandated by the controlling federal agency. Failure to bring towers and antennas into compliance with such revised standards for the removal of the tower or antenna, as abandoned, at the owners expense through the execution of the posted security.

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1. Building Codes-Safety Standards

To ensure the structural integrity of towers and antennas, the owner of a tower shall ensure that it is maintained in compliance with standards contained in applicable building codes and the applicable standards for towers that are published by the Electronic Industries Association, as amended from time to time. If, upon inspection, the Town concludes that a tower fails to comply with such codes and standards and constitutes a danger to person or property, then upon notice being provided to the owner of the tower, the owner shall have thirty (30) days to bring such tower into compliance with such standards. If the owner fails to bring such tower into compliance within thirty (30) days, such failure shall constitute an abandonment and grounds for the removal of the tower or antenna, as abandoned, at the owners expense through execution of the posted security.

2. Certification of Safety Standards and Continued Need

The owner of a tower or antenna shall provide an annual certification to the Zoning Compliance Officer verifying compliance with building codes and safety standards. The certification shall also verify that the structure is still needed for the operation of the owners network. Said certification shall be submitted to the Zoning Compliance Officer prior to December 31st of each year. Failure to submit an Annual Certification shall constitute abandonment and be grounds for removal.

Section 2307. Exemptions

1. Government Use

Antennas or towers owned, performed federal, state, county or town functions, or otherwise controlled by the respective governments shall be exempt from the requirements of this Telecommunications Facility Ordinance.

2. Amateur Radio; Receive-Only Antennas

This ordinance shall not govern any tower, or the installation of any antenna that is under seventy (70) feet in height and is owned and operated by a federally licensed amateur of citizens band station operator and/or is used exclusively for receive-only antennas. This sections adopts the provisions and limitations as referenced in NH RSA 674:16, IV.

3. Essential Services and Public Utilities

Henceforth, from the date of adoption of this ordinance, telecommunications facilities shall not be considered as infrastructure, essential services, or public utilities, as defined or used elsewhere in the laws or ordinances and regulations. Siting for telecommunications facilities shall be considered a use of land, and is addressed by this ordinance.

Section 2308. Bonding and Security and Insurance

Recognizing the extremely hazardous situation presented by abandoned and unmonitored towers, the Planning Board shall set the form and amount of security that represents the cost for removal and disposal of abandoned towers in the event that the tower is abandoned and the tower owner is incapable and/or unwilling to remove the tower. Bonding and surety shall be consistent with the provisions of the Site Plan Review Regulations. Furthermore, the Planning Board shall require the submission of proof of adequate insurance covering casualty or liability.

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Chapter 23. Telecommunications Towers and Antennas Section 2309. Removal of Abandoned Antennas and Towers

Any antenna or tower that is not operated for a continuous period of twelve (12) months, or is no longer needed for the operation of the network, shall be considered abandoned and hazardous to the public health and safety. The owner shall remove the abandoned structure within ninety (90) days of receipt of a declaration of abandonment from the Zoning Compliance Officer notifying the owner of such abandonment. A declaration of abandonment shall only be issued following a public hearing, noticed per town regulations, with notice to abutters and the last known owner/operator of the tower. If the abandoned tower is not removed within ninety (90) days, the town may execute the security and have the tower removed. If there are two (2) or more users of a single tower, this provision shall not become effective until all users cease using the tower.

Adopted on 3/10/2001 by Town Meeting.

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Chapter 24. Impact Fee Ordinance Chapter 24. Impact Fee

03/11/2003

Section 2401. Purpose headings now use numerical section numbers like Section 2401, 2402

This ordinance is enacted pursuant to RSA 674:21 in order to promote public safety, health, welfare and prosperity by:

- 1. Ensuring that adequate and appropriate facilities are available to individuals who come to live in or do business in the Town of Allenstown.
- 2. To prevent scattered or premature development of land that will involve danger or injury to health, safety or prosperity by reason of the lack of water, drainage, transportation, schools, fire protection or other public services that necessitate the excessive expenditure of public funds for the supply of such services.
- 3. Provide for harmonious development of the municipality and its environs.
- 4. Ensure the proper arrangement and coordination of streets.
- 5. Ensure streets are of sufficient width and condition to accommodate the use by prospective traffic.

Section 2402. Definitions

"Impact fee" means a fee or an assessment imposed upon development, including subdivision, building construction or other land use change, in order to help meet the needs occasioned by a development for the construction or improvement of capital facilities owned or operated by a municipality, including and limited to water treatment and distribution facilities; waste water treatment and disposal facilities; sanitary sewers; stormwater drainage and flood control facilities; public road systems and rights of way; municipal office facilities; public school facilities; the municipalities proportional share of capital facilities; solid waste collection, transfer, recycling, processing and disposal facilities; public library facilities; and public recreational facilities not including public open space.

Section 2403. Effectiveness

- 1. This ordinance shall become effective only upon the adoption by the Planning Board of a master plan and a capital improvement program, as well as any other supporting documents and studies as required by NH RSA 671:21, as may be amended from time to time.
- **2.** Upon adoption by the Planning Board of a master plan and a capital improvement program the Planning Board is hereby authorized to assess impact fees as defined herein in accordance with requirements set forth in this ordinance.
- **3.** The Planning Board shall have the authority to adopt regulations to implement the provisions of this ordinance including any provisions to waive some or all of an impact fee or fees that may be occasioned by a development proposal.

Section 2404. Impact Fee Assessment

The amount of any impact fee shall be a proportional share of municipal capital improvement costs which is reasonably related to the capital needs created by the development, and to the benefits accruing

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Chapter 24. Impact Fee-Ordinance

to the development from the capital improvements financed by the fee.

The upgrading of existing facilities or infrastructure, the need for which is not created by new development, shall not be paid for by impact fees.

Section 2405. Administration of Impact Fees

Broke up the first list item into 5 items for readability.

- 1. Each paid impact fee shall be accounted for separately, shall be segregated from the Town's general fund (impact fees may be co-mingled in a single account) and be spent upon order of the governing body, it shall be used solely for the capital improvements for which it was collected, or to recoup the cost of capital improvements made in anticipation of the needs for which fees are collected to meet.
- 2. All impact fees shall be assessed prior to or as a condition of, the issuance of a building permit or other appropriate permission to proceed with development. Between the date of assessment and collection, the Planning Board may require the developer to post security, in a form of a cash bond, letter of credit or a performance bond so as to guarantee future payment of assessed impact fees.
- **3.** Impact fees shall be collected as a condition of the issuance of a certificate of occupancy; provided however, in projects where offsite improvements are to be constructed simultaneously with the projects development, and where the Town has appropriated necessary funds to cover such portions of the work for which it is responsible, the Town may advance the time of collection of the impact fee to the issuance of a building permit.
- **4.** The Planning Board and the assessed party may establish an alternate, mutually acceptable schedule of payment of impact fees. If the full impact fee assessed under this ordinance is not encumbered or otherwise legally bound to be spent for the purpose which it was collected within six (6) years, the fee shall be refunded to the assessed party with any accrued interest.
- 5. Whenever the calculation of the impact fee has been predicated upon some portion of public improvement costs being borne by the Town a refund shall be made upon the failure of the town meeting to appropriate the Town's share of the capital improvement costs within six (6) years from the date of payment thereof.
- **6.** This Ordinance shall not be deemed to effect the existing authority of the Planning Board over subdivisions and site plans including but limited to the authority to declare development premature or scattered in accordance with the regulations of the Planning Board and in accordance with RSA 674: 36, II.

Adopted on 3/11/2003 by Town Meeting.

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Chapter 25. Agriculture Conservation District Chapter 24. Chapter 25. Agriculture Conservation District

03/08/2011 This article changed to use numerical section numbers like Section 2501, 2502

Section 2501. Intent and Purpose

- 1. Intent: The Agriculture Conservation District is intended to protect areas of the community that are well suited for agriculture. It is also the intention of this ordinance to minimize conflicts between incompatible uses by redirecting non-farm uses to other districts within the community.
- 2. Purpose:

The purposes of the Agriculture Conservation District are:

- A. To protect, promote and encourage the continuation of farming in areas with the most suitable soils.
- B. To protect and promote the continuation of farming in areas of the community that have historically contained these areas and therefore have developed compatible residential patterns and transportation infrastructure.
- C. To permit primarily agricultural land uses and activities.
- D. To separate agricultural land uses from potentially incompatible residential, commercial, and industrial development, and public facilities that may interfere with normal agricultural operations.
- E. To achieve the goals stated in the master plan, including preservation of rural character, continuation of agriculture, economic development, and natural resource protection.
- F. To preserve wetlands and natural areas associated with farms, that because of their natural physical features are useful, as water retention and groundwater recharge areas, and as wildlife habitat; and that have an important aesthetic and scenic value, which contributes to the unique character of the community.
- G. To maintain and enhance food self-sufficiency, including: local food for local people; reduced energy consumption; and employment opportunities in the community.
- **3.** Boundaries of the District:

The Agricultural Conservation District shall be an overlay district as depicted on the official Zoning Map of the Town of Allenstown, dated March 14, 2017 .

For a property owner who questions the actual location of desirable farm soils (as described in this Article) on his or her property the following process shall be used to appeal the location:

- A. Where the bounds of the identified prime farmland, as delineated on the official zoning map, are in doubt or in dispute, any landowner aggrieved by such delineation may appeal the boundary location to the Planning Board. Upon receipt of such appeal, the Planning Board shall engage, at the land owner's expense and request, a qualified soil scientist to conduct an investigation and prepare a report determining the proper location and extent of the prime farmland relative to the property in question. This report shall include but not be limited to:
 - 1. A detailed topographic layout of the subdivision and/or area to be developed, prepared by a registered land surveyor.

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Chapter 25. Agriculture Conservation District

- 2. The location of any County Soil delineations
- 3. The locations of all High Intensity Soil Survey test pit locations.
- 4. The Prime Farmland boundary as shown on the Official Zoning Map shall be overlaid on the plat and the newly proposed boundary location shall be indicated on the same plat by a broken line.
- 5. Any additional soil mapping, hydrogeologic reports or information which becomes available as a result of recent or ongoing scientific investigation of the location and extent of aquifers, performed by the US Geological Survey; NH State agencies or boards, or the Town of Allenstown or the agents of any of the above.
- B. The Planning Board may, based upon the findings above, adjust the boundary or area designation of the Agricultural Conservation District or reduce or expand the area so designated so as to more correctly define the location and extent of the location(s) of Prime Farmland on a site-specific, case-by-case basis.
- C. The Planning Board shall reserve the right to withhold action on such plat pending the results of an on-site and/or other investigation by that Board or its appointed agent and shall act to approve or disapprove the final plat within 90 days of the acceptance of the application or such further time as deemed necessary and as provided for by NH State statute.

Section 2502. Permitted Uses

- 1. Agriculture.
- 2. Farm worker dwellings.
- **3.** Farm roadside stand. Shall also require obtaining a peddler's license in accordance with NH RSA 320.
- 4. Accessory structures for agricultural use.
- 5. Agritourism.
- 6. Operation of agricultural/forestry vehicles and processing machinery.
- 7. Uses from the underlying zoning district(s) that meet the performance standards of this Article.

Section 2503. Performance Standards for Non-Agricultural Uses

In general, the use of land and structures within the Agriculture Conservation District shall seek to maximize agricultural productivity. The non-agricultural use of land and structures must also conform to the following design standards that create a minimum level of consistency in lot and parcel configuration:

1. Design Standards

All non-agricultural uses developed either on frontage lots or within a conservation/open space subdivision shall comply with the following standards:

- A. All buildings, homes and structures shall be located a minimum of 100 feet from agricultural land and shall be separated by a 50-foot wide buffer strip sufficient to minimize conflicts between farming operations and non-agricultural. This buffer shall be on the land developed for the non-farming use and may consist of trees and/or fencing.
- B. 2.Each structure shall be integrated into the existing landscape on the property so as to minimize its visual impact and maintain visibility of adjacent agricultural lands from public ways through

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Chapter 25. Agriculture Conservation District use of vegetative and structural screening. Landscapting, grading and placement on or into the surface of the loa. Additional Requirements for Subdivision/Site Plan Approval The applicant shall comply with the minimum requirements for subdivision/site plans, and shall also submit to the planning board the following information: Description of compliance with Agricultural Land and Development Standards and Site Design Standards in Section D of this chapter. Contrast for Review: The planning board shall also consider whether: The founning board shall also consider whether: The development is in compliance with farming operations on Agricultural Land and Development Standards. The development is integrated into the existing landscape through features such as vegetative buffers, and through retention of open agricultural Conservation District on lots greater them 15 arres with at least 200 feet of fromage shall be laid out according to the Cluster Housing andards set forth is Section 1311. Cluster Housing: building board shall be located ways from solits that must be placed in solis dess not apply to the location of on-site special factor set is placed in the issues that and solit solis desa not apply to the location of on-site special factor is proventiced in solis dess not apply to the location of on-site special factor is solitized in solis dess not apply to the location of on-site special factor is a solitized to the solitized before the location agriculture (based on Natural Resource Conservation District on lots greater than 15 access and rough set to located ways from solits that are most suitable for the: solid advelopments not meeting the thereshold of 15 access as described in this subparagraph shall be contolled by unders and before the laid out in a manner so as to have the least possible impact on agricultural land their area subtracted from the net development represes under the site. A all net miniming open agricultural land and uses. Co. Soluce in the n			1
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 Standards in Section D of this chapter. Criteria for Review: The planning board shall also consider whether: A. The development is in compliance with the following section on Agricultural Land and Development Standards. B. The development will interfere with farming operations on adjacent lands. C. The development is situated on the portion of the site with soils least suitable for the production of crops or livestock. D. The development is integrated into the existing landscape through features such as vegetative buffers, and through retention of open agricultural land. Agricultural Land and Development Standards A Residential subdivision developments in the Agricultural Conservation District on lots greater than 15 acres with at least 200 feet of frontage shall be laid out according to the Cluster Housing standards set forth in Section 1311. Cluster Housing Section 1425-of the Adventume Zontage shall be located away from soils that are most suitable for agriculture (based on Natural Resource Conservation Service classifications for prime farmland soils and soils of state and local importance) to the maximum practical extent. This provision does not apply to the location of on-site septic disposal facilities that must be placed in soils meeting N.H. Department of Environmental Services rules. If any conflict arises between the provisions of this chapter and Section 1311. Cluster Housing section for this subparagraph shall be controlled by underlying zoning density and shall be placed, to the maximum extent feasible, away from agricultural soils on site. B. 2. All roads, drainage systems and utilities shall be iden or in a manner so as to have the least possible impact on agricultural lands and uses. C. 3. Under the supervision of the conservation commission, all wetlands shall be identified, and their area subtracted from the net developable acreage of the total parcel. Foretection of Open		including: prime agricultural soils, soils of state and local importance, other soils and soil	
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Chapter 25. Agriculture Conservation District

- 1. A permanent conservation easement or deed restriction conveyed to the municipality with municipal approval or to a non-profit farmland trust or conservation organization whose principal purpose is to conserve farmland and open space, or other suitable entity.
- 2. Ownership in fee conveyed to the municipality with municipal approval or to a non-profit farm trust, open space or conservation organization as a gift or for a consideration.
- 3. As otherwise approved by the Planning Board.
- B. At a minimum, such an easement, fee ownership, or restriction shall entail the use of management practices that ensure existing fields or pastures will be plowed or mowed at least once every year.
- **6.** Agricultural/Farming Signage

This section pertains to signs which identify agricultural operations (Agricultural Signs) and signs which advertise farm products and/or services (Agricultural Product Signs). The scope of this ordinance is to regulate only those signs which are designed to be legible from the public traveled way. Farm Signs shall be required to meet only these standards and any applicable state standards.

A. General Provisions:

- 1. The sign or signs shall not be placed within the State or Town rights of way or overhanging into the same.
- 2. The sign may be illuminated from the top area of the sign shining downward on the sign and only during open business hours and only by exterior light directly illuminating the sign from a light source(s) mounted on the sign or on a pole for housing said light within five (5) feet of said sign and no higher than two(2) feet above the sign structure without directing the light source as to create a potential hazard to traffic, pedestrians and others using the public traveled way to minimize "Light Trespass."
- 3. Directional and informational signs for pedestrian and vehicular traffic into and throughout the property shall be permitted. Signs of this type which are designed to be clearly legible from any adjacent public traveled way or from any property line not in the same ownership as the parent parcel shall not display any farm names, logos, designs or diagrams advertising products for sale. These types of signs may be illuminated only during times necessary for the safety of patrons.
- 4. An agricultural sign permit shall be required from the Building Inspector or Code Enforcement Officer, whichever is tasked with the issuance of building permits.
- 5. **Exceptions:** This ordinance excludes signs including but not limited to third party recognition or designation such as: American Tree Farm System, Conservation Easement property identification, Certified Organic Farm, Farm of Distinction, Heritage Farms and Barns Historic Structures, and others to be determined by the Building Inspector or Code Enforcement Officer, whichever is in the employ of the Town, on a case by case basis.

Section 2504. Agricultural Management Standards

All farms are recommended to develop and keep current soil conservation and nutrient management plans in compliance with Natural Resource Conservation Service standards, where appropriate.

Adopted on 3/8/2011 at Town Meeting.

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Chapter 25. Agriculture Conservation District

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Chapter 26. Suncook Village Infill Development District Chapter 25. Chapter 26. Suncook Village Infill Development District

This article was changed to use numerical section numbers like Section 2601, 2602

Section 2601. Purpose and Intent

The purpose of this District is to provide for mixed uses with efficient land use and cost-effective delivery of services. The provisions of this district recognize the design challenges inherent to developing infill properties, and ensure that new development is consistent in character and scale with existing development. The District also defines the boundaries of "village center" in accordance with RSA chapter 79-E. The intent of this district is to:

- 1. Accommodate growth in Allenstown by encouraging and facilitating new development on vacant, bypassed and underutilized land within areas that already have infrastructure, utilities, and public facilities, while addressing the needs of Allenstown residents.
- 2. Encourage efficient use of land and public services in the context of existing communities.
- 3. Stimulate economic investment and development in established neighborhoods.
- **4.** Provide developers and property owners flexibility so that they can achieve high quality design and develop infill projects that strengthen existing communities.
- **5.** Create a high quality community environment that is enhanced by a balanced compact mix of residential, commercial, recreational, open space, employment and institutional uses and building types.
- **6.** Implement the goals, objectives, and policies of the master plan relating to economic development and the protection of community character.
- 7. Provide clear standards for infill development.
- 8. Encourage compact development that is pedestrian-scaled.
- 9. Retain/preserve the historic village character in Suncook.

Section 2602. Applicability

The Suncook Village Infill Development District shall be an overlay district as depicted on a map entitled Suncook Village Infill Development District as prepared by Central New Hampshire Regional Planning Commission (CNHRPC) and dated August 15, 2019 and filed at the Allenstown Town Clerk's Office. This Article is adopted as an Innovative Land Use Control in accordance with the provisions of RSA 674:21 and authorizes the Planning Board to administer its provisions via a Conditional Use Permit process. As an overlay district, the underlying uses shall be permitted in addition to the uses authorized in this Article.

Section 2603. General Requirements

The proposed development shall incorporate the following elements to enhance compatibility with the surrounding community:

- 1. Sidewalks that connect to the adjacent sidewalk system.
- 2. Public streets that connect to the adjacent street pattern and that are designed to discourage speeds

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Chapter 26. Suncook Village Infill Development District and volumes that impede pedestrian activity and safety.

- 3. Preservation of architecturally significant structures whenever feasible.
- 4. Street furniture, lighting and landscaping that is primarily oriented to pedestrian use.
- 5. Setbacks, building envelopes, use, and parking compatible with surrounding community.
- **6.** All new buildings (except accessory structures) shall have the primary entrance oriented to the street or public walkway, with direct, barrier-free and convenient pedestrian connections.

Section 2604. Permitted Uses

In addition to uses permitted in the underlying zone, the following uses are permitted in the Infill Overlay District:

- 1. Home occupations.
- 2. Residential units on the upper floors of commercial buildings.
- 3. Retail Sales.
- **4.** Churches.
- 5. Convenience/Grocery Stores.
- 6. Clubs, private or public.
- 7. Banks.
- 8. Restaurants (without drive-through service).
- 9. Health/personal care stores.
- 10. Real estate/leasing offices.
- 11. Accounting/bookkeeping/administrative support.
- **12.** Professional offices and services (including but not limited to attorney, doctor, financial/investment services, computer/IT services, etc).
- 13. Pharmacies.
- 14. Art studios/Galleries.
- 15. Cafés/Wine Bars/Coffee Houses (open no later than 11:00 p.m.).
- 16. Bed and Breakfasts.
- 17. Gardens when incidental to primary use.
- **18.** Outdoor Municipal Recreation.
- 19. Government Office Uses.
- **20.** Mill Redevelopment consisting of multi-family units or a mix of multi-family residential and limited commercial ("limited commercial" meaning those non-residential uses listed in this Section)
- 21. Single Family Dwellings.
- 22. Duplexes.
- 23. Multi-Family Dwellings.
- 24. Funeral Homes.

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Chapter 26. Suncook Village Infill Development District

25. Personal Service Facilities.

26. Veterinary Offices (not hospital).

27. Family Child Care (no more than 6 children)

Section 2605. Uses Permitted By Special Exception

The following uses are permitted in the Zone by Special Exception:

[Reserved]

Section 2606. Development Standards

The following development standards apply to applications for a conditional use permit under this Article. An applicant may obtain relief from these development standards as set forth in **Section 2608**. **Conditional Use Permit Application Process.** [was Section 2308]

Development standards in items 4 (Density), 5 (Bulk and Scale), 6 (Building Orientation), 7 (Privacy), and 8 (Parking-Required Number of Spaces) [was D, E, F, G, and H] apply to all applications for a conditional use permit under this section. The Planning Board may waive application of one or more of these development standards as set forth in **Section 2608. Conditional Use Permit Application Process Item 3.A.** [that was Section 2308(C)(a).] - Development standards 9 to 13 [was "Development standards [, J, K, L, and M] apply to all applications for conditional use permits that are not subject to site plan review. The Planning Board may waive application of one or more of these development standards as set forth in **Section 2608. Conditional Use Permit Application Process Item 3.A** [was Section 2308(C)(a).] For applications that require site review, Development Standards 9 to 13 [was I, J, K, L and M] shall be addressed through the site plan review approval process.

- Development standards A, B, and C apply to all applications for a conditional use permit under this Article. As set forth in Section 2608. Conditional Use Permit Application Process Item 3.B, was Section 2308(C)(b)] the Planning Board cannot waive application of these development standards. An applicant may obtain relief from these development standards from the Zoning Board of Adjustment.
- 2. Lot size: Minimum lot sizes shall be as follows:
 - A. 7,500 square feet for solely commercial activities
 - B. 5,000 square feet for solely residential activities
 - C. 10,000 square feet for first floor commercial and 2nd/3rd floor residential
 - D. 9,000 square feet first floor commercial and 2nd/3rd floor residential when all residential units are restricted to owners and/or employees of the first floor commercial enterprise taking place in the building.
- **3. Setbacks:** Front and rear setbacks shall be at least 10 feet. There shall be at least 20 feet between buildings on abutting lots.
- **4. Density:** Density shall be controlled by, i) the allowable building height (not to exceed 35', excluding existing mills for which the allowable height shall be 65'), and ii) the required setbacks in C above, building code requirements, and the availability of water and sewer service. Density for mills redeveloped into multi-family developments shall also contain a minimum total of 550 square feet per residential unit and 500 square feet for each limited commercial unit. When a redeveloped mill contains both residential and non-residential units, each category of unit must comply with the

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		Chapter 26. Su density requirements.	ncook Village Infill Developme	ent District
	5.	Bulk and Scale: Building size, scal	e, and architecture shall be consi	stent with the neighborhood.
	6.	Building Orientation: Primary fac walkway that does not require pede		
	7.	Privacy: Optimize privacy of reside uses through the placement of wind among neighbors in common pedes	ows and door entrances. Create of	pportunities for interactions
	8.	Parking-Required Number of Spa Ordinance Section 1112 shall not ap Off-street parking shall instead be c	oply to proposals in the Suncook	
		A. The number of parking spaces s Requirements <u>Allenstown Zoni</u> possible, they may be reduced o		1112, however, if that is not monstrate, to the satisfaction of
		B. The Planning Board may require ascertain the number of required		sis, paid for by the applicant, to
	9.	Architecture, Facades and Rooflin and façade of the neighborhood.	nes: Shall blend with the historic	architecture, styles, roof pitch
	10	Parking-Location: Parking shall be available, on the side of the property permitted. The standards for this red Article VII, Section 705.	y. In no case is parking on sidew	alks or pedestrian ways
	11	Pedestrian Access and Circulation permit and site review approval, the entrances to buildings, parking area sidewalks along perimeter streets. ⁷ Site Plan Regulations at Article VII	n continuous sidewalks shall be s, pedestrian facilities on adjacer The standards for this requirement	provided between primary t properties, and existing public t are set forth in the Allenstown
	12	Lighting Standards: External light shall illuminate parking and common possible. The standards for this requ Article VII, Section 707 as may be	on areas. Energy efficient lighting irement are set forth in the Aller	shall be encouraged whenever
	13	Landscaping: All proposals shall in property as well as along the "side" Large paved parking areas shall con coverage created by the parking lot. where practical. The standards for the Regulations at Article VII, Section	lot lines (i.e. those lot lines inter tain landscaping that serves to "I Roof-top landscaping and garde his requirement are set forth in th	secting the street-side lot line). break up" the impervious ns are encouraged when and the Allenstown Site Plan
	Se	ection 2607. Mill Redevelo	oment Requirements	
	far	e following shall be required for mill hily residential units and limited com lined in preceding Section 2606. D	mercial units in addition to the g	
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Chapter 26. Suncook Village Infill Development District

- 1. Mill redevelopments shall comply with all aspects of the Suncook Infill Zone unless where expressly controlled by this section 2307(6).
- 2. In proposals which contain any residential units, common spaces shall be provided to create opportunities for residents to gather. Subject to the discretion of the Planning Board, common spaces can include, but are not limited to gardens, parks, indoor community rooms, gazebos, gyms, day rooms/game rooms, cafes serving residents, and swimming pools. Proposals which contain solely limited commercial units that predominantly serve non-resident patrons shall not be required to provide common spaces.
- **3.** A mix of residential units and limited commercial units is permitted. In such an instance, limited commercial units shall be on the first floor and residential units shall be on the second floor or higher. Pay services solely serving the residents of the development are excluded from this requirement.

Section 2608. Conditional Use Permit Application Process

All development proposals falling within the provisions and authority of this Article shall require a Conditional Use Permit issued by the Planning Board. For proposals requiring both a Conditional Use Permit and a Site Plan approval the Planning Board may process the applications concurrently or sequentially.

- **1. Application Materials**: All Conditional Use Permit applications made under the provisions of this Article shall be done in one of the following manners:
 - A. All applications made for a Conditional Use Permit under the provisions of this Article shall be done on a form as provided by the Planning Board.
 - B. Proposals seeking both a Conditional Use Permit and Site Plan approval shall be made using both Conditional Use Permit applications and Site Plan applications as provided by the Planning Board.
 - C. Any studies as may be required by the Planning Board.
 - D. A narrative describing how each element set forth below are met by this proposal.
- **2. Standards of Review**: All applications must demonstrate the following to the satisfaction of the Planning Board:
 - A. That the proposed use is permitted by this Article or as may be authorized by the Zoning Board of Adjustment;
 - B. That the proposed lot-size, setbacks, and density meet the standards of this Article or as may be authorized by the Zoning Board of Adjustment;
 - C. The proposal will not materially endanger the public health or safety;
 - D. The proposal will be compatible with the neighborhood and with adjoining or abutting uses in the area where it is to be located;
 - E. The proposal will not have a substantial adverse impact on highway or pedestrian safety;
 - F. The proposal will not have a substantial adverse impact on the public facilities, ground water, surface water, or wetlands of the Town of Allenstown; and,
 - G. The proposal meets all applicable requirements of Section 2606. Development StandardsSection 2306 as described above, or as may be authorized by the Planning Board in Section 2608. Conditional Use Permit Application Process, item 3Section 2308(C), below.

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		Chapter 26. Suncook Village Infill Development District		
		H. Mill redevelopments only, shall also demonstrate compliance with Section 2607. Mill	_	Formatted: Font: Bold
		Redevelopment Requirements Section 2307 above .		
	3.	Relief from Certain Provisions of this Article:		
		A. The Planning Board may waive application of any provisions of Section 26306 and 26307 of this Article, except for Sections 26306 items 1, 2 and 3(A), (B), and (C). The Planning Board may grant a waiver if the Board finds, by majority vote, that the applicant has demonstrated that the following conditions have been met:		
		 The applicant has met all of the provisions of Section 2<u>6308 item 2(B)</u>, with the exception of the area(s) of relief that are being sought. 		
		2. The waiver is consistent with the purpose of the provisions of this Article.		
i		3. Either the waiver will result in a closer compliance with the standards above, or there exists a physical constraint specific to the property that warrants granting such relief.		
		B. The Planning Board may not waive application of Sections 2306-2606 items 1, 2, and 3(A), (B), and (C). An applicant can seek relief from any of those provisions from the Zoning Board of Adjustment.		
		C. The Planning Board may not waive application of any other Sections of this <u>chapterArticle</u> . Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph <u>3. A(C)(a)</u> above, the Planning Board may not waive application of <u>Section 26³06 items 1, 2, and 3(A)(B)(C)</u> . Further, if the application requires site review, then the Planning Board may not waive application of <u>Section 26⁻²³06 items</u> <u>9-13(I)(J)(K)(L)(M)</u> as part of the conditional use application but rather will address such standards under the site review process.		
	4.	Appeals : Any persons aggrieved by a decision of the Planning Board concerning a Conditional Use Permit described under his Article may do so under the provisions of RSA 677:15.		
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Chapter 27. Groundwater Protection Overlay District

Chapter 26. Chapter 27. Groundwater Protection Overlay District

Adopted 3/08/2011 Sections now use numbers like Section 2701, Section 2702.

Section 2701. Authority

The Town of Allenstown hereby adopts this ordinance pursuant to the authority granted under RSA 674:16, in particular RSA 674:16, II relative to innovative land use controls.

Section 2702. Purpose

The purpose of this ordinance is, in the interest of the public health, safety, and general welfare, to preserve, maintain, and protect from contamination existing and potential groundwater supply areas and to protect surface waters that are fed by groundwater.

The purpose is to be accomplished by regulating land uses which could contribute pollutants to designated wells and/or aquifers identified as being needed for present and/or future public water supply.

Section 2703. Groundwater Protection District

- 1. The Groundwater Protection District shall be an overlay district as depicted on a map entitled Allenstown Groundwater Protection District as prepared by Central New Hampshire Regional Planning Commission (CNHRPC) and dated March 8, 2011 and filed at the Allenstown Town Clerk's Office.
- 2. Disputed Boundary Zones
- **3.** When the actual boundary of the Groundwater Protection District is in dispute by any landowner or abutter affected by said boundary, the Planning Board, at the landowner/abutter's expense and request, may engage the services of a professional geologist, hydrologist or hydrogeologist to prepare a report addressing the location and extent of the aquifer and recharge area relative to the property in question. Geology testing required by the Planning Board for review of boundary disputes shall be conducted at the owner/abutter's expense in accordance with a scope of work determined by a consultant hired by the Town, but paid for by the owner/abutter. This report shall include but not be limited to the following:
 - A. A two-foot interval topographic layout prepared by a registered land surveyor of the subdivision and/or area to be developed;
 - B. A site specific soils map of the subdivision and/or area to be developed prepared by a soils scientist qualified in hydrologic studies including a written report of his/her on-site field inspection and test boring data;
 - C. The Groundwater Protection District boundary shall be overlaid on the plat and the newly proposed boundary location shall be indicated on the same plat by a broken line;
 - D. Evidence derived from a pumping test(s) or a sufficient number of test borings, test pits, observation wells and groundwater elevations to clearly demonstrate that the area in question does not meet the definition of aquifer or recharge area; and
 - E. Where the area in question is the Wellhead Protection Area, evidence shall also comply with

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Chapter 27. Groundwater Protection Overlay District guidelines published by NHDES for Phase II delineations of public water systems in order to determine the contribution zone of any portion of a municipal water supply that lies beneath the subject parcel. Additional mapping, hydrogeologic reports or information which becomes available as a result of recent or on-going scientific investigations of the locations and extent of aquifers performed by the
U.S. Geological Survey, New Hampshire State agencies or boards, the Town of Allenstown or agents of any of the above. The Planning Board, under the advisement of the Conservation Commission, shall have the authority to adjust the boundary or area designation of the Groundwater Resource Conservation District based upon any findings or reports submitted under this section.
Section 2704. Applicability
This ordinance applies to all the uses in the Groundwater Protection District, except for those uses exempt under Section 2711. Exemptions. Section XI (Exemptions) of this Chapter.
Section 2705. Performance Standards
The following Performance Standards apply to all the uses in the Groundwater Protection District unless
exempt under Section 2711. Exemptions, Section XI. Formattee
1. For any use that will render impervious more than 15% or more than 2,500 square feet of any lot, whichever is greater, a stormwater management plan shall be prepared in accordance with the Allenstown Permanent (Post-Construction) Stormwater Management Ordinance.
2. Conditional uses, as defined under Section IX shall develop a stormwater management plan prepared in accordance with the Allenstown Permanent (Post-Construction) Stormwater Management Ordinance and a pollution prevention plan including information consistent with Developing Your Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan: A Guide for Industrial Operators (USEPA, Feb 2009). The plan shall demonstrate that the use will:
A. Meet minimum stormwater discharge setbacks between water supply wells and constructed stormwater practices as found within the Allenstown Permanent (Post-Construction) Stormwater Management Ordinance;
B. Minimize, through a source control plan that identifies pollution prevention measures, the release of regulated substances into stormwater;
C. Stipulate that expansion or redevelopment activities shall require an amended stormwater plan and may not infiltrate stormwater through areas containing contaminated soils without completing a Phase 1 Assessment in conformance with ASTM E 1527-05, also referred to as All Appropriate Inquiry (AAI);
D. Maintain a minimum of four feet vertical separation between the bottom of a stormwater practice that infiltrates or filters stormwater and the average seasonal high water table as determined by a licensed hydrogeologist, soil scientist, engineer or other qualified professional as determined by the Planning Board.
3. Animal manures, fertilizers, and compost must be stored in accordance with Manual of Best Management Practices for Agriculture in New Hampshire, NH Department of Agriculture, Markets and Food, July 2008 and any subsequent revisions.
4. All regulated substances stored in containers with a capacity of five gallons or more must be stored in product tight containers on an impervious surface designed and maintained to prevent flow to exposed soils, floor drains, and outside drains.
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- 5. Facilities where regulated substances are stored must be secured against unauthorized entry by means of a door and/or gate that is locked when authorized personnel are not present and must be inspected weekly by the facility owner.
- 6. Outdoor storage areas for regulated substances, associated material or waste must be protected from exposure to precipitation and must be located at least fifty feet from surface water or storm drains, at least 75 feet from private wells, and outside the sanitary protective radius of wells used by public water systems.
- **7.** Secondary containment must be provided for storage of regulated substances. The outdoor storage of regulated substances must include a cover to minimize accumulation of water in the containment area and contact between precipitation and storage container(s).
- **8.** Containers in which regulated substances are stored must be clearly and visibly labeled and must be kept closed and sealed when material is not being transferred from one container to another.
- **9.** Prior to any land disturbing activities, all inactive wells on the property, not in use or properly maintained at the time the plan is submitted, shall be considered abandoned and must be sealed in accordance with WE 604 of The NH Water Well Board Rules.
- **10.** Blasting activities shall be planned in accordance with any Town of Allenstown blasting regulations and shall be conducted in a manner to minimize groundwater contamination.
- **11.** With the exception of delivery of heating fuel to residences, transfers of petroleum from delivery trucks and storage containers over five gallons in capacity shall be conducted over an impervious surface having a positive limiting barrier at its perimeter.
- 12. Stored regulated substances shall be inspected quarterly. Inspections shall be self-inspections with documentation signed by the property owner and/or facility operator and submitted to the Fire Chief within thirty (30) days of completion. For Town facilities, the document shall be signed by the Board of Selectmen. Facilities are subject to random spot-check by the Fire Chief during normal business hours excluding holidays, nights and weekends.
- **13.** Fertilizer shall be used and disposed of in accordance with manufacturer's standards. Fertilizer shall be stored in a manner wherein it cannot leak into storm drains or surface water. Spills shall be cleaned up immediately and shall be done so according to manufacturer's standards.

Section 2706. Spill Prevention, Control, and Countermeasure Plan (SPCC)

Conditional uses, as described under Section 2709. Conditional Uses <u>item 1 Section IX part (A) below</u>, using regulated substances shall submit a SPCC plan to the Fire Chief who shall determine whether the plan will prevent, contain, and minimize releases from ordinary or catastrophic events such as spills, floods, or fires that may cause large releases of regulated substances. The Town may consult third party entities at the expense of the applicant to ensure compliance.

Section 2707. Permitted Uses

All uses permitted by right or allowed by special exceptions in the underlying district are permitted in Groundwater Protection District unless they are Prohibited Uses or Conditional Uses. All uses must comply with the Performance Standards unless specifically exempt under **Section 2711. Exemptions** Article V.

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Chapter 27. Ground	lwater Protection Overlay	District	
Section 2708. Prohibited Uses			
The following uses are prohibited in the ground	ndwater Protection District.		
1. The development or operation of hazardou	is water disposal facility as	defined under RSA 147-A.	
2. The development or operation of a solid w	vaste landfill.		
3. The outdoor storage of road salt or other	deicing chemicals in bulk.		
4. The development or operation of a junkya	rd.		
5. The development or operation of a snow	dump.		
6. Biosolids processing/disposal/mixing.			
7. The development or operation of a petrole	um bulk plant or terminal.		
8. The development or operation of gas static	ons.		
9. Floor drains without oil and water separat	ion.		
Section 2709. Conditional Uses			
The Planning Board may grant a conditional ut the underlying district, if the permitted use is			
 Storage, handling, and use of regulated su dry weight at any one time provided that t Countermeasure (SPCC) plan is approved Control, and Countermeasure Plan (SP 	he appropriate Spill Prevent , in accordance with Section	ion Control and 2706. Spill Prevention,	Formatted: Font: Bold
2. Any use that will render impervious more greater.	than 15% or 2,500 SQ feet	of any lot, whichever is	
3. Any activities that involve blasting of bed	rock		
In granting such approval, the Planning Board			
prohibited use (as listed in Section 2708. Prowith Section 2705. Performance Standards	bhibited Uses Section VIII of	f this Article) and will comply	 Formatted: Font: Bold
applicable local, state, and federal requirement guarantee or bond, in an amount and with sur- ensure completion of construction of any faci- Standards.	ts. The Planning Board will ety conditions satisfactory to	require a performance the Board, to be posted to	Formatted: Font: Bold
Section 2710. Existing Non-Conf	orming Uses		
Existing Non- Conforming Uses may continu conforming use.	e without expanding or char	ging to another non-	
Section 2711. Exemptions			
The following uses are exempt from the speci compliance with all applicable local, state, an		ance as long as they are in	
4.1. Any private residence is exempt from all l	Performance Standards;	•	Formatted: Numbered + Level: 1 + Numbering Style: 1, 2, 3, + Start at: 1 + Alignment: Left + Aligned at: 0" +
5.2. Any business or facility where regulated s	ubstances are stored in cont	ainers with a capacity of less	Indent at: 0.25"
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Chapter 27. Groundwater Protection Overlay District than five gallons is exempt from Section 2705. Performance Standards Article V, Performance Standards, sections E through Hitems 5-8;

- 6.3.Storage of heating fuels for on-site use or fuels for emergency electric generation, provided that storage tanks are indoors on a concrete floor or have corrosion control, leak detection and secondary containment in place, is exempt from Section 2705. Performance Standards Performance Standard Bitem 5;
- 7.4. Storage of motor fuel in tanks attached to vehicles and fitted with permanent fuel lines to enable the fuel to be used by that vehicle is exempt from Section 2705. Performance Standards Performance Standards 5-8;
- 8-5. Temporary storage of construction materials on a site where they are to be used is exempt from Performance Standards E-H if incorporated within the site development project within six months of their deposit on site;
- 9.6. Storage/use of office supplies is exempt from Performance Standards E-H;
- **10.**<u>7.</u>The sale, transportation, and use of pesticides as defined in RSA 430:29 XXVI are exempt from all provisions in this ordinance;
- **11.8.** Household hazardous waste collection projects regulated under NH Code of Administrative Rules Env-Wm 401.03 (b)(1) and 501.01(b) are exempt from Standards E-H;
- **12.9.** Underground storage tank systems and aboveground systems that are in compliance with applicable state rules are exempt from inspections under Article XIV of this ordinance.

Section 2712. Relationship Between State and Local Requirements

Where both the State and municipality have existing requirements the more stringent shall govern.

Section 2713. Maintenance and Inspection

13.1. For uses requiring planning board approval for any reason, a narrative description of maintenance requirements for structures required to comply with Section 2705. Performance Standards shall be recorded so as to run with the land on which such structures are located, at the Registry of Deeds for Merrimack County. The description shall comply with requirements of RSA 478:4-a. Said narrative shall contain a list of all structures put in place to comply with Section 2705. Performance Standards as well as a brief description of the required maintenance of each.

- **14.2.** Inspections may be required to verify compliance with **Section 2705**. **Performance Standards** <u>Performance Standards</u>. Such inspections shall be performed by the Building Inspector or other agent designated by the Board Selectmen at reasonable times with prior notice to landowner.
- 15.3.All properties within the Groundwater Protection District known to the Building Inspector or other agent designated by the Board Selectmen as using or storing regulated substances in containers with a capacity of five gallons or more, except facilities already exempt under_Section 2711. Exemptions Article XI shall be subject to inspection under this article. Such uses in existence before March 8, 2011 (the effective date of this Article chapter) shall not be subject to the provisions of this subparagraph.
- **16.4.** The Board of Selectmen may require a fee for compliance inspections. The fee shall be paid by the property owner. A fee schedule shall be established by the Board of Selectmen as provided for in RSA 41-9:a.

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Chapter 27. Groundwater Protection Overlay District Section 2714. Enforcement Procedures/ Penalties.

Any violation of the requirements of this ordinance shall be subject to enforcement penalties detailed in RSA 485-C:16 and RSA 676:17 and RSA 676:17-a.

Section 2715. Saving Clause

If any of the provisions of this ordinance is found to be unenforceable, such provision shall be considered separable and should not be construed to invalidate the remainder of the ordinance.

Section 2716. Effective Date

This ordinance shall be effective upon adoption by the legislative body.

Adopted on 3/8/2011 by Town Meeting.

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Chapter 28. MS4 Stormwater Management

Chapter 27. Chapter 28. Municipal Separate Storm Sewer System (MS4) Post-Construction Stormwater Management Ordinance

Replaced entire article with new MS4 text Nov. 24, 2020 per Michael O'Meara.

Section 2801. Overview

1. Applicability of Stormwater Management Standards.

The Municipal Separate Storm Sewer System (MS4) Stormwater Management Overlay District shall be comprised of all land depicted in the MS4 Stormwater Management Overlay District as depicted on the Official Zoning Map of the Town of Allenstown dated March 10, 2020. The following stormwater standards shall apply to all land within the district boundaries. Redevelopment of existing developed sites shall also be subject to the standards described herein.

- **2.** Relief from the requirements of the overlay district may be granted through issuance of a Conditional Use Permit (CUP) issued by the Planning Board. All such requests to diverge from any requirement or standard shall be accompanied by a narrative description of and justification for the requested relief, a site plan showing the proposed standard(s) and required standard(s).
- **3.** A CUP is a decision that would permit relief from or reduction in a specific requirement or standard of the overlay district but that is otherwise generally consistent with its goals, purpose and provisions. The Planning Board shall have the authority to grant or deny a request for a CUP pursuant to the provisions of RSA 674:16 and RSA 674:21.
- **4.** The grant or denial of a CUP by the Planning Board may be appealed to the Superior Court, as provided for in RSA 677:15.
- 5. A CUP, for relief from the requirements of the overlay district, may be granted by the Planning Board after proper public notice and public hearing provided the planning board finds that the applicant's request complies with standards 5.A, 5.B, or 5.C in this section E.1, E.2 or E.3 below:
 - A. Improves a specific aspect of public health; or
 - B. Provides an increased level of ecosystem services, environmental or natural resource protection; *or*
 - C. Provides a measureable public benefit (such as increased public space, open space or public amenities).

Section 2802. Applicability Standards

- 1. These standards apply to all projects situated within the MS4 Stormwater Management Overlay District. At the discretion of the Planning Board, qualifying applications may be required to include a post-construction stormwater management plan prepared by an NH licensed engineer.
- 2. All projects under review by the Planning Board of such magnitude as to require a stormwater permit from the EPA Construction General Permit (CGP) program or the NH Department of Environmental Services (NHDES) Alteration of Terrain (AOT) program shall comply with the standards of EPA and/or NHDES permits and this section, whereas the stricter standards shall apply.

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Chapter 28. MS4 Stormwater Management Section 2803. Minimum Thresholds For Applicability

- 1. Minimum Thresholds for Applicability: These stormwater management standards apply to all projects requiring Planning Board review and approval under this Ordinance. For smaller projects that disturb less than 10,000 square feet an applicant may request a waiver of the full standards providing minimum protections and management are implemented. For the purpose of these standards, "disturbance" is defined as any alteration of the land surface or permanent removal of vegetation or trees associated with a development activity. A "disturbed area" is an area in which the natural vegetative soil cover has been removed or altered and, therefore, is susceptible to erosion.
- 2. Waiver Option for Small Development Projects: At the request of an applicant, the Planning Board may grant a waiver to any or all stormwater standards for projects that: disturb less than 10,000 square feet; create less than 5,000 square feet of new impervious surface; and do not disturb land within 100 feet of a surface water body or wetland.
- **3.** Conditions for Granting of Waivers: In order for the Planning Board to issue a waiver, the applicant must demonstrate, and Board must find that, the application meets the minimum criteria listed below and, if granted, will be considered conditions of approval.
 - D. Runoff from **NEW** impervious surfaces shall be directed to a filtration and/or infiltration device or properly discharged to a naturally occurring or fully replanted and vegetated area with slopes of 15 percent or less and with adequate controls to prevent soil erosion and concentrated flow.
 - E. Impervious surfaces for parking areas and roads shall be minimized to the extent possible (including minimum parking requirements for proposed uses and minimum road widths).
 - F. Runoff generated from **NEW** impervious surfaces shall be retained on the development site and property and mimic natural hydrologic processes to the maximum extent possible, or it is determined that the biological and chemical properties of the receiving waters will not be degraded by, or its hydrology will benefit from, discharge of stormwater runoff from the development site.
 - G. Compliance with standards <u>3.A to 3.CC-1-C.3 in this sectionabove</u> will be determined by the Planning Board on a case by case basis as site conditions and constraints will differ greatly between various redevelopment proposals.

Section 2804. Best Management Practices (BMP)

4.1.Performance Specifications: All proposed stormwater practices and measures shall be installed and maintained in accordance with manufacturers' specifications and performance specifications in the NH Stormwater Management Manual Volume 2 (December 2008 or current revision) a copy of which is available from the NHDES website at

www.des.nh.gov/organization/divisions/water/stormwater/manual.htm.

- **5-2.** Water Quality Protection: All aspects of the application shall be designed to protect the quality of surface waters and groundwater of the Town of Allenstown as follows:
 - A. No person shall locate, store, discharge, or permit the discharge of any treated, untreated, or inadequately treated liquid, gaseous, or solid materials of such nature, quantity, noxiousness, toxicity, or temperature that may run off, seep, percolate, or wash into surface water or groundwater so as to contaminate, pollute, harm, impair, or contribute to an impairment of such waters.
 - B. All storage facilities for fuel, chemicals, chemical or industrial wastes, and biodegradable raw materials, shall meet the regulations of the New Hampshire Department of Environmental

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Chapter 28. MS4 Stormwater Management

Services (NHDES) including but not limited to those involving Underground Storage Tanks, Above Ground Storage Tanks, Hazardous Waste and Best Management Practices for Groundwater Protection (Env-Wa 401).

- **6.3.** Stormwater Management for New Development: All proposed stormwater management and treatment systems shall meet the following performance standards.
 - A. Existing surface waters, including lakes, ponds, rivers, perennial and intermittent streams (natural or channelized), and wetlands (including vernal pools) shall be protected by the minimum buffer setback distances as specified in the Zoning and Regulations. Stormwater and erosion and sediment control BMPs shall be located outside the specified buffer zone unless otherwise approved by the Planning Board. Alternatives to stream and wetland crossings that eliminate or minimize environmental impacts shall be considered whenever possible. When necessary, as determined by the Planning Board or their representative, stream and wetland crossings shall comply with state recommended design standards to minimize impacts to hydrological flow, and enhance animal passage (see the University of New Hampshire Stream Crossing Guidelines (May 2009, as amended) available from the UNH Environmental Research Group website at

http://www.unh.edu/erg/stream restoration/nh stream crossing guidelines unh web rev 2.pdf

- B. Low Impact Development (LID) site planning and design strategies must be used to the maximum extent practicable in order to reduce the generation of the stormwater runoff volume for both new development and redevelopment projects (see Section V, Applicability for Redevelopment for redevelopment standards). An applicant must document in writing why LID strategies are not appropriate if not used to manage stormwater. A list of potential LID strategies, and a definition, can be found in the Allenstown Site Plan Regulations.
- C. All stormwater treatment areas shall be planted with native plantings appropriate for the site conditions: grasses, shrubs and/or other native plants in sufficient numbers and density to prevent soil erosion and to achieve the water quality treatment requirements of this section.
- D. All areas that receive rainfall runoff must be designed to drain within a maximum of 72 hours for vector control.
- E. Salt storage areas shall be covered and loading/offloading areas shall be designed and maintained in accordance with NH DES published guidance such that no untreated discharge to receiving waters results. Snow storage areas shall be located in accordance with NH DES published guidance so that no direct untreated discharges to receiving waters are possible from the storage site. Runoff from snow and salt storage areas shall enter treatment areas as specified above before being discharged to receiving waters or allowed to infiltrate into the groundwater. See NHDES published guidance fact sheets on road salt, water quality, and snow disposal at http://des.nh.gov/organization/commissioner/pip/factsheets/wmb/index.htm.
- F. Runoff shall be directed into recessed vegetated and landscape areas designed for treatment and/or filtration to the maximum extent possible to minimize Effective Impervious Cover (EIC) and reduce the need for irrigation systems.
- G. All newly generated stormwater, whether from new development, or expansion of existing development (redevelopment), shall be treated on the development site. Runoff shall not be discharged from the development site to municipal drainage systems, privately owned drainage systems (whether enclosed or open drainage). Runoff shall not be discharged to surface water bodies or wetlands in excess of volumes discharged under existing conditions (developed condition).

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Chapter 28. MS4 Stormwater Management

- H. A development plan shall include provisions to retain stormwater on the site by using the natural flow patterns of the site. Runoff from impervious surfaces shall be treated to achieve 80% removal of Total Suspended Solids and at least 50% removal of both total nitrogen and total phosphorus using appropriate treatment measures, as specified in the NH Stormwater Manual. Volumes 1 and 2, December 2008 as amended (refer to Volume 2, page 6, Table 2.1 Summary of Design Criteria, Water Quality Volume for treatment criteria) or other equivalent means. Where practical, the use of natural, vegetated filtration and/or infiltration BMPs or subsurface gravel wetlands for water quality treatment is preferred given its relatively high nitrogen removal efficiency.
- Measures shall be taken to control the post-development peak rate runoff so that it does not exceed pre-development runoff for the 2-year, 10-year and 25-year, 24-hour storm events. Similar measures shall be taken to control the post-development runoff volume to infiltrate the Groundwater Recharge Volume (GRV) according to the following ratios of Hydrologic Soil Group (HSG) type versus infiltration rate multiplier: HSG-A: 1.0; HSG-B: 0.75; HSG-C: 0.4; HSG-D: 0.15. For sites where infiltration is limited or not practicable, the applicant must demonstrate that the project will not create or contribute to water quality impairment. Infiltration structures shall be in locations with the highest permeability on the site.
- J. The physical, biological and chemical integrity of the receiving waters shall not be degraded by the stormwater runoff from the development site.
- K. The design of the stormwater drainage system shall provide for the disposal of stormwater without flooding or functional impairment to streets, adjacent properties, downstream properties, soils, or vegetation.
- L. The design of the stormwater management systems shall take into account upstream and upgradient runoff that flows onto, over, or through the site to be developed or re-developed, and provide for this contribution of runoff.
- M. Appropriate erosion and sediment control measures shall be installed prior to any soil disturbance, the area of disturbance shall be kept to a minimum, and any sediment in runoff shall be retained within the project area. Wetland areas and surface waters shall be protected from sediment. Disturbed soil areas shall be either temporarily or permanently stabilized consistent with the NHDES Stormwater Manual Volume 3 guidelines. In areas where final grading has not occurred, temporary stabilization measures should be in place within 7 days for exposed soil areas within 100 feet of a surface water body or wetland and no more than fourteen (14) days for all other areas. Permanent stabilization should be in place no more than 3 days following the completion of final grading of exposed soil areas.
- N. All temporary control measures shall be removed after final site stabilization. Trapped sediment and other disturbed soil areas resulting from the removal of temporary measures shall be permanently stabilized prior to removal of temporary control measures.
- O. Every effort shall be made to use pervious parking surfaces as an alternative to impervious asphalt or concrete for general and overflow parking areas. Pervious pavement shall be appropriately sited and designed for traffic and vehicle loading conditions.
- P. Whenever practicable, native site vegetation shall be retained, protected, or supplemented. Any stripping of vegetation shall be done in a manner that minimizes soil erosion.

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Chapter 28. MS4 Stormwater Management Section 2805. Applicability for Redevelopment

1. Redevelopment Criteria:

- A. In order to determine the stormwater requirements for redevelopment projects, the percentage of the site covered by existing impervious areas must be calculated. Stormwater requirements for redevelopment will vary based upon the amount of site surface area that is covered by existing impervious surfaces.
- B. For sites meeting the definition of a redevelopment project and having less than 40% existing impervious surface coverage, the stormwater management requirements will be the same as other new development projects with the important distinction that the applicant can meet those requirements either on-site or at an approved off-site location. The applicant must satisfactorily demonstrate that impervious area reduction, LID strategies and BMPs have been implemented on-site to the maximum extent practicable.
- C. For sites meeting the definition of a redevelopment project and having more than 40% existing impervious surface coverage, stormwater shall be managed for water quality in accordance with one or more of the following techniques:
 - 1. Implement measures on-site that result in disconnection or treatment of at least 30% of the existing impervious cover as well as 50% of the additional proposed impervious surfaces and pavement areas through the application of filtration media; or
 - 2. If a proposal does not meet the standards described in item V.A.3.i above, it must implement other LID techniques on-site to the maximum extent practicable to provide treatment for at least 50% of the entire site area.

Section 2806. Stormwater Management Plan Approval and Recordation

- 1. Plan Approval and Review. The Planning Board shall approve the Stormwater Management Plan if it complies with the requirements of these regulations and other requirements as provided by law. At the discretion of the Planning Board, a technical review by a third party may be required of any stormwater management and erosion control plan prepared under these regulations. The technical review shall be performed by a qualified professional consultant, as determined by the Planning Board, and the expense of which shall be the full responsibility of the applicant.
- 2. Recordation of Approved Stormwater Management Plan. After final Planning Board approval, and established as a condition of such approval, the owner of record of the property shall record at the Merrimack County Registry of Deeds documentation sufficient to provide notice to all persons that may acquire any property subject to the requirements of and responsibilities described in the approved stormwater management plan (see RSA 477:3-a). The notice shall comply with the applicable requirements for recording contained in RSA 477 and 478.

Section 2807. Operations and Maintenance Criteria

Stormwater management and sediment and erosion control plans shall be incorporated as part of any approved site plan or subdivision plan. The owner of record of the property shall record a Notice of Decision of these plans at the Merrimack County Registry of Deeds. The Notice of Decision shall be attached to the property deed and apply to all persons that may acquire any property subject to the approved stormwater management and sediment control plans. The Notice of Decision shall reference the requirements for maintenance pursuant to the stormwater management and erosion and sediment control plans as approved by the Planning Board.

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Chapter 28. MS4 Stormwater Management Section 2808. Post-Construction Stormwater Infrastructure – Inspection and Responsibility

Municipal staff or their designated agent(s) shall have site access to complete routine inspections to ensure compliance with the approved stormwater management and sediment and erosion control plans. Such inspections shall be performed at a time agreed upon with the landowner. If permission to inspect is denied by the landowner, municipal staff or their designated agent shall secure an administrative inspection warrant from the district or superior court under RSA 595-B Administrative Inspection Warrants. Expenses associated with inspections shall be the responsibility of the applicant/property owner.

The applicant shall bear final responsibility for the installation, construction, inspection, and disposition of all stormwater management and erosion control measures required by the Planning Board. Site development shall not begin before the Stormwater Management Plan receives written approval by the Planning Board.

The municipality retains the right, though accepts no responsibility, to repair or maintain stormwater infrastructure if: a property is abandoned or becomes vacant; and in the event a property owner refuses to repair infrastructure that is damaged or is not functioning properly. In the event the municipality acts to maintain or repair infrastructure, it may seek compensation and/or reimbursement for such actions from the property owner in a manner consistent with applicable state law.

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Chapter 28. Chapter 29. Alternative Energy

Section 2901. Purpose and Authority

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Chapter 29. Alternative EnergyChapter 30. Alternative Energy

This <u>chapterArticle</u> is adopted under the provisions and authority of RSA 674:21, as amended and contains provisions for the installation of Small Wind Energy Systems and/or Small Scale Solar Siting. The purpose for each section is as follows:

- Small Wind Systems: This small wind energy systems ordinance is enacted in accordance with RSA 674:62-66, and the purposes outlined in RSA 672:1-III-a. The purpose of this ordinance is to accommodate small wind energy systems in appropriate locations, while protecting the public's health, safety and welfare. In addition, this ordinance provides a permitting process for small wind energy systems to ensure compliance with the provisions of the requirements and standards established herein.
- 2. Small-Scale Solar Siting: Solar energy is a renewable and non-polluting energy resource that can prevent fossil fuel emissions and reduce a municipality's energy load. Energy generated from solar energy systems can be used to offset energy demand on the grid where excess solar power is generated. The use of solar energy equipment for the purpose of providing electricity and energy for heating and/or cooling is a priority and is a necessary component of the Town of Allenstown's current and long-term sustainability agenda. The ordinance aims to promote the accommodation of solar energy systems and equipment and the provision for adequate sunlight and convenience of access necessary therefore.

Section 2902. Small Wind Energy Systems

- 1. Conditional Use Permit: No small wind energy system shall be erected, constructed, or installed without first receiving a building permit from the building inspector. A building permit shall be required for any physical modification to an existing small wind energy system. Met towers that receive a building permit shall be permitted on a temporary basis not to exceed 3 years from the date the building permit was issued.
- 2. Application: Applications submitted to the building inspector shall contain a plan with the following information:
 - A. Property lines and physical dimensions of the applicant's property.
 - B. Location, dimensions, and types of existing major structures on the property.
 - C. Location of the proposed small wind energy system, foundations, guy anchors and associated equipment.
- 3. Tower foundation blueprints or drawings.
 - D. Tower blueprints or drawings.
 - E. Setback requirements as outlined in this ordinance.
 - F. The right-of-way of any public road that is contiguous with the property.
 - G. Any overhead utility lines.
 - H. Small wind energy system specifications, including manufacturer, model, rotor diameter, tower height, tower type, nameplate generation capacity.
 - I. Small wind energy systems that will be connected to the power grid shall include a copy of the application for interconnection with their electric utility provider.
 - J. Sound level analysis prepared by the wind generator manufacturer or qualified engineer.
 - K. Electrical components in sufficient detail to allow for a determination that the manner of installation conforms to the NH State Building Code.

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L. Evidence of compliance or non-applicability with Federal Aviation Administration requirements.

- M. List of abutters to the applicant's property.
- **4.** Abutter and Regional Notification: In accordance with RSA 674:66 as amended, the building inspector shall notify all abutters and the local governing body by certified mail upon application for a building permit to construct a small wind energy system. Such notification shall be 10 "free and clear days" similar to Planning Board notification requirements. The public will be afforded 30 days to submit comments to the building inspector prior to the issuance of the building permit. The building inspector shall review the application for regional impacts per RSA 36:55. If the proposal is determined to have potential regional impacts, the building inspector shall follow the procedures set forth in RSA 36:57, IV.
- 5. Standards:
 - A. The building inspector shall evaluate the application for compliance with the following standards.
 - 1. Setbacks: The setback shall be calculated by multiplying the minimum setback requirement number below by the system height and measured from the center of the tower base to property line, public roads, or nearest point on the foundation of an occupied building.

Minimum Setback Requirements (system height multiplied by)						
Occupied Buildings on Participating Landowner Property	Occupied Buildings on Abutting Property	Property Lines of Abutting Property and Utility Lines	Public Roads			
0	1.5	1.1	1.5			

- 2. Small wind energy systems must meet all setbacks for principal structures for the zoning district in which the system is located.
- 3. Guy wires used to support the tower are exempt from the small wind energy system setback requirements.
- 4. Zoning District: Small wind energy systems shall be permissible by right in accordance with <u>other applicable sections of the Allenstown Zoning Ordinance. [what part of it?]</u>.
- 5. Tower: The maximum tower height shall be restricted to 35 feet above the tree canopy within 300 feet of the small wind energy system. In no situation shall the tower height exceed 150 feet.
- 6. Sound Level: The small wind energy system shall not exceed 60 decibels using the A scale (dBA), as measured at the site property line, except during short-term events such as severe wind storms and utility outages.
- 7. Shadow Flicker: Small wind energy systems shall be sited in a manner that does not result in significant shadow flicker impacts. Significant shadow flicker is defined as more than 30 hours per year on abutting occupied buildings. The applicant has the burden of proving that the shadow flicker will not have significant adverse impact on neighboring or adjacent uses. Potential shadow flicker will be addressed either through siting or mitigation measures.
- 8. Code Compliance: The small wind energy system shall comply with all applicable sections

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- 9. Aviation: The small wind energy system shall be built to comply with all applicable Federal Aviation Administration regulations including but not limited to 14 C.F.R. part 77, subpart B regarding installations close to airports, and the New Hampshire Aviation regulations, including but not limited to RSA 422-b and RSA 424.
- 10. Visual Impacts: It is inherent that small wind energy systems may pose some visual impacts due to the tower height needed to access wind resources. The purpose of this section is to reduce the visual impacts, without restricting the owner's access to the optimal wind resources on the property. Visuals for the proposed system shall be submitted as part of an application package. Additionally, the following shall apply:
 - a. The applicant shall demonstrate through project site planning and proposed mitigation that the small wind energy system's visual impacts will be minimized for surrounding neighbors and the community. This may include, but not be limited to information regarding site selection, wind generator design or appearance, buffering, and screening of ground mounted electrical and control equipment.
 - b. The color of the small wind energy system shall either be the stock color from the manufacturer or painted with a non-reflective, unobtrusive color that blends in with the surrounding environment. Approved colors include but are not limited to white, off-white or gray.
 - c. A small wind energy system shall not be artificially lit unless such lighting is required by the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA). If lighting is required, the applicant shall provide a copy of the FAA determination to establish the required markings and/or lights for the small wind energy system.
- 11. Approved Wind Generators: The manufacturer and model of the wind generator to be used in the proposed small wind energy system must have been approved by the California Energy Commission or the New York State Energy Research and Development Authority, or a similar list approved by the state of New Hampshire, if available.
- 12. Utility Connection: If the proposed small wind energy system is to be connected to the power grid through net metering, it shall adhere to RSA 362-A:9, as amended.
- 13. Access: The tower shall be designed and installed so as not to provide step bolts or a ladder readily accessible to the public for a minimum height of 10 feet above the ground. All ground-mounted electrical and control equipment shall be enclosed with a fence, labeled, and secured to prevent unauthorized access.
- <u>14.</u> Clearing: Clearing of natural vegetation shall be limited to that which is necessary for the construction, operation and maintenance of the small wind energy system and as otherwise prescribed by applicable laws, regulations, and ordinances.

Section 2903. Small Scale Solar Siting

- **1.** Applicability
 - A. The requirements of this Article chapter shall apply to all Small Scale solar energy systems (residential, commercial, multi-family and condominium) modified or installed after the effective

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- B. Solar energy systems for which a valid building permit has been properly issued or for which installation has commenced prior to the effective date of this article shall not be required to meet the requirements of this Article.
- C. All solar energy systems shall be designed, erected and installed in accordance with all applicable codes, regulations and standards.
- D. Solar energy collectors shall be permitted only to provide power for use by owners, lessees, tenants, residents, or other occupants of the premises on which they are erected, but nothing contained in this provision shall be construed to prohibit "collective solar" installations or the sale of excess power through a "net billing" or "net-metering" arrangement in accordance with all applicable state and/or federal laws.
- E. Small scale solar systems shall be permissible by right in accordance with the Allenstown Zoning Ordinance.
- 2. Permitting
 - A. No Small Scale solar energy system or device shall be installed or operated in the Town of Allenstown except in compliance with this article.
 - B. To the extent practicable, and in accordance with Town of Allenstown law, the accommodation of solar energy systems and equipment and the protection of access to sunlight for such equipment shall be encouraged in the application of the various review and approval provisions of the State Building Code.
 - C. Rooftop and Building-Mounted Solar Collectors: Rooftop and building mounted solar collectors are permitted in all zoning districts in the Town of Allenstown subject to the following conditions:
 - 1. Building permits shall be required for installation of all rooftop and building-mounted solar collectors.
 - 2. Any height limitations of the Town of Allenstown Zoning Ordinance shall not be applicable to solar collectors provided that such structures are erected only to such height as is reasonably necessary to accomplish the purpose for which they are intended to serve, and that such structures do not obstruct solar access to neighboring properties.
 - 3. Placement of solar collectors on flat roofs shall be allowed as of right in non-historic districts, provided that panels do not extend horizontally past the roofline.
 - D. Building-Integrated Photovoltaic (BIPV) Systems: BIPV systems are permitted by right in all zoning districts.
 - E. Ground-Mounted and Free Standing Solar Collectors: Ground-mounted and free standing solar collectors are permitted as accessory structures subject to the following conditions:
 - 1. Building permits are required for the installation of all ground-mounted solar collectors.
 - 2. The location of the solar collector meets all applicable setback requirements for accessory structures in the zoning district in which it is located.
 - 3. The height of the solar collector and any mounts shall not exceed twenty (20) feet when oriented at maximum tilt.
 - 4. Solar energy equipment shall be located in a manner to reasonably minimize view blockage Working Draft

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<u>Chapter 29.</u> Alternative Energy<u>Chapter 30.</u> Alternative Energy for surrounding properties and shading of property to the north, while still providing adequate solar access for collectors.

- 5. Freestanding solar energy collectors shall be screened when possible and practicable through the use of architectural features, earth berms, landscaping, or other screening which will harmonize with the character of the property and surrounding area.
- F. Solar-Thermal Systems: Solar-thermal systems are permitted in all zoning districts subject to the following condition:
 - 1. Building permits are required for the installation of all solar-thermal systems.
- G. Solar energy systems and equipment shall be permitted only if they are determined by the Allenstown Building Inspector not to present any unreasonable safety risks, including, but not limited to, the following:
 - 1. Compliance with applicable Building and Life Safety Code
 - 2. Weight load
 - 3. Wind resistance
 - 4. Ingress or egress in the event of fire or other emergency.
- 3. Safety
 - A. Prior to operation, electrical connections must be inspected by the Allenstown Building Inspector and by an appropriate electrical inspection person or agency.
 - B. Any connection to the public utility grid must be inspected by the appropriate public utility.
 - C. Solar energy systems shall be maintained in good working order.
 - D. Rooftop and building-mounted solar collectors shall meet New Hampshire Building Code and Fire Code standards.
 - E. If solar storage batteries are included as part of the solar collector system, they must be placed in a secure container or enclosure meeting the requirements of the New Hampshire Building Code when in use and when no longer used shall be disposed of in accordance with the laws and regulations of Town of Allenstown and other applicable laws and regulations.
 - F. If a solar collector ceases to perform its originally intended function for more than 12 consecutive months, the property owner shall remove the collector, mount and associated equipment by no later than 90 days after the end of the twelve-month period.

Section 2904. Appeals

Any aggrieved party to an energy system permit application may seek relief from the Allenstown Zoning Board of Adjustment or Building Code Board of Appeals, as applicable, per RSA 674:66 as amended from time to time.

Section 2905. Abandonment of Energy System

- 1. At such time that an energy system described in this Article (small wind or solar system) is scheduled to be abandoned or discontinued, the applicant will notify the building inspector by certified U.S. mail of the proposed date of abandonment or discontinuation of operations.
- 2. Upon abandonment or discontinuation of use, the owner shall physically remove the energy system within 90 days from the date of abandonment or discontinuation of use. This period may be

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extended for up to an additional 180 days at the request of the owner and at the discretion of the building inspector. "Physically remove" shall include, but not be limited to:

- A. Removal of the wind generator and tower and related above-grade structures, solar array and solar equipment.
- B. Restoration of the location of the energy system to its natural condition, except that any landscaping, grading or below-grade foundation may remain in its same condition at initiation of abandonment.
- **3.** In the event that an applicant fails to give such notice, the system shall be considered abandoned or discontinued if the system is out-of-service for a continuous 12-month period. After the 12 months of inoperability, the Planning Board may issue a Notice of Abandonment to the owner of the energy system after a duly noticed public hearing. The owner shall have the right to respond to the Notice of Abandonment within 30 days from Notice receipt date. After review of the information provided by the owner, the building inspector shall determine if the energy system has been abandoned. If it is determined that the energy system has not been abandoned, the building inspector shall withdraw the Notice of Abandonment and notify the owner of the withdrawal.
- 4. If the owner fails to respond to the Notice of Abandonment or if, after review by the building inspector, it is determined that the energy system has been abandoned or discontinued, the owner of the energy system shall remove the apparatus and associated materials described above at the owner's sole expense within 3 months of receipt of the Notice of Abandonment. If the owner fails to physically remove the energy system after the Notice of Abandonment procedure, the building inspector may pursue legal action to have the energy system removed at the owner's expense.

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Chapter 30. Adult Business Ordinance This article changed to use numerical section numbers like Section 3201, 3202

Section 3001. Purpose and Findings

- 1. <u>Purpose</u>: The purpose of this chapter is to regulate sexually oriented businesses which, unless closely regulated may have serious secondary effects on the community. These secondary effects include, but are not limited to the following: depreciation of property values, deterioration of neighborhoods, increases in vacancy rates in residential and commercial areas, increases in incidents of criminal activity, increases in litter, noise, and the interference with residential property owner's enjoyment of their property in the vicinity of such businesses. It is the Town of Allenstown's intent to prevent community-wide adverse impacts which can be brought about by the concentration of adult businesses in close proximity to each other or proximity to incompatible uses. The Town of Allenstown finds that it has been demonstrated in various communities that the concentration of adult businesses causes adverse impacts described above and can cause businesses and residents to move elsewhere. It is, therefore, the further purpose of this chapter to establish reasonable and uniform regulations to prevent the concentration of sexually oriented businesses or their close proximity to incompatible uses, while permitting the location of such businesses in certain areas.
- 2. <u>Authority</u>: This ordinance is adopted under the authority and provisions of RSA 674:16.

Section 3002. Definitions

- 1. Adult Business: means a "sexually oriented business" as defined in this Ordinance.
- 2. <u>Adult Arcade</u>: means any place to which the public is permitted or invited wherein coin-operated, slug-operated, or for any form of consideration, or electronically, electrically, or mechanically controlled still or motion picture machines, projectors, video or laser disk players, or other image-producing devices are maintained to show images to five or fewer persons per machine at any one time, and where the images so displayed are distinguished or characterized by the depicting or describing of "specified sexual activities" or "specified anatomical areas."
- **3.** <u>Adult Bookstore, Adult Novelty Store:</u> means a commercial establishment which, as one of its principal purposes, offers for sale or rental for any form of consideration any one or more of the following:
 - A. Books, magazines, periodicals or other printed matter, or photographs, films, motion pictures, video cassettes or video reproductions, slides, or other visual representations which are characterized by the depiction of description of "specified sexual activities: or "specified anatomical areas"; or
 - B. Instruments, devices, or paraphernalia which are designated for use in connection with "specified sexual activities."

A commercial establishment may have other principal business purposes that do not involve the offering for sale or rental of material depicting or describing "specified sexual activities" or "specified anatomical areas" and still be categorized as ADULT BOOKSTORE, ADULT NOVELTY STORE, or ADULT VIDEO STORE. Such other business purposes will not serve to exempt such commercial establishment from being categorized as an ADULT BOOKSTORE, ADULT NOVELTY STORE, or ADULT VIDEO STORE so long as one of its principal business purposes is the offering for sale or rental for consideration the specified materials which are characterized by the depiction or description of "specified sexual activities" or "specified anatomical areas."

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- **4.** <u>Adult Cabaret</u>: means a nightclub, bar, restaurant, or similar commercial establishment which regularly features:
 - A. Persons who appear in a state of nudity or semi-nude; or
 - B. Live performances which are characterized by the exposure of "specified anatomical areas" or by "specified sexual activities"; or
 - C. Films, motion pictures, video cassettes, slides or other photographic reproductions which are characterized by the depiction or description of "specified sexual activities" or "specified anatomical areas."
- 5. <u>Adult Motel</u>: means a hotel, motel or similar commercial establishment which:
 - A. Offers accommodations to the public for any form of consideration; provides patrons with closed-circuit television transmissions, films, motion pictures, video cassettes, slides, or other photographic reproductions which are characterized by the depiction or description of "specified anatomical areas" or by "specified sexual activities"; and has a sign visible from the public right of way which advertises the availability of this adult type of photographic reproductions; or
 - B. Offers a sleeping room for rent for a period of time that is less than ten (10) hours; or
 - C. Allows a tenant or occupant of a sleeping room to sub rent the room for a period of time that is less than ten (10) hours.
- 6. <u>Adult Motion Picture Theater:</u> means a commercial establishment where, for any form of consideration, films, motion pictures, video cassettes, slides, or similar photographic reproductions are regularly shown which are characterized by the depiction or description of "specified anatomical areas" or by "specified sexual activities."
- 7. <u>Adult Theater</u>: means a theater, concert hall, auditorium, or similar commercial establishment which regularly features persons who appear in a state of nudity or semi-nude, or live performances which are characterized by the exposures of "specified anatomical areas" or by "specified sexual activities."
- 8. <u>Employee:</u> means a person who performs any service on the premise of a sexually oriented businesses on a full-time, part-time or contract basis, whether or not the person is denominated an employee, independent contractor, agent or otherwise and whether or not said person is paid a salary, wage or other compensation by the operator of said business. Employee does not include a person exclusively on the premises for repair or maintenance of the premises or equipment on the premises, or for the delivery of goods to the premises.
- **9.** <u>Escort:</u> means a person who, for consideration, agrees or offers to act as a companion, guide, or date for another person, who agrees or offers to privately model lingerie or to privately perform a striptease for another person.
- **10.** <u>Escort Agency:</u> means a person or business association who furnishes, offers to furnish, or advertises to furnish escorts as one of its primary business purposes for a fee, tip, or other consideration.
- 11. Establishment: means and includes any of the following:
 - A. The opening or commencement of any sexually oriented businesses as a new business;
 - B. The conversion of an existing business, in whole or in part, whether or not a sexually oriented business, to any sexually oriented business;
 - C. The additions of any sexually oriented business to any other existing sexually oriented business; or

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D. The relocation of any sexually oriented business.

- 12. <u>Licensee</u>: means a person in whose name a license to operate a sexually oriented business has been issued, as well as the individual listed as an applicant on the application for a license; and in the case of an employee, a person in whose name a license has been issued authorizing employment in a sexually oriented business.
- 13. <u>Nude Model Studio</u>: means a place where a person who appears semi-nude, in a state of nudity, or who displays "specified anatomical areas" and is provided to be observed, sketched, drawn, painted, sculptured, photographed, or similarly depicted by other persons who pay money or any form of consideration. Nude Model Studio shall not include a proprietary school licensed by the State of New Hampshire or a college, junior college or university supported entirely or in part by public taxation; a private college or university which maintains and operates educational programs in which credits are transferable to a college, junior college, or university supported entirely or partially by public taxation; or in a structure:
 - A. That has no sign visible from the exterior of the structure and no other advertising that indicates a nude or semi-nude person is available for viewing; and
 - B. When in order to participate in a class a student must enroll at least three days in advance of the class; and
 - C. When no more than one nude or semi-nude model is on the premises at any one time.
- 14. <u>Nudity or a State of Nudity</u>: means the showing of the human male or female genitals, pubic area, vulva, anus, anal cleft or cleavage with less than a fully opaque covering, the showing of the female breast with less than a fully opaque covering of any part of the nipple, or the showing of the covered male genitals in a discernibly turgid state.
- **15.** <u>Person</u>: means an individual, proprietorship, partnership, corporation, association, or other legal entity.
- 16. <u>Semi-Nude or Semi-Nude Condition</u>: means the showing of the female breast below a horizontal line across the top of the areola at its highest point or the showing of the male or female buttocks. This definition shall include the entire lower portion of the human female breast, but shall not include any portion of the cleavage of the human female breast, exhibited by a dress, blouse, skirt, leotard, bathing suit, or other wearing apparel provided the areola is not exposed in whole or in part.
- **17.** <u>Sexual Encounter Center</u>: means a business or commercial enterprise that, as one of its principal business purposes, offers for any form of consideration:
 - A. Physical contact in the form of wrestling or tumbling between person of the opposite sex.
 - B. Activities between male and female persons and/or persons of the same sex when one or more of the persons is in a state of nudity or semi-nude.
- **18.** <u>Sexually Oriented Business</u>: means an adult arcade, adult bookstore, adult novelty store, adult video store, adult cabaret, adult motel, adult motion picture theater, adult theater, escort agency, nude model studio, or sexual encounter center.
- **19.** <u>Sexually Oriented Business License</u>: or "license" in this chapter refers to a Conditional Use Permit to be issued by the Planning Board to operate a sexually oriented business and/or a "license" issued by the Board of Selectmen for employment in a sexually oriented business. Neither license shall be transferable.
- 20. Specified Anatomical Areas: means:

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- A. The human male genitals in a discernibly turgid state, even if completely and opaquely covered; or
- B. Less than completely and opaquely covered human genitals, pubic region, buttocks or a female breast below a point immediately above the top of the areola.
- 21. Specified Criminal Activity: means any of the following offenses:
 - A. Prostitution or promotion of prostitution; dissemination of obscenity; sale, distribution or display of harmful material to a minor; sexual performance by a child; possession or distribution of child pornography; public lewdness; indecent exposure; indecency with a child; engaging in organized criminal activity; sexual assault; molestation of a child; gambling; or distribution of a controlled substance; or any similar offenses to those described above under the criminal or penal code of other states or countries, for which:
 - 1. Less than two years have elapsed since the date of conviction or the date of release from confinement imposed for the conviction, whichever is the later date, if the conviction is of a misdemeanor offense.
 - 2. Less than five years have elapsed since the date of conviction or the date of release from confinement for the conviction, whichever is the later date, if the conviction is of a felony offense.
 - 3. Less than five years have elapsed since the date of the last conviction or the date of release from confinement for the last conviction, whichever is the later date, if the convictions are of two or more misdemeanor offenses or combination of misdemeanor offenses occurring within any 24-month period.
 - 4. The fact that a conviction is being appealed shall have no effect on the disqualification of the applicant or a person residing with the applicant.

22. Specified Sexual Activities: means any of the following:

- A. The fondling or other erotic touching of human genitals, public region, buttocks, anus, or female breasts;
- B. Sex acts, normal or perverted, actual or simulated, including intercourse, oral copulation, masturbation, or sodomy; or
- C. Excretory functions as part of or in connection with any of the activities set for the in (a) though (b) above.
- **23.** <u>Substantial Enlargement</u>: of a sexually oriented business means the increase in floor areas occupied by the business by more than twenty-five (25%), as the floor areas exist on the date this ordinance takes effect.
- 24. <u>Transfer of Ownership or Control</u>: of a sexually oriented business means and includes any of the following:
 - A. The sale, lease, or sublease of the business;
 - B. The transfer of securities which constitute a controlling interest in the business, whether by sale, exchange, or similar means; or
 - C. The establishment of a trust, or other similar legal device which transfers the ownership or control of the business, except for transfer by bequest or other operation of law upon the death of the person possessing the ownership or control.

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Section 3003. Classification

Sexually oriented businesses are classified as follows:

- 1. Adult arcades
- 2. Adult bookstores, adult novelty stores, or adult video stores
- 3. Adult cabarets
- 4. Adult motels
- 5. Adult motion picture theaters
- 6. Adult theaters
- 7. Escort agencies
- 8. Nude model studios
- 9. Sexual encounter centers

Section 3004. License Required

- **1.** It is a violation of this ordinance:
 - A. For any person to operate a sexually oriented business without a valid sexually oriented business license issues by the Town of Allenstown Planning Board pursuant to this ordinance.
 - B. For any person who operates a sexually orientated business to employ a person to work for the sexually oriented business who is not licensed as a sexually oriented business employee by the Town of Allenstown Board of Selectmen pursuant to this ordinance.
 - C. For any person to obtain employment with a sexually oriented business without having secured a sexually oriented business employee license pursuant to this ordinance.
- 2. An application for a license must be made on a form provided by the Town of Allenstown.
- 3. All applicants must be qualified according to the provisions of this ordinance. The application may request and the applicant shall provide such information (including finger prints) as to enable the Town of Allenstown to determine whether the applicant meets the qualifications established in this ordinance.
- 4. If a person who wishes to operate a sexually oriented business is an individual, the person must sign the application for a license as applicant. If a person who wishes to operate a sexually oriented business is other than an individual, each individual who has a 20 percent or greater interest in the business must sign the application for a license as applicant. Each applicant must be qualified under the following Section and each applicant shall be considered a licensee if a license is granted.
- 5. The completed application for a sexually oriented business license shall contain the following information and shall be accompanied by the following documents:
 - A. If the applicant is an individual, the individual shall state his/her legal name and any aliases and submit proof that he/she is 21 years of age;
 - B. If the applicant is a partnership, the partnership shall state its complete name, and the names of all partners, whether the partnership is general or limited, and a copy of the partnership agreement, if any;

C. If the applicant is any other business entity, a corporation, Limited Liability Company, or the like Working Draft

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shall state its complete name, the date of its incorporation, formation or establishment, evidence that the entity is in good standing under the laws of its state of establishment; any foreign business entity shall register with the State of New Hampshire as a corporation or limited liability company; the names and capacity of all officers, members, managers, directors and principal stockholders, and the name of the registered agent and the address of the registered office for service of process.

- D. If the applicant intends to operate the sexually oriented business under a name other than that of the applicant; he or she must state 1) the sexually oriented business's fictitious name and 2) submit the required registration documents.
- E. Whether the applicant, or a person residing with the applicant, has been convicted of a specified criminal activity as defined in this ordinance, and, if so, the specified criminal activity involved, the date, place, and jurisdiction of each.
- F. Whether the applicant, or a person residing with the applicant, has had a previous license under this ordinance or other similar sexually oriented business ordinances from another municipality or governmental agency denied, suspended or revoked, including the name and location of the sexually oriented business for which the permit was denied, suspended or revoked, as well as the date of the denial, suspension or revocation, and whether the applicant or a person residing with the applicant has been a partner in a partnership or an officer, director or principal stockholder of a corporation that is licensed under this ordinance whose license has previously been denied, suspended or revoked, including the name and location of the sexually oriented business for which the permit was denied, suspended or revoked as well as the date of denial, suspension or revocation.
- G. Whether the applicant or a person residing with the applicant holds any other licenses under this ordinance or other similar sexually oriented business ordinance from another city, town or county and, if so, the names and locations of such other licensed businesses.
- H. The single classification for which the applicant is filing.
- I. The location of the proposed sexually oriented business, including a legal description of the property, street address, and telephone number(s), if any.
- J. The applicant's mailing address and residential address
- K. A recent photograph of the applicant(s).
- L. The applicant's driver's license number, Social Security number, and/or his/her state or federally issued tax identification number.
- M. A sketch or diagram showing the configuration of the premises, including a statement of total floor space occupied by the business. The sketch or diagram need not be professionally prepared, but it must be drawn to designate scale or drawn with marked dimensions of the interior of the premises to an accuracy of plus or minus six (6) inches.
- N. A current certified plot plan prepared within thirty (30) days prior to application by a registered land surveyor depicting the property lines and the structures containing any existing sexually oriented business within 1,000 feet of the property to be certified; the property lines of any established religious institution/synagogue, school, or public park or recreation area within 1,000 feet of the property to be certified. For the purposes of this Section, a use shall be considered existing or established if it is in existence at the time the application is submitted. Applications made to the Town of Allenstown Planning Board and/or Zoning Board of Adjustment may satisfy this requirement.

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- O. If an applicant wishes to operate a sexually oriented business, other than an adult motel, which shall exhibit on the premises, in viewing room or both of less than one hundred fifty (150) square feet of floor space, films, video cassettes, other video reproductions, or live entertainment which depict specified sexual activities or specified anatomical areas, the applicant shall comply with the application requirements set forth in Section 3014. Regulations Pertaining to the Exhibition of Sexually Explicit Films, Videos, or Live Entertainment in Viewing Rooms-Section XIV of this Chapter.
- **6.** Before any applicant may be issued a sexually oriented business employee license, the applicant shall submit on a form to be provided by the Town the following information:
 - A. The applicant's name or any other name (including "stage" names) or aliases used by the individual
 - B. Age, date, and place of birth
 - C. Height, weight, hair and eye color
 - D. Present residence address and telephone number
 - E. Present business address and telephone number
 - F. Date, issuing state, and number of driver's permit or other identification card information
 - G. Social Security number
 - H. Proof that the individual is at least twenty one (21) years of age
- 7. Attached to the application form for a sexually oriented business employee license as provided above, shall be the following:
 - A. A color photograph of the applicant clearly showing the applicant's face, and the applicant's fingerprints on a form provided by the police department. Any fees for the photographs and fingerprints shall be paid by the applicant.
 - B. A statement detailing the license history of the applicant for the five (5) years immediately preceding the date of the filing of the application, including whether such applicant previously operated or is seeking to operate, in this or any other county, town, state, or country has ever had a license, permit, or authorization to do business denied, revoked, or suspended, or had any professional or vocational license or permit denied, revoked, or suspended. In the event of any such denial, revocation, or suspension, state the name, the name of the issuing or denying jurisdiction, and describe in full the reason for the denial, revocation, or suspension. A copy of any order of denial, revocation, or suspension shall be attached to the application.
 - C. A statement whether the applicant has been convicted of a specified criminal activity as defined in this ordinance and, if so, the specified criminal activity involved, the date, place and jurisdiction of each.
 - D. A certified copy of the a criminal records check from the State of New Hampshire and any and all other states where the applicant has been charged with a criminal offense.

Section 3005. Issuance of License

1. Upon the filing of said application for a sexually oriented business employee license, the Town of Allenstown Board of Selectmen may issue a temporary employee license to said applicant to permit recruitment purposes, however, the granting of such a license shall not be considered authority to commence operation or considered as a "preliminary approval" or evidence thereof regarding the formal licensing process. The application process shall be completed within sixty (60) days from

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the date the completed application is filed. The application shall be submitted to the Building/Code Enforcement Department. The Building Code/Enforcement Department shall provide a copy of the application to the Police Department and Fire Department for review of applicable statutes and ordinances.

The Board of Selectmen shall receive testimony from relevant Town Departments prior to the issuance of any license under this ordinance. After the investigation, the Board of Selectmen shall issue a license, unless it is determined by a preponderance of evidence that one or more of the following findings is true:

- A. The applicant has failed to provide information reasonable necessary for the issuance of the license or has falsely answered a question or request for information on the application form;
- B. The applicant is under the age of twenty one (21) years;
- C. The applicant has been convicted of a "specified criminal activity" as defined in this ordinance;
- D. The sexually oriented business employee license is to be used for employment in a business prohibited by local or state law, statute, rule or regulation, or prohibited by a particular provision of this or any other town ordinance; or
- E. The applicant has had a sexually oriented business employee license revoked by the Town within two (2) years of the date of the current application. If the sexually oriented business employee license is denied, the temporary license previously issued is immediately deemed null and void. Denial, suspension, or revocation of a license issued pursuant to this subsection shall be subject to the appeal as set forth in **Section 404. Appeal Procedures** Section X.
- A license granted pursuant to this section shall be subject to annual renewal upon the written application of the applicant and a finding by the Board of Selectmen that the applicant has not been convicted of any specified criminal activity as defined in this ordinance or committed any act during the existence of the previous license, which would be grounds to deny the initial license application. The renewal of the license shall be subject to the payment of the fee as set forth in <u>Section 3006</u>. Fees Section VISection 30.

3. Within 65 days after receipt of a completed sexually oriented business application, the Board of Selectmen shall approve or deny the issuance of a license to an applicant. The Town shall approve the issuance of a license to an applicant unless it is determined by a preponderance of the evidence that one or more of the following is true:

- A. The applicant is under twenty one (21) years of age;
- B. An applicant or a person with whom the applicant is residing is overdue in payment to the Town of taxes, fees, fines, or penalties assessed against or imposed upon him/her in relation to any business;
- C. An applicant has failed to provide information reasonably necessary for issuance of the license or has falsely answered a question or request for information on the application form;
- D. An applicant or a person with whom the applicant is residing has been denied a license by the Town of operate a sexually oriented business within the preceding twelve (12) months or whose license to operate a sexually oriented business has been revoked within the preceding twelve (12) months;
- E. An applicant or a person with whom the applicant is residing has been convicted of a specified criminal activity defined in this ordinance;

F. The premises to be used for the sexually oriented business have not been approved by the

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	Chapter planning and zoning boards, heal building official as being in com		olice department, and the	
	G. The license fee required by this of	ordinance has not been paid;		
	H. An applicant of the proposed esta the provisions of this ordinance.	ablishment is in violation of or is	not in compliance with any of	
4.	The license, if granted shall state on the expiration date, the address of the license is issued pursuant to Section 30. All licenses shall be posted in a d business so that they may be easily r	e sexually oriented business and 3005. Issuance of License-Sect conspicuous place at or near the e	he classification for which the ion III of this chapter Section	Formatted: Font: Bold
5.	The Health Officer, police departme their certification that the premises is receipt for the application by the Toy	s in compliance or not incomplian		
6.	A sexually oriented business license Issuance of License <mark>Section III</mark> Section		usiness found in Section 3005.	
Se	ction 3006. Fees			
1.	Every application for a sexually orie of an existing license) shall be accor Fee amount will be set by the Planni	npanied by a non-refundable app	ication and investigation fee.	
2.	In addition to the application and inv that is granted a license (new or rene of within thirty (30) days of the licen Board and stipulated on the application	ewal) shall pay to the Town an an ase issuance or renewal. Fee amo	nual non-refundable license fee	
3.	Every application for a sexually orie for renewal of an existing license) sh investigation, and license fee. Fee ar the application form.	all be accompanied by an annual	non-refundable application,	
4.	All license applications and fees sha of the Town.	ll be submitted to the Building/C	ode Enforcement Department	
Se	ction 3007. Inspection			
1.	An applicant or licensee shall permit fire department, zoning and code enf inspect the premises of a sexually or law, at any time it is occupied or ope	forcement department, or other T iented business for the purpose o	own departments or agencies to	
2.	A person who operates a sexually or he refuses to permit such lawful insp			
3.			•	Formatted: Indent: Left: 0", Hanging: 0.25", No bullets or numbering
Se	ction 3008. Expiration of L	icense		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
1.	Each license shall expire one year from application as provided in <u>Section 2</u>			Formatted: Font: Bold
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renewal shall be made at least thirty (30) days before the expiration date, and when made less than thirty (30) days before the expiration date, the expiration of the license will not be affected.

2. When the Town denies renewal of a license, the applicant shall not be issued a license for one year from the date of denial. If, subsequent to denial, the Town finds that the basis for denial of the renewal license has been corrected or abated, the applicant may be granted a license if at least ninety (90) days have elapsed since the date denial became final.

Section 3009. Suspension

The Town of Allenstown shall suspend a license for a period not to exceed thirty (30) days if it determines that a licensee or an employee of a licensee has:

- A. Violated or is not in compliance with any section of this ordinance;
- B. Refused to allow an inspection of the sexually oriented business premises as authorized by this chapter.

Section 3010. Revocation

- 1. The Town shall revoke a license if a cause of suspension in <u>Section 3009</u>. Suspension <u>Section</u> <u>IXSection 30</u> occurs and the license has been suspended within the preceding twelve (12) months.
- 2. The Town shall revoke a license if it determines that:
 - A. A licensee gave false or misleading information in the material submitted during the application process;
 - B. A licensee has knowingly allowed possession, use, or sale of controlled substances on the premises;
 - C. A licensee has knowingly allowed prostitution on the premises
 - D. A licensee knowingly operated the sexually oriented business during a period of time when the licensee's license was suspended;
 - E. Except in the case of an adult motel, a licensee has knowingly allowed any act of sexual intercourse, sodomy, oral copulation, masturbation, or other sex act to occur in or on the licensed premises; or
 - F. A licensee is delinquent in payment to the Town, or State for any taxes or fees past due.
 - G. A licensee or employees of the licensee violate any provisions of Title XIII of the New Hampshire Revised Statutes Annotated.
- **3.** When the Town revokes a license, the revocation shall continue for one (1) year, and the licensee shall not be issued a sexually oriented business license for one (1) year from the date the revocation became effective. If, subsequent to revocation, the Town finds that the basis for the revocation has been corrected or abated, the applicant may be granted a license if at least ninety (90) days have elapsed since the date of the revocation became effective.
- **4.** After denial of an application, or denial of a renewal of an application, or suspension or revocation of any license, the applicant or licensee may seek prompt judicial review of such administrative action in any court of competent jurisdiction. The administrative action shall be promptly reviewed by the court.

Section 3011. Transfer of License

A licensee shall not transfer his/her license to another, nor shall a licensee operate a sexually oriented

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business under the authority of a license at any place other than the address designated in the application.

Section 3012. Location and Performance Standards of Sexually Orientated Businesses

- 1. A sexually oriented business may not sell or display "obscene matter," as that term is defined by the New Hampshire Revised Statutes Annotated, chapter 650:1 as it is amended.
- 2. Location requirements:
 - A. A sexually oriented business is permitted in the Industrial Zone ONLY after meeting all of the following:
 - 1. 1,000 feet from Another sexually oriented business;
 - 2. 750 feet from a zoning district boundary line;
 - 3. 1,000 feet from a Town boundary line;
 - 4. 1,000 feet from a church, synagogue, mosque, temple or building which is used primarily for religious worship and related religious activities;
 - 5. 1,000 feet from a public or private educational facility including but not limited to child day care facilities, nursery schools, preschools, kindergartens, elementary schools, private schools, intermediate schools, junior high schools, middle schools, high schools, vocational schools, secondary schools, continuation schools, special education schools, junior colleges, and universities; school includes the school grounds but does not include facilities used primarily for another purpose and only incidentally as a school;
 - 6. 1,000 feet from A public park or recreational area which has been designated for park or recreational activities including but not limited to a park, playground, nature trails, swimming pool, reservoir, athletic field, basketball or tennis courts, pedestrian/bicycle paths, wilderness areas or other similar public land within the town which is under the control, operation, or management of the town park and recreation authorities;
 - 7. 1,000 feet from An entertainment business which is oriented primarily towards children or family entertainment; or
 - 8. 1,000 feet from a licensed premise, licensed pursuant to the alcoholic beverage control regulations of the State.
 - B. In the event that it is not possible to locate <u>any</u> adult business <u>anywhere</u> within the Industrial District given the setback requirements depicted in <u>item 2.a section XII.B.a</u>-above, the applicant may apply for a special exception to relax one setback requirement if <u>all</u> of the following can be proven and met:
 - 1. There is a demonstrated need to reduce the setback in question.
 - 2. There will be no diminishment of abutting property values.
 - 3. Security provisions will be in place to address the concerns of abutting property owners.
 - 4. The adult business will be adequately screened with landscaping.
 - 5. There is no other conflict with other provisions of the Town of Allenstown Zoning Ordinance or this Chapter.
- 3. Development and Performance Standards:

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A. The following development standards shall apply to ALL sexually oriented business:

- 1. No sexually oriented business shall be located in any temporary or portable structure;
- 2. Trash dumpsters shall be completely enclosed by a screening enclosure so as not to be accessible to the public;
- 3. Off-street parking shall be provided as specified in Site Plan Regulations and the Town of Allenstown Zoning Ordinance;
- 4. The entire exterior grounds, including the parking lot and landscaped areas, shall be lighted in such a manner that all areas are clearly visible at all times;
- 5. Any signage shall conform to the requirements of the Allenstown Zoning Ordinance and shall not contain sexually oriented photographs, silhouettes, or other pictorial representations;
- 6. All entrances to a sexually oriented business shall be clearly and legibly posted by a notice indicating that minors are prohibited from entering the premises;
- 7. No residential structure or any other nonconforming structure shall be converted for use as an adult business;
- 8. No residence, apartment, living quarters or manufactured home shall be located on the parcel where an adult business is located
- B. The following performance standards shall apply to all sexually oriented business:
 - 1. The establishment of any sexually oriented business shall require Site Plan approval from the Planning Board. As part of any application to the Planning Board, the applicant shall provide copies of any other permit required by the Town, State, or Federal government. No approval shall become final until local licensing requirements have been satisfied.
 - The adult business shall not conduct or sponsor any special events, promotions, festivals, concerts, or similar activities which would create a demand for parking spaces beyond the number of spaces required for the business.
 - 3. No adult business shall be operated in any manner that permits the observation of any persons or material depicting, describing or related to "specified sexual activities" or "specified anatomical areas," inside the premises, from any public way or from any location outside the building or area of such establishment. This provision shall apply to any display, decoration, sign, show window or other opening.
 - 4. No loudspeakers or sound equipment shall be used by an adult business for the amplification of sound to a level audible beyond the walls of the building in which the business is located.
 - 5. All exterior areas of the adult businesses, including buildings, landscaping, and parking areas shall be kept free of trash and debris and maintained in a clean and orderly manner at all times. Hours of operation shall be from 1:00 p.m. to midnight, excluding Adult Motels.

Section 3013. Additional Regulations for Adult Motels

- 1. Evidence that a sleeping room in a hotel, motel, or a similar commercial establishment has been rented and vacated two or more times in a period of time that is less than ten (10) hours creates a rebuttable presumption that the establishment is an adult motel as that term is defined in this ordinance.
- 2. A person commits a violation if, as the person in control of a sleeping room in a hotel, motel, or similar commercial establishment that does not have a sexually oriented license, the person in control he rents or subrents a sleeping room to a person and, within ten (10) hours from the time the

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room is rented, the person in controlhe rents or subrents the same sleeping room again.

3. For the purposes of subsection (B) of this section above, the terms "rent" or "subrent" mean the act of permitting a room to be occupied for any form of consideration.

Section 3014. Regulations Pertaining to the Exhibition of Sexually Explicit Films, Videos, or Live Entertainment in Viewing Rooms

- 1. A person who operates or causes to be operated a sexually oriented business, other than an adult motel, which exhibits on the premises in a viewing room of less than one hundred fifty (150) square feet of floor space, a film, video cassette, live entertainment, or other video reproduction which depicts specified sexual activities or specified anatomical areas, shall comply with the following requirements:
 - A. Upon application for a sexually oriented business license, the application shall be accompanied by a diagram of the premises showing a plan thereof specifying the location of one or more manager's station and the location of all overhead lighting fixtures and designating any portion of the premises in which patrons will not be permitted. A manager's station may not exceed thirty-two (32) square feet of floor area. The diagram shall also designate the place at which the permit will be conspicuously posted, if granted. A professionally prepared diagram in the nature of an engineer's or architect's blueprint shall not be required; however, each diagram should be oriented to the north or to some designated street or object and should be drawn to a designated scale or with marked dimensions sufficient to show the various internal dimensions of all areas of the interior of the premises to an accuracy of plus or minus six (6) inches. The Town may waive the foregoing diagram for renewal applications if the applicant adopts a diagram that was previously submitted and certifies that the configuration of the premises has not been altered since it was prepared.
 - B. The application shall be sworn to be true and correct by the applicant.
 - C. No alternation in the configuration or location of the manager's station may be made without prior approval from the Town.
 - D. It is the duty of the licensee of the premises to ensure that at least one licensed employee is on duty and situated at each manager's station at all times that any patron is present inside the premises.
 - E. The interior of the premises shall be configured in such a manner that there is an unobstructed view from the manager's station of every area of the premises to which a patron is permitted access for any purpose, excluding restrooms. Restrooms may not contain video reproduction equipment. If the premises has two or more manager's stations designated, then the interior of the premises shall be configured in such a manner that there is an unobstructed view of each area of the premises to which a patron is permitted access for any purpose, excluding restrooms, from at least one of the manager's stations. The view required in this subsection must be by direct line of sight from the manager's station.
 - F. It shall be the duty of the licensee to ensure that the view area specified in subsection 5 above remains unobstructed by any doors, curtains, partitions, walls, merchandise, display racks or other materials and, at all times, to ensure that no patron is permitted access to any area of the premises which has been designated as an area in which patrons will not be permitted to the application filed pursuant to section 1 of this subsection above.
 - G. No viewing room may be occupied by more than one person at any time.

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Chapter 3 H. The premises shall be equipped wi illuminate every place to which par five (5.0) foot-candles as measured	trons are permitted access at a	of sufficient intensity to	
I. It shall be the duty of the licensee t is maintained at all times that any p			
J. No licensee shall allow openings o	f any kind to exist between v	iewing rooms or booths.	
K. No person shall make or attempt to rooms.	make an opening of any kine	d between viewing booths or	
L. The licensee shall, during each bus booths to determine if any opening		he walls between the viewing	
M. The licensee shall cause all floor c surfaces, with no rugs or carpeting		be nonporous, easily cleanable	
N. The licensee shall cause all wall su constructed of, or permanently cov plywood, composition board or oth of the floor.	ered by, nonporous, easily clo	eanable material. No wood,	
2. A person having a duty under subsection	ons a) through n) of subsection	on A above commits a violation.	
Section 3015. Additional Regu	lations for Escort Ag	encies	
I. An escort agency shall not employ any	person under the age of 21 y	vears.	
2. A person commits an offense if the per person under the age of 21 years.	son acts as an escort or agree	es to act as an escort for any	
Section 3016. Additional Regu	lations for Nude Mod	el Studios	
. A nude model studio shall not employ	any person under the age of 2	21 years.	Formatted: Space Before: 4 pt
2. A person under the age of 21 years con of nudity in or on the premises of a nu- subsection if the person under 21 years any other person.	de model studio. It is a defens	se to prosecution under this	
8. A person commits an offense if the perto appear in a state of nudity in an area the public right of way.			
I. A nude model studio shall not place or sofa may be placed in a reception room		ss on the premises; except that a	
Section 3017. Additional Regu	lations Concerning F	ublic Nudity	
I. It shall be a violation for a person who	knowingly and intentionally	, in a sexually oriented business, 🔸	Formatted: Space Before: 4 pt
appears in a live state of nudity or depi	•		
2. It shall be a violation for a person who appears in a semi-nude condition unles least ten (10) feet from any patron or c	ss the person is an employee v	who, while semi-nude, shall be at	
3. It shall be a violation for an employee, customer.	while semi-nude, to touch a	customer or the clothing of a	
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Section 3018. Prohibition Against Children in a Sexually Oriented Business

A person commits a violation if the person knowingly allows a person under the age of 21 years on the premises of a sexually oriented business.

Section 3019. Hours of Operation

No sexually oriented business, except for an adult motel, may remain open at any time between the hours of midnight and 1:00 p.m.

Section 3020. Exemptions

- It is a defense to prosecution_Section 3016. Additional Regulations for Nude Model Studios-under Section_XVII_Section 30_that a person appearing in a state of nudity did so in a modeling class operated:
 - A. By a proprietary school, licensed by the State of New Hampshire, a college, junior college, or university supported entirely or partly by taxation;
 - B. By a private college or university which maintains and operates educational programs in which credits are transferable to a college, junior college, or university supported entirely or partially by taxation; or
 - 1. In a structure which has no sign visible from the exterior of the structure and no other advertising that indicates a nude person is available for viewing; and
 - 2. In a structure where, in order to participate in a class a student must enroll at least three (3) days in advance of the class; and
 - 3. In a structure where no more than one nude model is on the premises at any one time.

Section 3021. Enforcement

A person who operates or causes to be operated a sexually oriented business without a valid license or in violation of any provision of this ordinance is subject to a suit for injunction as well as prosecution for criminal violations. Each day a sexually oriented business so operates is a separate offense or violation. Offenses under this ordinance are punishable by a fine of up to \$1,000 per offense. The Building/Code Enforcement Department is responsible for enforcing this ordinance.

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Chapter 31. Severability Chapter 32. Chapter 31. Severability

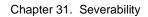
If any section, subsection, or clause of this ordinance shall be deemed unconstitutional or otherwise invalid, the validity of the remaining sections, subsections, and clauses shall not be affected.

Is this the same as Separability? That topic also appears in other sections

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SeverabilityChapter 32. Conflicting Ordinances Repealed

Chapter 33. Conflicting Ordinances Repealed

All ordinances or parts of ordinances in conflict with the provisions of this ordinance are hereby repealed.

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	SeverabilityChapter 32.	Conflicting Ordinances Repea	aled			
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SeverabilityChapter 32. Conflicting Ordinances Repealed

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	apter 3 <u>2.</u> Effective_Date	tive Date
This ordinance shall be enforced from an		
Effective Date appears in Preface sectior Article XXIV section 2103, Article XXV	1 8, Article 1 section 104, Articl /II last section, and this article.	e IX, Article XXII section 2207,
Whew!		less for disk lake
Redundant entries need to be removed. T	The title page might be the best p	place for that date.
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Chapter 32	Effective Date
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Chapter 32	Effective Date
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Appendix A. Space and Chapter 3EffectiveDateHousing for Farm Animals

Appendix A. Space and Housing for Farm Animals

The following table provides guidelines for open space and housing for fully mature farm animals.

Suggested Space and Housing Guidelines for Fully Mature Farm Animals

Animal	Horse	Beef Cow	Dairy Cow	Dairy Goat	Pig	Sheep	Hen	Broiler	Turkey
Unit	1 horse	1 cow	1 cow	1 goat	1 pig	1 sheep	1 hen	1 broiler	1 turkey
Enclosed Housing Area/Animal	- Tie stalls 45 sq. ft.; 5' x 9' - Box stall 12' x 8' or 10' by 10'	75-100 sq. ft.	75-100 sq. ft.	20-25 sq. ft.	48 sq. ft. with exer- cise yard; 100 sq. ft. without exercise yard	20-25 sq. ft.	3-4 sq. ft.	3-4 sq. ft.	6 sq. ft.
Exercise Yard Area/Animal	200 sq. ft.	100-125 sq. ft.	100-125 sq. ft.	50 sq. ft.	200 sq. ft.	50 sq. ft.	10 sq. ft.		20 sq. ft.
Pasture Area/ Animal	1-2 acres	1-2 acres	1-2 acres	0.2-0.3 acres	12-14 sows/acre/ rotational pasture	0.2-0.3 acres		******	100 sq. ft.
Type of Housing and Boundary Setback	Enclosed ventilated barn or open 3-sided barn. Setback 50 ft.	Open front 3-sided barn. Set- back 50 ft.	Open front 3-sided barn, free-stall or enclosed stanchion barn. Set- back 50 ft.	Enclosed barn with remov- able side panels or windows. Setback 50 ft.	Enclosed barn, huts, shed, hutches or lean-to. Setback 50 ft.	Open front 3-sided shed. Set- back 50 ft.	Enclosed barn. Set- back 50 ft.	Enclosed barn. Setback 50 ft.	Enclosed barn. Setback 50 ft.
Fencing	-Electric -Wooden rail -Woven wire	-Barbed wire -Electric -Woven wire	-Barbed wire -Electric -Woven wire	-Electric -Woven wire	-Electric -Plank rail	-Electric -Woven wire	-Chicken wire		-Chicken wire
Family Needs	1 horse per family member	1/2 - 1 beef animal/ year; raise 2 animals/yr to provide continuous supply	1-2 cows	2-3 goats	2 pigs per yr.	6 sheep	6 hens	24 broilers	12 turkeys

Note to municipal planners: The minimum space and housing guidelines in the chart apply to both commercial farms and backyard operations. However, you should not apply the numbers of animals suggested in the "Family Needs" category to commercial farms when drafting ordinances regulating agriculture in your community.

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Appendix A. Space and Chapter 3EffectiveDateHousing for Farm Animals

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Appendix **BA**. Revision History

Appendix A. Appendix B. Revision History

Full details and language can be found at Town Hall within the Town Reports. The most recent date is the date that all changes <u>were adopted at Town Meeting and subsequently</u> became effective.

March 9, 2021: To enact certain administrative revisions to the Ordinance including: To ensure that the title page, including the Town Seal, document title, revision date, and the name and address of the town is included before the table of contents; To ensure the table of contents accurately reflects the sections and page numbers correctly; and, to change the "Dates of Revision" heading to "Revision History;" To ensure that each major Article starts at the top of a new page; To list page numbers in the footer at the bottom of the page and to list page numbers as a specific page of a set number of pages; for example, "page 12 of 125."

March 10, 2020: To enact certain administrative revisions to the Ordinance including: To ensure that the title page, including the Town Seal ,document title, revision date, and the name and address of the town is included before the table of contents; To ensure the table of contents accurately reflects the sections and page numbers correctly; And, to change the "Dates of Revision" heading to "Revision History;" To ensure that each major Article starts at the top of a new page; To list page numbers in the footer at the bottom of the page and to list page numbers as a specific page of a set number of pages; for example, "page 12 of 125."

Clarify that Article III, Section 302.c is referring to "Home Occupations" in Section 1102, not "Uses Not Permitted."

Amend Article III, Section 311 by including the proper citation as section 1102, Home Occupations.

Amend Article VI, Section 601 by listing Carports complying with setbacks as a permitted use as item "j."

Amend Article VII, Section 701 by listing Carports complying with setbacks as a permitted use as item "i."

Amend Article X, Section 1001.t by adding "Nursing Home/Assisted Living" as a permitted use.

Amend Article XI, Section 1123.c.1 by changing the term "accessory dwelling unit" to just "dwelling unit."

Amend Article XVII, Section 1702.b.5 by clarifying that Supplemental Regulation Section 1125, not Article VI, Section 602.m controls the clustering of preside built homes on a permanent foundation.

October 22, 2019: Special Town Meeting to update the process for Conditional Use Permits in the Suncook Infill Development District and establish mill redevelopment standards and processes in the same.

March 14, 2017: Revised definitions for Accessory Structure; Adjacent; Alternative Energy Systems; Air Pollution Control Act; Bog; Buffer, Wetland, Building Height; Building-Integrated Photovoltaic (BIPV) Systems (also known as "solar energy system"); Collective Solar; Common Area; Common Facilities; Flush-Mounted Solar Panel; Freestanding or Ground-Mounted Solar Energy Systems; Homeowners Association; Hydric Soils; Meteorological towner (met tower); Modification (in regards to small wind systems); Municipality; Net Metering; Open Space; Power Grid; Prime Wetlands; Qualified Solar Installer; Rooftop or Building Mounted Solar System; Shadow Flicker (small wind systems); Small-Scale Solar; Small Wind Energy System; Solar Access; Solar Collector; Solar Easement; Solar Energy Equipment/System; Solar Panel; Solar Storage Battery; Solar-Thermal Systems; System Height

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Appendix <u>BA</u>. Revision History

(for small wind systems); Tower (small wind systems); Tower Height (small wind systems); Vernal Pool; Wetland; and, Wind Generator (small wind systems); redefine "Accessory Dwelling Unit" by providing an abbreviation, "ADU"; redefine "Development," by deleting the current definition and revising to state that "development" includes any human-made change to improved or unimproved real estate; redefine "Structure" to removed existing definition and state that it is anything that is constructed or erected requiring a location on the ground and excluding swimming pools, fences, and walls used as fences; redefine "Surface Waters" as "Surface Waters of the State;" delete "outdoor flea markets;" move and revise Cluster Housing provisions from Section 601 to Section 1125; remove all reference to "Senior housing" throughout ordinance; revise the sign ordinance; revise boundaries of Agricultural Conservation District; adopt new Official Z

oning Map; revise Article XXV, Permanent (Post-Construction) Stormwater Management Ordinance; establish Alternative Energy Ordinance; and, administrative formatting of ordinance.

March 8, 2016: Article 11, Supplemental Regulations, add a new section 1122 regarding Privately Owned Graveyards; Article 11, Supplemental Regulations, new section 1123 to allow Residential Accessory Use to Primary Commercial Use; Article XXIV, Groundwater Protection Overlay, by removing reference to the Spill Prevention, Control, and Countermeasure Plan (SPCC) in accordance with Allenstown Town Ordinance CO217; Article XXV, Permanent (Post-Construction) Stormwater Management Ordinance, Section III, by adding new item B stipulating that land owners must still comply with CO 217, also a new section xiii under IV.A indicating that projects under the jurisdiction of CO 217 must also include SWPPP provisions from CO 217 in SWPPPs required by Article XXV, and, to amend V.G.2 of Article XXV by deleting "margin note" and replacing with "Section IV of this Article."

March 10, 2015: Definition of Apartment or Apartment House; definition for Apartment Building; Article VIII, Business Zone, to add a 20' setback; Article IX, Industrial Zone, to add a 20' setback; Article VI, Section 602.j to require a 200' setback from property lines or roads for parent tract in a cluster subdivision; Article XI, Supplemental Regulations deleting Section 1118.a prohibiting the conversion of existing manufactured housing parks into condominiums; Article XXIV, Groundwater Protection Overlay District performance standards including SPCCP requirements; Article XXV, permanent (Post-Construction) Stormwater Management Ordinance to establish and revise certain best management practices and performance standards including erosion control requirements, vegetation, prohibition of tying into storm sewers, new Section IV.A requiring SWPPP; Repeal Mobile Home Building Permit Ordinance; repeal Mobile Home Ordinance and Regulations of the Installation of Mobile Homes Including Mobile Home Parks; amend Section 7 of the Allenstown Building Code Ordinance to specify that the manufacturing and installation of all Manufactured Homes must comply with all applicable state and federal requirements; Repeal definition for Manufactured Housing; add a definition for Manufactured Home: add a definition for Manufactured Home Site: add a definition for Presite Built Housing; repeal definition of Manufactured Housing and Housing Park; establish a Manufactured Home Park Overlay District in the OSF by Conditional Use Permit; repeal existing Article XVII Manufactured Housing and replace with the proposed Article XVII Presite Built Housing and Manufactured Homes; amend Section 1 of the Allenstown Building Code Ordinance to eliminate the reference to RSA 156:1 and replace it with RSA 155-A; amend Section 801 of Article VIII to allow Kindergartens as a permitted use; amend Section 801 of Article VIII to allow Group Child Care Centers (more than 6 children) as a permitted use; amend Section 1113.3 of Article XI to state that all commercial developments are permitted and encouraged to share parking and access, that frontage may be counted on one street and access provided on another and that shared access/parking is permissible.

March 11, 2014: Section 202, added Accessory Agricultural Use definition; Section 401, updated relevant RSA references and changed subparagraph c to specify that only the Building Inspector is

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Appendix <u>BA</u>. Revision History

prohibited from sitting on the ZBA; Sections 402 through 404, to clarify process for hearing administrative decisions; Article XI to clarify process for conflict amongst ordinance provisions and amongst overlays and underlying zones; to establish Section 1120 regarding Accessory Agricultural Uses.

March 13, 2012: To adopt a revised Official Zoning Map for the Town of Allenstown.

March 8, 2011: To add and revise numerous definitions; to revise Sections 601 & 602; to revise Sections 701, 702 & 703; to revise Sections 801 & 802; to revise Section 901; to revise Sections 1001 & 1002; to revise Section 1113 and add a Section 1120; to adopt Article XXIII (Suncook Village Infill Development District); to adopt Article XXIV (Groundwater Protection Overlay District); to adopt Article XXV Permanent Post Construction Stormwater Management Ordinance); to amend Section 503; to adopt the provisions of RSA 79E.

March 9, 2010: Revise Article VIII (Business District); revise Article VII (Residential District); revise Article IX (Industrial District); revise Article X (Commercial/Light Industrial District); adopt Article XXVI (Adult Business Ordinance).

Prior to March 9, 2010: Please see Town Reports at Town Hall.

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